The Main Modifications are set out in plan order. The paragraph numbers and policy references refer to the Submission version of the Local Plan 2030 and do not take account of any other deletions or additions contained within these modifications. An explanation of the modification is provided in *italics*. Changes to text are expressed in the conventional form of either strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in **bold**.

Modification number:	LOCAL PLAN SECTION/POLICY	MAIN MODIFICATION (MM)
<b>MM1</b>	Chapter 2 Introduction - Neighbourhood Plans	Amend paragraph 2.8 and 2.8.1 text to read: 2.8 This Local Plan sets out the strategic context within which any Neighbourhood Plan ( <u>NP</u> ) will operate. They must comply with human rights requirements and with the strategic policies of the local development plan. For the purposes of neighbourhood plann considered strategic, not just those within the strategic policies sectionhave been assessed using guidance provided in Planning Neighbourhood Planning (Paras 75 and 76). However, it is likely that some policies may not be 'strategic' in all NP circumstances, specific geographical area, site or landscape which is not applicable to that NP area. There is also scope for a NP to be more spectopic policies, and where evidence supports this position. Some smaller site allocations in this plan are not strategic in themselves that may not be considered 'strategic' in a NP context is provided in Appendix 7, but NP groups are advised to liaise with the cour their area at the start of their NP process. 2.8.1 As of mid-2017-2018, the Borough has seven designated neighbourhood areas at the parishes of Wye with Hinxhill, Rolvenor Eastwell, Pluckley, Hothfield, Charing and Egerton. The Neighbourhood Plans for these <u>parishes</u> are at various stages in their ever Pluckley <u>Plans</u> now adopted. Where Neighbourhood Plan Areas had been established early on in the preparation of this Local Pla areas fall to the neighbourhood plan, where they are non-strategic in nature. Rolvenden <u>Parish Council</u> is committed to allocating and Bethersden Parish Council has allocated land for 34 dwellings in its emerging NP. this is <u>These figures are</u> therefore included Charing and Egerton <u>parishes</u> are more recent designations and it has therefore been necessary for the Local Plan to consider ar parishes, where appropriate. That should not exclude those parishes from considering additional proposals for addressing the equ through their Neighbourhood Plans.
MM2	Chapter 2 Introduction – Formal review of the Local Plan	Amend paragraph 2.26 text to read: 2.26 This Local Plan is intended to be formally reviewed, to ensure that the wider policy position is suitably up to date and the dev infrastructure – has been delivered. <u>A decision whether to revise the Plan will be taken no later than five years from the adoption of revised Plan will be adopted by the end of 2025 at the latest</u> . This period of time provides the right balance between providing end implemented by the market and to give them certainty, with the inevitable need to respond to change as time goes by. However, s significant undersupply of housing delivery or the non-delivery of key infrastructure <del>(namely Junction 10a)</del> then an earlier formal re-
ММЗ	Chapter 3 Policy SP2 – Strategic approach to housing delivery	Amend the relevant paragraphs of the supporting text to read: <b>3.17 Market signals</b> 3.17.1 The National Planning Practice Guidance sets out that upward adjustments should be made to housing need figures where Ashford. There is no nationally identified standard as to what this uplift figure should be. The 2017 SHMA takes this into account a for Ashford based on an assessment of market signals, affordability, past delivery rates and likely future delivery rates. Lower qua increased in the Borough and the Council is also conscious of the need to plan for the continuing net out-migration from London to connectivity by road and rail to Ashford. As a consequence, the OAN includes a market signals uplift of 13% above the demograp of 15,675 16,872 dwellings being identified between 2011 and 2030, equating to 825 888 dwellings per annum.

h national policy, with EU obligations and nning, all the policies within this local plan are ng Practice Guidance (PPG) on es, particularly where the policy may refer to a becific than the Local Plan in relation to some es. For clarity, a list of the policies in this plan uncil to agree the relevant 'strategic' policies to

nden, Bethersden, Boughton Aluph and volution, with the Wye with Hinxhill and Plan, proposals to allocate sites within these g land for 40 24 dwellings in its emerging NP ed within the Housing Trajectory. Hothfield, and make site allocations within those quivalent (or greater) amount of development

evelopment envisaged - and supporting of this Plan. It is intended that the review any nough time to allow the policy framework to be should circumstances dictate, such as review will be undertaken.

re affordability is an issue – as is the case in and suggests that a 5% uplift is appropriate uartile affordability ratios have recently to the Borough based on the excellent aphic projection data. This equates to an OAN

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

3.20 Future proofing		
	already take account of some future in-migration flows to Ashfor	
consultants suggests that demographic me	odelling for additional migration flows from the capital, of 34 dwelli	i <del>ngs per annum, could</del>
3.20.2 This reflects the current prediction I	y the Greater London Authority that out-migration from London w	vill return to pre-recess
	hford should plan for this rebalancing back to what were 'normal	
given Ashford's HS1 links to London.		
J. J	rm part of the OAN figure. They are also not seeking to meet any	
is a sound planning approach to add these	additional 442 dwellings to the overall housing target for the Loc	a <del>l Plan.</del>
3.25 Housing Windfalls		
	d that an additional <del>950</del> <u>1000</u> units will be delivered from <u>unident</u>	
	he historic trends for windfall completions. This is in addition to th	
planning permission <u>at 1<sup>st</sup> April 2018, of w</u>	nich only 75% of those not yet commenced are counted against n	neeting the overall Pla
2.26 The Housing Torret		
3.26 The Housing Target	roll Louging Torget for the Derevich reflecting the OAN of 40,400	16 070 duralline are to
	rall Housing Target for the Borough <u>reflecting the OAN</u> of <del>16,120</del>	
<b>5</b> 1	since 2011, this figure is reduced to <del>12,943</del> <u>13,118</u> between <del>201</del>	H = 2018 and 2030. The
viewed under Table 1 below.		
Poplace Table 1 Overall Llousing Drafile	with the following:	
Replace Table 1 – Overall Housing Profile	with the following:	
Objectively assessed need	<u>16,872</u>	
Delivered since 2011	3,754	
Residual requirement (2018-30)	13,118	
Extant commitments (previously allocated	sites with 3,064	
permission)		
Extant windfalls*	<u>875</u>	
Chilmington Green	2,500	
Future unidentified windfalls	1,000	
Local Plan Allocations	5,889	
Neighbourhood Plan Areas	216	
TOTAL	13,544	
Contingency buffer	426	
*These not started have been reduced by OEO	to account for notantial non dalivery with the execution of Tilden Cill	Tenterden
Those not started have been reduced by 25%	to account for potential non-delivery with the exception of Tilden Gill,	oncoraon
		<u>ioneraon</u>
Delete section 3.29:	to account for potential non-delivery with the exception of Triden Gill,	
Delete section 3.29:	to account for potential non-delivery with the exception of Triden Gill,	
Delete section 3.29: <b>3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors</b>		
Delete section 3.29: 3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors	omote housing development which has good access to services	
Delete section 3.29: 3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors		
Delete section 3.29: <b>3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors</b> <b>3.29.1 The NPPF is clear in its desire to pl and can be delivered early.</b>	omote housing development which has good access to services	and facilities, does not
Delete section 3.29: <b>3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors</b> <del>3.29.1 The NPPF is clear in its desire to prand can be delivered early.</del> <del>3.29.2 With this in mind, the Local Plan – f</del>	omote housing development which has good access to services a	and facilities, does not shford and the ability to
Delete section 3.29: <b>3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors</b> 3.29.1 The NPPF is clear in its desire to pl and can be delivered early. 3.29.2 With this in mind, the Local Plan – f services to Ashford this presents - identifie	omote housing development which has good access to services a following an assessment of the main road corridors which enter A s a few appropriately scaled housing sites near to Ashford along	and facilities, does not shford and the ability to the A20. These sites h
Delete section 3.29: <b>3.29 The Strategic Road Corridors</b> <b>3.29.1 The NPPF is clear in its desire to pl and can be delivered early.</b> <b>3.29.2 With this in mind, the Local Plan</b> for the services to Ashford this presents - identified network and are sites that do not adversel	omote housing development which has good access to services a	and facilities, does not shford and the ability to the A20. These sites h

vever, advice received from the Council's uld also be applied from 2017.

essionary levels soon and therefore districts s is considered a sound aspiration for this Plan

ondon. However, the Council considers that it

etween 2021 2022 and 2030, at an annual rate s on housing windfalls sites that currently have Plan's housing target.

be delivered between 2011 and 2030 has The overall breakdown of this figure can be

not require significant infrastructure to deliver it

y to maximise the use of the public transport s have excellent access to the main local road and designed housing development here

3.29.3 As part of the evolution of the Plan, the Council have confirmation from the landowners that these sites can come forward in the early years of the plan, on account of them being relatively unconstrained and by virtue of requiring little in the way of new infrastructure provision. 3.29.4 Providing potential development sites along this corridor introduces an additional offer to the market in terms of the types of land being promoted for development within the Borough, complementing the sites in the town centre, those within and adjoining the urban area and the sites on the periphery of rural settlements. Providing this variety is seen as a way of giving choice to house builders and broadening the scope of housing opportunities in the borough. Amend sections 3.31, 3.34, 3.35 and 3.37 as follows: 3.31 Development at villages 3.31.3 In line with this approach, the Local Plan proposes an allocation strategy that has been assessed against a broad range of issues, promoting suitable sites that can provide a range of housing opportunities across the Borough. This approach gives considerable weight to more 'local' factors and takes account of recent rates of development in different villages whilst encouraging the small-scale evolution of some smaller settlements which might otherwise stagnate. Overall, the strategy seeks to direct a greater scale of new development towards the most sustainable villages where services are more extensive and well established and public transport connectivity is greatest, consistent with the thrust of the NPPF, whilst accepting that smaller scale development can potentially be accommodated in smaller villages subject to local factors. 3.31.4 In making Local Plan development allocations, the Council is also cognisant of several emerging Neighbourhood Plans being promoted by Parish Councils. The Council has worked closely with these parishes to ensure that their plans are consistent with the proposed strategy for development set out in this Local Plan and has encouraged them to include an appropriate scale of local development allocations in their respective Plans. The current scale of these allocations is included in the Housing Trajectory at Appendix 5. 3.34 The borough's profile 3.34.1 Ashford Borough contains two distinct areas that exhibit clear and differing characteristics in planning terms. Ashford is clearly the most sustainable location within the borough and therefore the most suitable location at which to deliver the majority of new housing growth. In comparison, the borough's rural area is much more sensitive and too much housing growth would guickly lead to an unsustainable model of housing development overall. 3.34.2 These characteristics are clearly evidenced in the accompanying Sustainability Appraisal to this Plan and are reflected in the Plan's distribution strategy which identifies new housing land allocations to deliver around 5,159 4,872 dwellings in and around Ashford and 1,590 1,017 dwellings in the rural parts of the borough. In addition, Neighbourhood Plan areas proposed rural allocations of 216. 3.35 The urban housing market 3.35.4 It is clear that the recent constraining factors to housing delivery at Ashford are beginning to subside. However, it is accepted that housing completion rates may not increase rapidly as it will take time for the market to continue to improve. A number of key sites are also still constrained until such time as Junction 10a is in place (due to be completed in mid 2020 opened to traffic in Autumn 2019). 3.35.5 The phasing strategy in this Local Plan is cognisant of this position in that it predicts a lower level of housing delivery rates in and around Ashford to steadily increase over the next few years following the completion of Junction 10a and the emergence of flatted schemes in the town centre as investor confidence grows in the early years of the Plan (pre Junction 10a) with a steady increase around in the early 2020s. This is considered to be a realistic and deliverable scenario and is consistent with developers' and house-builders' known assumptions and intentions. 3.37 Rectifying the housing shortfall since 2011 3.37.1 As of April 2017 2018, the borough has a housing delivery shortfall of around 1,770 2,462 dwellings which demonstrates that, except for 2015/16, housing completion rates in the borough have not kept pace with the annual requirement for new housing indicated by the OAN updated SHMA. 3.37.2 However, the Local Plan provides the opportunity to address this position and determine a robust and sustainable approach to rectify this shortfall - one which reflects local circumstances and character. 3.37.3 As referred to above, it is guestionable how realistic it is to rely on the Ashford urban housing market to achieve a short term step change in housing delivery needed to meet the housing shortfall in the early years of the Plan. It is also doubtful that the industry will be able to deliver such an increase in housing completions in such a short space of time. This would require securing a local workforce, building materials and immediate financing arrangements at a time when the local market is still recovering and

	remains in competition with other areas in the south east.
	3.37.4 The only alternative option therefore would be to require the rural area to rectify the housing shortfall, entirely on its own. S additional much more new housing new dwellings in the rural area, significantly more than has been planned through this Local P through the sustainability appraisal.
	3.37.7 However, to achieve this outcome it is necessary for the strategy to assume that the shortfall is technically addressed over period – commonly referred to as the 'Liverpool' approach - in order for the Council to be able to demonstrate a deliverable 5 year Consequently, and having regard to the need to complete Junction 10a before major developments can be occupied, the Plan is the existing shortfall (at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2018) over the course of the next 7 years (i.e. 2018-25) at an average rate of 352 dwellings per annu calculation of five-year housing land supply over this period. This approach ensures the integrity of the Council's strategy for addressed levels of housing completions are not required from the start of the Plan, means that can be better and more sustainably phased and located elsewhere in the borough over the Plan period.
	Amend Policy SP2 - The Strategic Approach to Housing Delivery as follows:
	A total housing target of <del>12,950</del> <u>13,118</u> net additional dwellings applies for the Borough between <del>2017</del> <u>2018</u> and 2030. In the housing sites are proposed to provide choice and competition in the market up to 2030.
	The housing target will be met through a combination of committed schemes, site allocations and suitable windfall prop
	The majority of new housing development will be at Ashford and its periphery, as the most sustainable location within the and facilities, access to places of employment, access to public transport hubs and the variety of social and community mind, in addition to existing commitments, new land allocations to deliver <del>5,159</del> <u>4,872</u> dwellings are proposed.
	Development in the rural areas will be of a scale that is consistent with the relevant settlement's accessibility, infrastruct suitability of sites and environmental sensitivity. With this in mind, in addition to existing commitments, new land allocat proposed.
	Windfall housing development will be permitted where it is consistent with the spatial strategy outlined above and is con Plan, in order to ensure that sustainable development is delivered.
	For the purposes of calculating 5 year housing land supply, the shortfall in housing delivery between 2011 and 2018 sha at an average of 352 dwellings per annum. Over this period, this figure should be added to the annualised OAN requirem of 1240 dwellings plus any relevant buffer. From 2025 onwards, the housing requirement should then reflect the annualis buffer.
MM4 Polie	y SP3 – Amend Policy SP3 - Strategic Approach to Economic Development as follows:
appr Ecor	egic oach to Job growth and economic prosperity will be supported in order to enable the achievement of a sustainable economy wit nomic employment land and a total of 11,100 jobs in the Borough between 2014 and 2030. This will be achieved by the following elopment
	<ul> <li>a) The promotion and development of the employment locations identified within this Local Plan;</li> <li>b) The appropriate retention of the existing industrial/commercial/business land, premises and estates in accordance</li> <li>c) The maximisation of town centre employment opportunities in accordance with the strategic approach to the to</li> <li>d) Taking a positive approach that reflects a presumption in favour of sustainable to economic development;</li> <li>e) Promoting appropriate rural employment opportunities in sustainable locations in accordance with policies EM</li> <li>f) Improving skills in the workforce</li> </ul>

Such an approach would lead to over 2,000 Plan and evidenced as being sustainable

er the whole of the remainder of the Plan ar housing land supply in the short term. based on a strategy that would rectify the um and this should be reflected in the Iressing the shortfall in a sustainable way can merely as a means of meeting an existing

## order to achieve this target, additional

posals.

the Borough based on its range of services y infrastructure available. With this in

cture provision, level of services available, ations to deliver <del>1,590</del> <u>1,017</u> dwellings are

onsistent with other policies of this Local

all be rectified over a 7 year period to 2025 ment to provide an annual housing target ised OAN requirement plus any relevant

ith the intention to deliver 66 63 ha of new ng measures:

lance with policy EMP2; town centre set out in this Local Plan

MP3, EMP4 and EMP5

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

MM5	Policy SP4 – Delivery of	Amendments to paragraphs 3.126 to 3.128 and insert additional paragraph following 3.128:
	Retail and Leisure Needs	3.126 Since the RLNA was completed, planning permission has been granted for a six-screen cinema, hotel, restaurants and cafe construction. This development is adjoining the primary shopping area, and will be a key part of the town centre offer. Development has also been granted for an extension to the Designer Outlet, which provides additional comparison floorspace and restaurants a
		3.127 These committed developments provide for the need for comparison retail up to at least 2025, and cinema, restaurant and on Ashford Town Centre. Given the uncertainty regarding retail forecasts beyond this time, it is not considered appropriate to allocate remaining need for the last few years of the plan period. In any event, there are sites within the Ashford Town Centre Policy Area, opportunities for development.
		3.128 With regard to the provision of convenience retail need, since the RLNA was completed, <u>a planning permission has been grastore</u> , within the Ashford Town Centre Policy Area, for an Aldi supermarket, <u>has been implemented and is now open to the public</u> . It need for convenience retail within the town centre, under the 'claw back' scenario, until at least 2025. In terms of the need for the maintain flexibility, it is not considered appropriate to allocate a specific site. The need is only required if it is possible to further re-Ashford's convenience provision, therefore the delivery of such a proposal will be very much market driven and there is also signific beyond this time. It is considered that a flexible approach should therefore be maintained to enable any further proposals to come as set out in Policy SP5. Proposals will be required to demonstrate that they accord with Policy EMP9 (Sequential and Impact Ass provision out of town will be strongly resisted through that policy.
		Local needs are addressed through Policy EMP10 which is supportive of additional shopping and service provision within local cer
		Delete content of Policy SP4 and replace with the following:
		At Ashford Town Centre provision is made for an additional 1,548 sqm of convenience retail floorspace and 14,202 sqm of 2015 and 2030, through the delivery of existing commitments, development proposals in the pipeline, and site redevelopment Town Centre Policy Area as defined by Policy SP5. Any further retail and leisure proposals shall be accommodated in the accordance with Policy EMP9.
		At Tenterden Town Centre provision should be made for an additional 50 sqm of convenience retail floorspace and 1,122 between 2015 and 2030, through small scale development and changes of use within and adjoining the existing centre.
MM6	Policy SP5 –	Amendments to paragraph 3.157 and insert additional paragraph following it:
	Ashford Town Centre	3.157 The town centre policy below picks up these themes, setting out the principles and criteria for development proposals within identified on the policies map. – it is supported by a specific site policy for the Commercial Quarter (see site Policy S1). The general accommodate a range of potential uses in the town centre that help to meet the vision and approach set out above. In an emergine essential to be able to respond to changing market demands. National planning policy supports a market-aware approach of this set.
		This policy is supported by other policies in this Plan relating to town centre development. Policy S1 is a site specific policy for the Centre. Policy EMP7 identifies the Primary Shopping Area, including the primary and secondary frontages for Ashford Town Centre acceptable within them. Policy EMP9 sets out the requirements for the sequential and impact test for retail development and other apply to certain development proposed within Ashford Town Centre, and will be considered alongside Policy SP5 where relevant to
		Amendments to Policy SP5 - Ashford Town Centre as follows:
		Proposals coming forward in Ashford Town Centre (as shown on the policies map), will be supported in principle where t above and where they promote high quality design that is appropriate to their location. A range of principal uses may be leisure, residential and hotel. Other complementary uses may include voluntary and community uses and health facilities

fes, at Elwick Place, is currently under ent has also commenced on the Permission and café uses.

d café development, for the whole plan period, cate additional sites to accommodate the a, as set out in Policy SP5 which provide

granted for 1,750sqm of A1 convenience retail c. This development permission provides for r the remainder of the plan period, in order to e-distribute the market share to improve nificant uncertainty regarding retail forecasts e forward within the Town Centre policy area, ssessments) and proposals for convenience

entres and villages across the Borough.

of comparison retail floorspace between pment opportunities, within the Ashford he first instance in the town centre, in

## 22 sqm of comparison retail floorspace

in the Ashford Town Centre Boundary, as eral policy approach is deliberately flexible to ging market a degree of pragmatism is s sort.

e Commercial Quarter within Ashford Town ntre and which uses will be considered er main town centre uses. These policies will t to the specific proposal.

e they help to deliver the vision set out e acceptable including retail, offices, uses and health facilities. Proposals in the town centre will need

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		to comply with sequential test requirements set out in Policy EMP9.
		Proposals will be assessed against the following criteria:
		<ul> <li>a) All schemes will need to demonstrate a quality of design that makes a significant contribution to improving the ch proposed buildings and public realm. This includes not just the buildings proposed but the spaces around them a use developments are encouraged and street frontages of buildings should include active uses that help bring a sidevelopment proposals on major and/or prominent sites will be expected to have been subject to public exhibition by the independent Ashford Design Panel;</li> <li>b) Residential development in the town centre is <u>supported</u> encouraged, for example, making use of space above she provide a range of types of home, including the potential for serviced private rented apartment schemes;</li> <li>c) Further expansion of further and higher education facilities at the Ashford College complex will be supported subj considerations;</li> <li>d) <u>As set out in Policy TRA3</u>, <u>Aa</u> balanced approach to office parking needs will be taken in order to help stimulate each considering long term impacts on road capacity and the needs of shoppers, residents and other users. As the mar development proposal comes forward that clearly demonstrates it would meet the vision and design quality set viability, the Council (taking specialist advice) will explore a flexible approach to seek to reduce the costs of contributior housing, provided the resulting proposal does not create a serious and unacceptable level of impact, <u>as set out in Policy</u></li> </ul>
MM7	Policy S2 – Land North-East of Willesborough Road, Kennington	Amend supporting text at 4.16, 4.17.1 and 4.23 to read: 4.16 The site, which is approximately 40ha in size, is allocated for primarily residential development with an indicative capacity of should be determined following a detailed and inclusive masterplanning exercise that should inform any planning applications for a include a serviced area of land sufficient for the provision of a two-form entry primary school (currently 2.05 ha). The masterplan s advance of, or as part of an outline application for the main body of the site. Any proposals for a limited scale of development with advance of a detailed masterplan for the whole site allocation where it can be satisfactorily demonstrated that the proposals would making of the area (including the delivery of infrastructure and services).
		4.17.1 The Kent Downs AONB lies approximately 1km to the north of the site. In order to minimise any impact on views from the A Assessment should be carried out to inform details of structural and internal landscaping and building heights within the proposed should take the form of linear tree belts and individual street trees to help filter views from the AONB. In this regard the use of non and appropriate positioning of solar panels will also be supported.
		4.23 The combination of this proposal and the development permitted and proposed in Policy S19 at Conningbrook means there v 10.Consequently, no occupations of the residential development at this site may take place prior to the completion opening to traff TRA1, unless otherwise agreed with the Council and Highways England.
		Amend policy S2 wording at criteria e), f), j) and final sentence to read:
		e) <u>Structural planting, including linear tree belts running through the length of the development, together with the use of incorporated in the development with this structural planting to be provided as part of the first phase of development. The boundaries to Willesborough Road, the railway line and the northern countryside shall be retained and enhanced, except</u>
		f) Proposals for ecological mitigation and enhancement measures are to be provided on site informed by a habitat survey surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhancement measures to be provided on site informed by a habitat survey maintenance and monitoring in accordance with Policy ENV1;

character of the town centre, including any and links to the wider public realm. Mixed sense of vitality to the street scene. New on/ consultation and be subject to review

hops but the opportunity also exists to

bject to design and other site-specific

early investment in the town centre, whilst arket strengthens and further

et for the town centre but is of marginal ons to infrastructure and affordable cy IMP2.

of 700 dwellings, although a final site capacity r development on the site. The site should also should be approved by the Council either in thin the site allocation may be permitted in Ild not be prejudicial to the proper place-

AONB a Landscape and Visual Impact ed development. Such structural landscaping on-reflective and sensitively coloured materials

will be additional traffic at M20 Junction affic of Junction 10a, in accordance with policy

of individual street trees, shall be The existing trees and hedgerows along the pt to provide suitable access;

vey. Appropriate species and habitat site and proposals for implementation,

		j) <u>Be designed to limit its impact upon views from the Kent Downs AONB, informed by a landscape and visual impact ass structural and internal landscaping, and building heights and materials.</u>
		No occupations of the residential element of the development shall take place until the proposed M20 Junction 10a is <del>cor</del> Policy TRA1, <u>unless otherwise agreed with the Council and Highways England.</u>
MM8	Policy S3 – Court Lodge	Amend supporting text 4.37 as follows:
		<ul> <li>4.37 The Local Centre will also need to be sited at the confluence of the main vehicular links through the development. This will, in Pound Lane or Merino Way and a route from the west via Long Length. This latter route will could also form part of a new 'strategic Lane where it will would meet a proposed new single-carriageway link road to the east of Knights Park linking with the A2070 junc Detailed transport modelling, as required by policy TRA8, on the impact of the development on the highway network will determine satisfactorily accommodate traffic from the development. Should the outcome of an agreed traffic modelling exercise indicate that the development here will would help to fund the delivery of this new link road, on a proportionate basis. In addition any event, the route to the south-east as far as the site boundary to deliver a connection to the proposed development allocation at north of Steer S4).</li> <li>Amend policy S3 criteria c) and final paragraph wording to read:</li> <li>c) Ecology – Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out.full details of Results will inform ecological the site and proposals for their implementation, and future maintenance and monitoring in accordance with Policy ENV1.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>In addition, the development shall also:-</li> <li>Provide affordable housing in accordance with Policy HOU1 and provide a mix of dwelling types and sizes in active in the second structure in the second st</li></ul>
MM9	Policy S4 – Land	Amend supporting text to read:
	north of Steeds Lane and Magpie Hall Road	4.47 The importance of avoiding coalescence in this area is emphasised elsewhere in this Plan, and so the northern extent of built controlled. Development should sit below the ridge line that lies south of Kingsnorth village, with the ridge and the space between open buffer to protect the setting of Kingsnorth and create a sense of separation from the new development. The protection and, v landscaping in this area is a key policy objective here and should be reflected in landscaping proposals for the development of the
		4.55 Similarly a package of traffic management measures will are likely to be needed on the more minor roads – Magpie Hall Road manage and limit traffic flows to levels that are appropriate given their rural nature and lack of pavements/ lighting, etc. This should accordance with policy TRA8. Within the development itself, a network of routes should be established to inform a less urban char lower density and village-style form of development.
		4.56 Provision of sports and leisure facilities will be required to meet the community needs arising from the development. This cou
		the existing cricket club and its facilities which should be maintained in public use.

### ssessment to determine appropriate

## omplete open to traffic, in accordance with

initially, include a route from the north via gic' route through the development to Pound nction at Park Farm (Forestall Meadow). <u>Ine whether this strategic route is required to</u> <u>at the link road is required,</u> it is expected that the layout shall also provide for the delivery of a seeds Lane and Magpie Hall Road (see policy

al mitigation measures to be provided on <u>/1.</u>

accordance with Policy HOU18. In to the Pound Lane Link Road to the north. It as part of any proposals for the red. It modelling indicates this infrastructure is ighway improvements measures identified

uilt development here needs to be carefully in it and the village itself forming a strategic , where possible, enhancement of existing he site.

bad; Steeds Lane and Bond Lane – to help uld be informed by a Transport Assessment in aracter commensurate with the generally

ould be met in part through improvements to

		Policy S4 – Land north of Steeds Lane and Magpie Hall Road
		d) Ecology – Appropriate species and habitat surveys will be carried out <del>details of which. <u>Results</u> will inform ecological the site and proposals for their future</del> implementation, maintenance and monitoring <u>in accordance with policy ENV1</u> . Parenhancement of Isaacs Wood (Ancient woodland) will be required.
		h) Community facilities – Public open space and suitably equipped play areas needed to serve the development, taking the heart of the community being based around the cricket field at the main traffic corridor – Ashford Road. A local convenies way that can take advantage of passing trade. A specific set of projects related to the scale of needs arising from the development the consultation with the local community and the cricket club. It is expected that the cricket field will be retained for community to the scale of protects related to the scale of protects related to the scale of needs arising from the development.
		In addition, the development shall also:-
		iv. Provide a proportionate contribution to the delivery of Highway England's scheme for a new M20 Junction 10a improvements measures identified through agreed transport modelling in accordance with policy TRA8.
MM10	Policy S5 – Land south of Pound	Amend 4.63 text to read:
	Lane, Kingsnorth	4.63 The principal access to the site should be gained from Ashford Road with a secondary access to Pound Lane. The potential proposed Court Lodge site should not be prejudiced in any proposed layout on this site, and pedestrian and cycleway links should connectivity to the proposed Court Lodge Local Centre in due course. The potential for signalising of the Pound Lane / Church Hil western arm to through traffic vehicles should be investigated as part of the transport modelling required to be undertaken in according to Pound Lane has been delivered.
		Amend policy wording from b) onwards to read:
		Policy S5 – Land south of Pound Lane
		a) Retain the southern part of the site free from built development, with the creation of pedestrian and cycleway links acreated western site boundary.
		b) Provide primary vehicular access from Ashford Road and a secondary access to Pound Lane. Proposals to close <u>Pou</u> <u>access to this development only, and the signalisation of the Pound lane / Ashford Road/ Church Hill junction shall be co <u>proposals for the development.</u> Proposals shall also enable the ability to provide a <u>direct</u> vehicular connection to the box <del>Farm</del> development.</u>
		c) In addition to the pedestrian and cycleway connection in ( <del>b</del> <u>a</u> ) above, provide a network of pedestrian and cycleway lin including a connection to the site boundary with the adjoining Court Lodge development.
		d) Provide a landscaping plan for the site <del>, to be agreed by the Borough Council,</del> to create a <del>significant</del> visual <del>break</del> <u>sepa</u> development and to screen <del>ing to</del> the houses and gardens of any adjoining residential properties.
		Split criteria e) into 2, creating new f) and amend final paragraph
		e) Be subject to a full Flood Risk Assessment, to be prepared in consultation with agreed by the Environment Agency ar
		f) The layout and treatment of surface water drainage through the use of SuDS should be compatible with drainage proper development should provide a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network, in collabor
		provide future access to the existing sewerage infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes. The layout and tre

## al mitigation measures to be provided on Particular attention to the conservation and

g the opportunity to create a sense of the nience store should be located here in a levelopment will be identified in <u>munity use.</u>

## a <u>and any other off-site highway</u>

al for vehicular access directly west to the uld be provided to the site boundary to achieve Hill / Ashford Road crossroads and closing the cordance with policy TRA8. once the link from

## cross the land from Ashford Road to the

ound Lane to through-traffic, providing considered as part of the traffic mitigation boundary with the adjoining Court Lodge

## inks through<u>out</u> the built part of the site

paration with the adjoining Court Lodge

## and the Borough Council.

oposals serving adjacent development. The oration with the service provider and treatment of surface water drainage will

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		need to ensure that there is no adverse flooding or drainage effects to any neighbouring properties.
		In addition, the development shall also:-
		<ul> <li>Provide a proportionate contribution to the delivery of Highway England's scheme for a new M20 Junction 10a <u>improvements measures identified through agreed transport modelling in accordance with policy TRA8.</u></li> <li>Provide proportionate financial contributions to deliver, improve, extend or refurbish existing or planned local facilities, as appropriate, in accordance with Policies COM1 and COM2.</li> </ul>
MM11	Policy S6 – Former	Amend paragraph 4.78:
	Newtown Works	Before full development of the site can take place, off-site highway improvements are needed to provide additional capacity at the commitment given to the delivery timetable for of the new junction 10a on the M20. The <u>indicative</u> threshold set for the quantity of site as a whole before these improvements are committed is based on the historic "fall back" position from previous uses on the N close proximity to the stations and town centre and the bus service through the area provide the opportunity to reduce the car base the area.
		Amend paragraph 4.78.1:
		While it is expected that the delivery of improvements to the strategic road network will greatly enhance the ability of sites to come ensure that traffic movements are sustainably managed. Therefore, where traffic generation to and from the site is expected to ex Transport Statement/Transport Assessment should be provided in accordance with Policy TRA8. Where justified through such an be occupied beyond the levels associated with the 'fallback' position from the previous uses on the site in advance of the improved completed.
		Amend final paragraph of policy S6 as follows:
		iii. <u>Unless justified through an agreed Transport Assessment</u> , Oonly development that would generate no more tra the equivalent of the previous lawful uses of the site, shall be built and occupied in advance of the granting of a construction of the proposed M20 junction 10a and until additional capacity has been provided at the Orbital Pa
MM12	Policy S7 – Former	Delete paragraph 4.90 and amend paragraphs 4.91, 4.92, 4.95 and 4.95.1 as follows:
	Klondyke Works	4.90 There is a strong opportunity to take advantage of the many visitors to the Designer Outlet Centre and the proximity of the do attract people to this area to enjoy the railway heritage and help to make a mix of potential uses viable.
		4.91 Planning permission has been granted for the Ashford International Model Railway Centre and associated parking on the site to come forward on this site, and a planning application has been received for residential development on the site. which will be a If circumstances in the future were to change then an appropriate alternative use could be for a suitable residential development or location for residential development.
		4.92 In terms of the possible residential development of the site, tThe location of the site makes it suitable for a relatively high den storeys is appropriate but both the scale and positioning of buildings at the southern end of the site will need to respect the domes converted school. This form of development would provide in the region of 90 dwellings on the site.
1		

## a and any other off-site highway

## I recreational, educational and community

ne A2070 Orbital Park junction and a clear of development that can be occupied on the Newtown and Klondyke sites. The relatively ased trip rate arising from the development of

ne forward at pace, there will still be a need to exceed that of the previous lawful uses, a an Assessment, additional development may vements to the Orbital Park junction being

raffic than would have been generated by f a Development Consent order for the Park / A2070 junction.

domestic and international railway station to

ite, however the development is now unlikely a significant visitor attraction for the Borough. t on the site. The site is considered a suitable

ensity development. A building scale of 3-4 estic nature of the surrounding houses and

at the A2070 Orbital Park junction and a clear ment that can be occupied on the site as a and Klondyke sites. The relatively close rip rate arising from the development of the

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	area.
	4.95.1 While it is expected that the delivery of improvements to the strategic road network will greatly enhance the ability of sites to need to ensure that traffic movements are sustainably managed. Therefore, where traffic generation to and from the site is expected uses, a Transport Statement/Transport Assessment should be provided in accordance with Policy TRA8. Where justified through a development may be occupied beyond the levels associated with the 'fallback' position from the previous uses on the site in advantaged in the previous uses on the site in advantaged.
	Amend first and final paragraphs of Policy S7, and delete criteria b) as follows:
	The site of the former Klondyke Works is proposed for <u>residential development with an indicative capacity of 90 dwelling</u> Ashford International Model Railway Centre. A suitable alternative use would be for residential development.
	b) be based on a parking strategy that provides adequate public and on-street parking to best meet the needs of resident
	Unless justified through an agreed Transport Assessment, Oonly development that would generate no more traffic than v equivalent of the previous lawful uses of the site, shall be built and occupied in advance of the granting of a Developmen the proposed M20 junction 10a and until additional capacity has been provided at the Orbital Park / A2070 junction.
Policy S8 –	Amend supporting text to read:
Rd	4.101 Residential development will be acceptable on this site for <u>an indicative capacity of 40 dwellings</u> . <del>up to 40 dwellings</del> . Alterna wider redevelopment scheme with the potential to create an attractive residential riverside environment close to the town centre, in adjacent Mace lane industrial estate to the south. buildings. <u>In the event of a larger scheme coming forward</u> , access to the site sho
	Amend policy wording opening sentence, criteria a) and e) to read:
	Land at the end of Lower Queens Road is proposed for residential use for an indicative capacity of 40 units. (up to 40 unit
	Development proposals for the site shall:
	a) Provide the primary vehicular access to the site from Lower Queens Road or, in the event of a larger site coming forwa
	e) Ensure that there is an appropriate assessment of the nature conservation value of the site and that any development appropriate mitigation in accordance with ENV1. Ensure appropriate species and habitat surveys are carried out. Details mitigation and enhancement measures to be provided on the site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and measures to the provided on the site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and measures to the shall pay particular regard to the wooded area to the north of the site and with the measures.
	with the nearby Green Corridor.
	f) Provide future access to the existing sewerage infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes.
Policy S9 –	Factual update - Amend Paragraph 4.109 as follows:
Kennard Way	
	Lower Queen's Rd

to come forward at pace, there will still be a cted to exceed that of the previous lawful n such an Assessment, additional ance of the improvements to the Orbital Park

ngs a tourism/visitor attraction such as the

nts and visitors;

would have been generated by the ent Consent order for the construction of

natively, this site could form the first phase of a , in tandem with the redevelopment of the hould be from Mace Lane.

nits).

ward, access should be from Mace Lane;

nt makes suitable arrangements for ils of which will inform ecological monitoring in accordance with policy and the potential to provide connections

ly 0.45ha 0.8ha. This could accommodate

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		Amend criterion b) and f) of the policy as follows:
		<ul> <li>b) Provide primary vehicle access on Kennard Way, preferably in the centre of the site. An emergency access point s Henwood Industrial Estate;</li> </ul>
		f) <u>Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out.</u> Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhanesiste and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with policy ENV1. Particular results enhanceing ecological areas in the western part of the site, including the existing pond;
MM15	Policy S10 – Gasworks Lane	Amend opening sentence of the policy to read: This site is proposed for residential development (up to indicative capacity of 150 units) and should be of a general scale
<b>MM16</b>	Policy S11a – Former Bombardier Works	<ul> <li>Amend paragraphs 4.129.3 and 4.129.4 to read:-</li> <li>4.129.3 The site and in particular, the railway sidings, has been identified by Southeastern railways, the Department for Transport important piece of infrastructure that needs to be maintained for rail-<u>operating</u> purposes. The site has the potential to provide add storage, cleaning and light maintenance. Additional provision of train berthing is required in the Borough in order to accommodate meet additional demand for rail services from Ashford and the surrounding network. It is therefore considered vital that the site is j initial feasibility study for the proposals has indicated that only part of the site would be required for rail use, leaving the remainder to avoid the long term sterilisation of the site, detailed proposals for any rail-related use of all or part of the site should be drawn uncessary) within a maximum of 2 years following the adoption of this Local Plan. Thereafter, it is expected that the necessary lar to secure the implementation of such proposals and the long term use of the site. It is considered that employment uses, with a m development on the remainder of the site.</li> <li>4.129.4 If, for any reason, the rail operating company / Network Rail subsequently decide within the 2 year safeguarding period th are to be pursued elsewhere, then it is considered that employment uses, with a mix of B1-B8 uses would be the most appropriate for the site. The site is allocated for a mix of operational railway use and commercial (B1-B8 uses) development. Development proposal and sollows:</li> <li>The site is allocated for a mix of operational railway use and commercial (B1-B8 uses) development. Development proposal and the site, for operational railway use in accordance with the requirements of the train operator the site is no longer required.</li> </ul>
MM17	Policy S13 – Former Ashford South school, Jemmett Road	Amend paragraph. 4.138 4.138 This former primary school is principally vacant with a small number of the buildings being let on a short-term basis for com Jemmett Road and provides a rare opportunity to develop a partly brownfield site within walking distance of the town centre, railw Park. However, there are current plans to re-use the school buildings for a period of time of no more than 8 years until summer 20 education needs of development in the urban area, pending the currently under construction of new facilities until new provision is Opening sentence of Policy to be amended as follows:

## should be retained between the site and

## hancement measures to be provided on the regard should be given to protecting and

## ale of between 3-4 storeys in height.

ort and Network Rail as a <u>potentially</u> highly dditional facilities for the berthing of trains for ate additional rolling stock that is required to is <u>initially</u> safeguarded for that purpose, An der of the site open for <u>re</u>-development, <u>In order</u> up and granted planning permission (where land ownership arrangements would be made mix of B1-B8 would be most appropriate form

that alternative <del>berthing</del> <u>rail-related</u> facilities ate form of redevelopment on the remainder of th the local planning authority.

### posals for the site shall:

#### v<del>ay sidings</del>, <u>together with a vehicular access</u> ators <u>for a maximum period of 2 years after</u> uired for operational railway use;

ommunity uses and clubs. It is located off lway station and the existing strategic Victoria <u>2020</u>, as a temporary school to meet the his provided in that specific location.

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		The former Ashford South Primary School site is proposed for residential development (up to indicative capacity of 110 shall:
MM18	Policy S15 – Finberry North	Amend supporting text at 4.160, 4.163, 4.164, 4.167 and 4.169 to read:
	West	4.160 The Local Plan therefore provides the opportunity to re-examine what role this land should now play in achieving a sustainal which meets the wider objectives of this Local Plan and is consistent with the NPPF. With this in mind, this site is proposed to del 0.7ha of employment land, 8,500 sqm of employment space, alongside additional community uses to cater for the increase in local local plan and space.
		4.163 This central area will be expanded (to that currently planned) to include 8,500 sqm around 0.7ha of employment floorspace and movement and complement the other non-residential uses that will be delivered here which combined will give the central are The masterplan will need to demonstrate that the relationship between the employment uses and the houses proposed is carefull uses floorspace will envisaged are those which will cater for small and medium employment <u>opportunities</u> . Uses, in <u>In</u> line with ev unlikely that B2 and B8 employment uses will be sought. However the exact nature of employment provision will need to be deter should take into account the prevailing economic conditions at that time. that identifies a need for such space in accessible locati access to the strategic road network.
		4.164 In addition, the masterplan <u>should explore how flexible space at ground floor level around the central area could be delivered as part of any mix of development.</u> shall explore how the delivery of not central area can be achieved as a means of providing flexible space at ground floor level to cater for start-up businesses or very so complement similar units which are being implemented through the current scheme, help to enhance the central area and allow for demands over time.
		4.167 A green spine consisting of open space and a cycle route will form a key design feature for development on this site. It will be being implemented and provide clear desire lines and direct access to the <u>adjoining Green Corridor movement network</u> , countryst area will be delivered along this green spine to provide accessible play for the new residents of this area. The Masterplan will also way and bridleways will be incorporated within the Green Spine <u>and at the same time how the scheme will provide a positive contactor descretor</u> .
		4.169 As reflected in the housing trajectory that supports this Local Plan (Appendix 5) – and as reflected through the current outlir limited to 700 dwellings at Finberry until M20 Junction 10a is completed. However, should planning permission be granted before come forward provided the overall total figure for the wider site does not exceed the current capacity constraints. This position will Highways Authorities.
		Amend policy wording to read:
		Policy S15 - Finberry North West
		Finberry north-west is allocated for an indicative capacity of 300 residential dwellings and <u>0.7 ha 8,500sqm</u> of B1-8 emplore proposals for this site will be implemented in accordance with a masterplan that has been jointly agreed between all the which will set out how:
		<ul> <li>a) Residential development is delivered in a way that provides</li> <li>A continuation of the current scheme in terms of the design, scale, layout, materials used and style of build.</li> <li>A graduation of average densities across the site with high density development framing the central area th where the scheme will make a soft transition to the countryside.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Affordable housing in line with Policy HOU1 of this Local Plan in a way that is suitably integrated with the get</li> </ul>
		b) Employment space is delivered to cater for a mix of small and medium sized uses that provides an extension to the

### ) units) Development proposals for the site

hable and deliverable planning solution – one eliver up to 300 residential units and <u>around</u> cal population.

e to maximise its accessibility, promote activity rea much of its vibrancy and sense of place. <u>Illy planned.</u> This scale of The employment evidence that supports the Local Plan, <u>it is</u> ermined through the masterplan process and tions – such as those which enjoy easy

red, to cater for start-up businesses of very ot less than 10 live/work units around the small scale operations. This approach will for flexibility to cater for changing employment

I connect with the green spine that is currently side and beyond. A local children's play space so need to demonstrate how public rights of <u>ntribution to the green corridor functions, in</u>

line permission – housing development is e this date then the dwellings on this site can ill need to be agreed with the Council and the

### bloyment floor space. Development e landowners and the Borough Council

d. hrough to lower density development

general market housing offer.

the currently planned central area. The

Policy S17 –	Amend first line of policy to read:
	m) Provides a proportionate financial contribution towards the delivery of Highway England's scheme for a new M20 Jun improvements identified through agreed transport modelling in accordance with policy TRA8. No residential development or any commercial development (beyond that with an extant planning permission) shall be of M20 Junction 10a is <u>open to traffic.</u> <del>complete, in accordance with policy TRA1</del> .
	h) <u>Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhance and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1. Particular regard should be g East Stour river corridor local wildlife site;</u>
	c) Provides for a minimum of 22 hectares of commercial development including the net additional area of lorry parking.
	Amend Policy wording at c), h), m) and final paragraph to read:
	4.183 Development of the Waterbrook site is also dependent on the delivery of the additional motorway junction capacity propose an initial stage of development (which has planning permission) may come forward in advance of the new junction, occupation of site will need to be restricted until Junction 10a is <del>completed opened to traffic</del> .
	4.176 Elsewhere on the site, the principal uses should be commercial development (B1, B2 or B8) and residential development. S at Orbital Park (e.g. car showrooms) will also be acceptable in principle here. The masterplan shall make provision for a minimum An additional area of land adjacent to the entrance to the site for similar commercial uses has been included within the site policy hectares of commercial development to enable the delivery of 22 hectares in total, <u>including the net additional area of lorry parking</u>
Policy S16 – Waterbrook	Amend supporting text to read:
	ii) a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate capacity, in collaboration with the service provide
	i) appropriate financial contributions towards the delivery of Highway England's scheme for a new M20 Junction 10a, and
	Development on this site shall also provide:
	e) Suitable flood alleviation measures are delivered.
	d) Suitable ecological and flood alleviation measures are delivered. Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be c mitigation and enhancement to be provided on the site and proposals for their future implementation, maintenance and r ENV1.
	<ul> <li>Delivers a 'green spine' – a strategic corridor and cycle route through the site that is complemented by a local chil</li> <li>Provides a suitable buffer for the development where it adjoins the countryside</li> <li><u>Makes a positive contribution to the functions of the Green Corridor in accordance with policy ENV2.</u></li> </ul>
	Provides connectivity and legibility with what is currently being planned and the adjoining Green Corridor network
	masterplan will also establish how not less than 10 live/work units are provided with flexible ground floor space, adja c) Landscaping and open space shall be provided in a way that:
	Waterbrook

#### djacent to the central area.

orks hildren's play space.

## e carried out. Results will inform ecological d monitoring in accordance with policy

## and

## vider.

t. Some 'sui generis' uses, such as those found um of 20 hectares of commercial development. cy area and this could provide an additional 2 <u>ing</u>.

osed in the M20 Junction 10a scheme. Whilst of new development on the remainder of the

### cement measures to be provided on the site e given to protectings and enhancinges the

unction 10a and any other off-site highway

occupied until the proposed scheme for

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	Lees	The site to the south east of the William Harvey Hospital is proposed for residential development for up to 200 with an in
MM21	Policy S19 – Conningbrook residential	Amend supporting text to read: 4.216 The woodland area in the northern section of the site will need to be cleared, and options should be explored to retain the.
	Phase 2	western edge <u>should be retained</u> to provide for natural screening and a buffer between the development and the railway line. If this options should be explored and provided.
		4.220 It is not expected that this site will come forward in advance of the permitted 300 dwelling scheme in Phase 1, as that scher park and its facilities. In any event, the occupation of this site should be dependent on the delivery opening to traffic of the propose provides the additional off-site junction capacity necessary to mitigate the additional traffic generated by the development
		4.220.1 To the north-west of the site, within easy walking distance, there is an existing at-level crossing of the railway line. The Correplace the existing crossing with a new pedestrian / cycleway bridge over the railway in order to provide safer access. Therefore, investigate the potential for it to deliver a new single bridge crossing over the railway line, in co-ordination with Policy S2, with the possible. In addition, provision should be made for pedestrian linkages via the road bridge to the south west of the site.
		Amend policy criteria e) and f) to read:
		e) Provide a substantial landscaped screening, incorporating the retention of a belt of mature trees, between the develop
		f) Proposals for ecological mitigation and enhancement measures are to be provided on the site informed by a habitat su surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhancement measures to be provided on the maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1.
		Final paragraph of policy to read:
		Development on this site shall not be occupied until the proposed scheme for M20 Junction 10a is <del>complete <u>opened to tr</u> unless otherwise agreed with the Council and Highways England</del> .
MM22	Policy S20 – Eureka Park	Amend criterion f) of the Policy as follows:
		f) Ecological mitigation and enhancement measures informed by a habitat survey Appropriate species and habitat survey inform ecological mitigation and enhancement measures to be provided on the site and proposals for implementation, m
		with policy ENV1, with particular regard to The Warren Local Wildlife Site;
MM23	Policy S21 – Orbital Park	Amend Policy S21 as follows:
	Orbital Park	Land at Orbital Park is allocated for B1, B2 and B8 uses. Other sui generis uses that generate a significant employment of
		Development proposals for this land shall:-
		a) Be designed to avoid any significant impact on the amenities of neighbouring residential occupiers on the site's north
		b) Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhancer
		and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with policy ENV1. Particular regard shou

## indicative capacity of 220 dwellings.

<u>A belt of mature trees along the north-</u> this buffer cannot be provided, other screening

neme will enable the delivery of the full country osed M20 Junction 10a scheme as this

Council's preferred solution to this would be to re, any masterplan for the site should fully ne intention of retaining the PRoWs as far as

## opment and the railway line;

survey; Appropriate species and habitat the site and proposals for implementation,

traffic, in accordance with Policy TRA1,

## yeys should be carried out. Results will maintenance and monitoring in accordance

output may be acceptable.

thern boundary;

ement measures to be provided on the site build be given to protecting existing

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		<ul> <li>important habitats (especially alongside the East Stour river and within the South Willesborough Dykes Local Wildlife Sit site layout to provide new habitat links – such as planted areas, hedgerows and ditches – linking habitats and providing long term habitat management of these areas;</li> <li>c) Ensure that the plot ratio for the development of B1 office plots does not exceed 0.4:1; and,</li> <li>d) Protect Preserve or enhance the setting of the Boys Hall scheduled ancient monument</li> </ul>
MM24	Policy S22 – Chart Industrial Estate	Amend Policy S22 opening paragraph and b) as follows:-         Land at Chart Industrial estate is allocated for B1, B2 and B8 uses and has the potential to be redeveloped more intensive bulky goods retail warehousing and other employment generating uses would also be acceptable in principle provided the relocated within Ashford and policy EMP2 is complied with. Development proposals for this site shall:         b)       Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enha site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with policy ENV1. ensure that for should be given to the riverside setting of the site, nature conservation interests and the need to take account of the
MM25	Policy S24 – Tenterden Southern Extension Phase B	Amend supporting text to read:         4.267 Phase B needs to be seen and planned as an evolution of the Phase A development, in line with an overall masterplan that this significant extension to the town and ensures that the whole development (Phase A and B) can be successfully linked to the to I: the Phase B land should not be occupied before the routes being planned as part of the Phase A development are suitably estal for Phase B to utilise, as this would produce a separate sottlement which would not strengthen the town centre and would leave a land and the existing town centre without clear purpose or structure. Furthermore, the Phase B land could not successfully be linke through the Phase A development if these had not been provided and / or Phase A was still under construction.         Amend policy wording at opening paragraphs and criteria a) and f) to read:         Policy S24 - Tenterden Southern Extension Phase B         Land to the south of the TENT 1A development is proposed for residential development and the site (known as Phase B) capacity of 225 dwellings. The Phase B site shall not be occupied until the TENT1A development has been completed. th part of the Phase A development are suitably established so that they can provide connections for Phase B to utilise.         Development of this site shall be in accordance a masterplan / development brief that has been submitted to and approve masterplan / development brief shall identify the timing of the planting of a substantial woodland (incorporating wetland) development area within this site which shall be at least 20m in depth and should provide connectivity between the two for whole. Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhat the site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with p

## Site) wherever practical and designing the groutes for wildlife and provide for the

## ively than its current layout. Proposals for that existing employment uses can be

## nancement measures to be provided on the t future development has Particular regard the wider riverside corridor area;

at creates a clear and coherent framework for town centre by high quality routes. Therefore tablished so that they can provide connections a fragmented open area between the Phase B hed to the town centre by high quality routes

# 3) is suitable for an additional indicative the high quality routes being planned as

oved by the Borough Council. The d) belt to the south of the built o parts of the AONB into one integrated hancement measures to be provided on

## tructure and employment land to be

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		a) The retention and, where possible, enhancement of existing hedges and natural watercourses and ponds on the site
		f) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to <u>conserve and, where possible, enhance the <del>protect the character and</del> set</u>
MM26	Policy S25 - Pickhill Business Village	Amend site map to be in accordance with the boundary change consulted on at Main Changes consultation:
MM27	Policy S26 –	Amend policy with addition of the following criteria: <u>f) Provide a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network, in collaboration with the serv</u> <u>the existing sewerage infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes.</u> Factual updates - Amend Paragraphs 4.279 and 4.281
	Appledore, The Street	<ul> <li>4.279 To the north of the site is a row of 2-storey housing along the road frontage, with Magpie Farm and its associated outbuildin developed as a residential scheme (2018)</li> <li>4.281 The southern area of the site lies within the Appledore Conservation Area (CA) and the whole site is within an Area of Archa Encampment)</li> <li><i>Amend 4.284 as follows:</i></li> <li>4.284 Opportunities to incorporate and enhance biodiversity, informed from the results of the appropriate species and habitats sur ENV1. In particular, development should take opportunities to help connect and improve the wider ecological networks in this area increase in recreational pressure that may arise from the development of this site. There is an opportunity along the western edge</li> </ul>

etting of the AONB;

## rvice provider, and ensure future access to

dings to the North West, a site currently being

chaeological Importance (Viking

surveys will be encouraged in accordance with rea and to mitigate against any potential dge, within the area of flood zone 2 and 3, to eate an informal nature reserve. A pedestrian

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		access point should therefore he retained at the year of the village hell to access this part of the site
		access point should therefore be retained at the rear of the village hall to access this part of the site.
		Amend policy as follows:
		The site in The Street, Appledore is proposed for residential development for <u>an indicative capacity of</u> <del>up to</del> 20 dwellings the village hall and its car park. Development proposals for this site shall:
		<ul> <li>a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to preserve and preserve or enhance the character and setting of the C needs to be given to the visibility of new development from the road;</li> <li>e) Undertake biodiversity surveys and Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out. Results will in enhancement measures to be provided on the site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring</li> </ul>
		Particular regard should be given to the potential of providing an informal nature reserve along the western edge and allowing ecological connections to the wider countryside; and
MM28	Policy S27 –	Amend supporting text 4.288 – 4.292 to read:
	Biddenden, North Street	4.288 The site is considered suitable for residential development of up to around 45 units, which should be located on the souther approximately 2.3ha and therefore development will be less than 20 dwellings per hectare. This reflects the density of adjoining per adjoining the countryside in this location.
		4.290 The village of Biddenden offers a range of services and community facilities, however, at present there is an identified need 2014 <u>identifies a wish</u> for a new community facility that could be used to provide improved healthcare facilities such as a GP surg a small room in the village hall) and other village activities. Development of this site provides an opportunity to provide a mixed us needs. Liaison with the Parish Council, local healthcare providers, the Village Hall Committee and other local stakeholders is essent community building would meets reasonable local requirements and is built to appropriate building specifications for the range of be established, there is also potential for the site to accommodate a building for small scale commercial uses, such as local office
		4.291 Careful consideration must be given to the overall site layout to ensure the community facility or any office space building is residential amenity of the new homes in ways such as parking and overlooking. This can be achieved by locating the community to the site entrance on North Street, and providing sufficient car parking for the facility to ensure that on-street parking of its users design and layout of the development should reflect the local surroundings and must take into account design guidance in the Bid
		4.292 The site is currently visually well screened by mature trees and hedgerows. This screening and landscaping should be reta impact of the new development on the existing residents to the east and south of the site and on the character and setting of the rebuildings, in particular The Willows Grade II listed building, which is adjacent to the site. As there are ponds on site and known wil ecological survey appropriate surveys should be undertaken to assess if any mitigation is required in accordance with ENV1. This and measures to provide ecological movement networks.
		Amend Policy criteria a, d, e and g as follows:
		a) Provide a <u>building which could be used as either a</u> community facility <del>building on-site</del> to accommodate local services with appropriate stakeholders, <u>or for local office space;</u>
		d) Ensure appropriate bespoke on-site parking is provided for the community facility/office building;
		e) Retain and <u>, wherever possible,</u> enhance current hedge and tree boundaries around the site to create a soft landscape neighbouring properties, <u>paying particular regard to conserving or enhancing nearby heritage assets;</u>
		g) Undertake ecological survey work; Ensure appropriate species and habitat surveys are carried out. Results will inform
	1	17

## gs with potential to provide an extension to

### Conservation Area. Particular attention

inform ecological mitigation and ng in accordance with ENV1. explore of the site, utilising the existing ponds

ern half of the site. This part of the site is properties and is suitable for a setting

ed in The Biddenden Community Led Plan gery/branch (branch currently operating out of use community building that could meet these sential to ensure that the proposals for a f potential uses. If a community need cannot e space.

is accessible to all, without impacting on the +building on the northern part of the site, close rs does not adversely affect residents. The iddenden Parish Design Statement.

ained and enhanced to minimise the visual nearby Conservation Area and listed vildlife such as bats and amphibians, an is may include the need for additional planting

es and functions, designed in consultation

be buffer between new development and

rm ecological mitigation and enhancement

		measures to be provided on the site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with to the ponds and known wildlife on site.
MM29	Policy S28 – Charing	Amend 4.298 as follows:
	Northdown Service Station	4.298 Given the character and appearance of the surrounding countryside area and proximity to the AONB to the north, larger progenerally located in the most sensitive locations on the rural edge, and well-considered additional structural planting will be require
		Charing Parish Design Statement when designing the style and layout of development.
		Amend Policy S28 as follows:
		Land at Northdown Service Station is proposed for residential development for <u>an indicative capacity of up to</u> 20 dwellin shall:
		a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to protect the character and setting of the <u>Kent Downs AONB and surround</u> needs to be given to the topography of the site, <u>impact upon the adjoining AONB</u> and advice in the Charing Parish Desig <u>comprise a mix of dwelling types with a maximum of two storeys in height;</u>
		<ul> <li>b) Provide vehicle access onto the A20 Maidstone Road, as shown on the policies map;</li> <li>c) Retain the existing employment uses on the frontage where possible;</li> </ul>
		d) Retain and, where possible, enhance the hedge and tree boundaries around and within the site, particularly where the additional structural planting along the western boundary;
		e) Ensure that any land contamination issues are satisfactorily investigated and resolved or mitigated.
MM30	Policy S29 – Charing, Land	Amend supporting text to read:
	south of Arthur Baker Playing Fields	4.303 The playing fields to the north of the site are a well-used and popular local facility. Existing access to the playing fields is un residential development at The Moat. The layout of this site should enable a separate access to be created for vehicles, pedestria A20. Similarly, the pavilion and changing facilities are poor which undermines the ability of the playing fields to cater for the addition proposed significant increase in development in Charing. Development of this site should make a financial contribution towards the The scale of such a contribution will be negotiated with the Borough Council (in consultation with the Parish Council).
		4.304 Due to the proximity of the playing fields, on-site provision of public open space will not be expected but a financial contribu- on the playing field will be required in accordance with policy COM2 Appropriate financial contributions for community and sports provisions set out in COM1 and COM2 of this Local Plan.
		Amend policy opening sentence and e) and f) as follows:
		The land south of the Arthur Baker playing fields is proposed for residential development, up to with an indicative capac
		e) provide play equipment on the adjacent playing field in accordance with policy COM2; and, f) provide a financial contribution towards the provision of a new or upgraded pavilion at the Arthur Baker playing field. e) Provide appropriate financial contributions towards sports and community infrastructure in line with the provisions se
MM31	Policy S30 –	Amend policy first sentence and criterion a), and insert addition of criteria f) as follows:
	Egerton, New Road	The land north east of New Road is proposed for residential development for up to an indicative capacity of 15 units. Dev
		a) Be designed and laid out to take account of the residential amenity of neighbouring occupiers. Particular attention ne

## h ENV1. Particular regard should be given

properties in generous plots should be <u>uired</u>. Consideration must be given to the

lings. Development proposals for this site

nding countryside. Particular attention ign Statement. <u>The development should</u>

nere is adjoining countryside, and provide

unsatisfactory being via the adjoining rians and cyclists to the playing fields from the litional demand that will occur from the the provision of a new or upgraded pavilion.

bution towards the provision of play equipment is provision will be sought, in line with the

acity of 35 units.

L set out in Policy COM1 and COM2.

Development proposals for this site shall:

needs to be given to the topography of the

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		site and views of the village church. A scheme of no more than 2-storeys will be suitable. The Egerton Parish Design Statement should be taken into accourt
		f) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of public open space and equipped play at the village recreation ground in accordance with Policy COM2.
MM32	Policy S31 – Hamstreet, Land North of St.Mary's Close	Amend site map to incorporate green buffer:
		Amend supporting text paragraphs 4.314 and 4.318 to read: 4.314 The site is opposite the Hamstreet Primary Academy and the development of this site presents a unique opportunity to deliver improved facilities for the school whic currently has limited space within its existing site. Development of the site would enable the provision of a youth football pitch (Under 14/15s) with an associated changing room facility (2 room and storage) for the use of the Academy that could also be used by the wider community. Also, the Academy currently has limited car parking on site this is an opportunity to provide additional staff car parking spaces within the new development. It is important that the football pitch, its associated facilities and the car parking areas for the school are well integrated into the development and are designed to reduce visual import to a practical minimum. Details of any fencing, including its height, materials and design shall need to be carefully considered. The location of the football pitch and school parking area shall be towards the western end of the site in close proximity to the main school buildings opposite. The site will also enable the provision of a small, single storey an outdoor classroom facility and this should be locate on the <u>north-eastern</u> edge of the site, within the landscape buffer there within the second phase of the development. The expansion and improvement of the Academy's facilities will also help to facilitate the expansion of the academy to a full 2FE school. 4.318 The location of the development should be relatively low a provide generous landscaped buffers to the northern and eastern boundaries. Where the site adjoins ancient woodland to the north, a landscaped buffer of at least 30 met from any built development should be provided in accordance with the Policies Map for the site. This buffer area should be cloude any areas of residential curtilage or car parking and only circulatory footpaths with no hard surface may be provided. A mix of dwelling

## In Statement should be taken into account;

## ge recreation ground in accordance with

leliver improved facilities for the school which Under 14/15s) with an associated changing emy currently has limited car parking on site and pitch, its associated facilities and the car inimum. Details of any fencing, including its all be towards the western end of the site in r classroom facility and this should be located ision and improvement of the Academy's

new development should be relatively low and north, a landscaped buffer of at least 30 metres e any areas of residential curtilage or car ded. The site has a rural aspect and given the ne design and layout of any scheme must take count to achieve a suitably designed

		design of the sports and educational facilities on site also respond well to local design and character, avoiding excessive clutter an setting.
		Amend policy criteria a), b), c), d), i) l) and n) to read:
		Development proposals for this site shall:
		a) Provide a new youth football pitch to Football Association standards with changing room facilities and storage, for us community at other times, which should be well-designed and integrated into the overall layout, and avoid excessive particle ENV4;
		b) Provide a new area of staff car parking for the Academy with a minimum of 60 spaces which would be used to serve the placed within close proximity to the school and with a view to safeguarding residential amenity;
		c) Provide an outdoor classroom facility for the Academy at the north-eastern edge of the site;
		d) Be designed and laid out to take account of the residential amenity of neighbouring occupiers. Particular attention ne site and dwellings should be oriented to enable overlooking and natural surveillance of open areas. The No developmen storeys in height. The guidance in the Hamstreet Village Design Statement shall inform the design and layout of the deve elements.
		i) Provide a <del>generous</del> landscaped buffer to the northern and eastern boundaries of the site <u>, with a minimum of 30m betw</u> and the northern boundary with the adjacent Ancient Woodland;
		I) Consider the impact upon views to and from the site <u>due to internal and local topography</u> , informed by a landscape an appropriate structural and internal landscaping and building heights, and having particular regard to the significance of
		n) <u>Ensure appropriate species and habitat surveys are carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhanc</u> site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1.
MM33	Policy S32 – Hamstreet, Land	Amend supporting text:
	at Parker Farm	4.323 This site was allocated for residential development within the Tenterden and Rural Sites DPD (as policy HAM2) with an indizo16. However, the latest Environment Agency flood mapping shows that flood zones 2 and 3 have extended into the site since it covering approximately half of the site area. A subsequent iteration of Environment Agency Flood Risk mapping indicated that Floor since the previous allocation. For this reason, the developable area has was been reduced to 0.38ha and only included includes to lowered the capacity of the site for up to 10 dwellings (at 26dph). The latest Environmental Agency flood mapping now shows that boundary, is within Flood Zone 1, and therefore an increase in capacity could be given consideration.
		Amend first sentence and criteria a), delete criteria e) and new h) as follows:
		Land at Parker Farm is proposed for residential development for up to with an indicative capacity of 10 units. Development
		a) Retain and, wherever possible, enhance the existing hedge and tree boundary around the site to screen the developm soft landscaping along site boundaries. The Hamstreet Village Design Statement should be taken into account when cor
		e) Provide informal open space in the flood zone area of the site; and
		h) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of public open space at Pound Lees recreation groun

and paraphernalia in this sensitive landscape

## ise by the Academy and by the wider araphernalia and lighting in line with Policy

the new football pitch at other times, to be

eeds to be given to the topography of the ent <u>on the site</u> should be <del>no</del> more than two velopment, <u>including any non-residential</u>

ween the built footprint of any development

nd visual impact assessment, to determine f the adjacent SSSI and Ancient Woodland;

cement measures to be provided on the

dicative capacity of 20 dwellings, phased post its previous allocation in 2010, and is now lood Zones 2 and 3 had extended into this site the area outside of the flood zones. This has at the majority of the site, save for the eastern

nent proposals for this site shall:

ment from the open countryside and create onsidering design and layout;

und in accordance with Policy COM2.

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MM34	Policy S33 – High Halden – Land at Hope House	<ul> <li>Amend paragraphs 4.332, 4.335 and 4.336 as follows:</li> <li>4.332 The part of the site considered appropriate for development is approximately 1.7 hectares, which is the land between Rowa immediately to the rear of Hope House, Monarch House and Bourne Farm. The area in which the ponds are located on the road f built development due to the ecological mitigation required on-site and must be enhanced to create a wildlife area. This should be surveys and be in accordance with the requirements of ENV1. The site is therefore considered suitable for up to 35 units, which is hectare.</li> <li>4.335 In view of the limited visibility splays currently available. The development will be dependent upon the provision of 2.4 × 43r in conjunction with the extension of the 30mph limit to cover the site access, to be agreed with the local highway authority.</li> <li>4.336 Due to the site's proximity to a Grade II listed farmhouse (Hope House), high quality design must be achieved within the ner proposals should include details of the design of outdoor lighting and street furniture, signage, and landscaping. The built footprint ar soft green buffer along part of the western and southern boundaries to help mitigate the impact on the adjacent residential occu adjoining countryside.</li> <li>Amend Policy wording at a), b) c) and new f) as follows:</li> <li>a) Appropriate species and habitat surveys should be carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhance and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1. Particular regard should be view of pen space associated with the existing pond/s and mitigate against impacts from development on the biodiverse this area to the adjoining countryside by retaining existing trees and hedging within the site, where possible;</li> <li>b) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to protect the character and setting of the village and the residential ameni to preserve or and enhance the setting of the listed building, Hope House; attentio</li></ul>
		orientated to enable overlooking and natural surveillance of the wildlife/pond area; c) Provide primary vehicle access onto the A28 Ashford Road, as shown on the policies map and include the provision of traffic to 30mph or less an extended 30mph speed limit and a new gateway feature, in accordance with the recommendate and Transportation. f) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of public open space and equipped play at the village Policy COM2.
MM35	Policy S34 – Hothfield, land east of Coach Drive	DELETE Policy S34 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.338 – 4.344.
MM36	Policy S35 – Mersham, Land adjacent to Village Hall	<ul> <li>Amend supporting text and policy wording first sentence as follows:</li> <li>4.346 This site provides an opportunity to facilitate an extension to the Village Hall as well as additional parking provision. It is with the range of services provided there. It is considered suitable for residential development for up to an indicative capacity of 10 dw</li> <li>The site on land adjacent to Mersham Village Hall is proposed for residential development, for up to an indicative capacity capacities and the construction of the village Hall is proposed for residential development, for up to an indicative capacity capacity of Add new criteria e):</li> </ul>
		e) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of public open space and equipped play at the villag

ans and Lynton in the east including the land frontage has not been taken into account for be informed by appropriate species and habitat is equivalent to around 20 dwellings per

3m. acceptable visibility splays being provided

ew development. For example, development int of development on this site needs to be ural screening and habitat whilst also including supiers and on the character and setting of the

ement measures to be provided on the site given to enhanceing the north western sity. provideing a wildlife corridor from

nity of neighbouring dwellings, particularly y of the site and dwellings should be

of traffic calming measures to slow the ation of Kent County Council Highways

ge recreation ground in accordance with

ithin walking distance of the village centre and wellings (at around 15 dwellings per hectare).

city of 10 dwellings.

ge recreation ground in accordance with

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		Policy COM2.
MM37	Policy S36 – Shadoxhurst – Rear of Kings Head PH	Amend supporting text and policy wording to reflect development under construction:         4.353 At 1.4ha in size, the site is considered suitable for up to 25 19 units, depending on the size and layout of the dwellings. Large spacious plots joining on to the open countryside to the south and east. Development should front onto Woodchurch Road, Maytric creating rows of development. There is also opportunity for small clusters of development in the southern area of the site.         The site rear of the Kings head in Shadoxhurst is proposed for residential development for up to 25 an indicative capacity
<b>MM38</b>	Policy S37 – Smarden, Land adj. to Village Hall	Revised map of site reflecting planning approval as follows:         Image: Constraint of the street stree

## arger properties should be located on more ytree Place and the proposed new access road,

## city of 19 dwellings.

by hedgerows and trees. The site has outline

out and design. Development should enhance serving the rural edge by backing on to the

nsity of the surrounding developments by s' set out in the Smarden Parish Design

age hall setting and usage. It also contains a he policies map, which will benefit the village

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Amend policy wording to read:
		The site adjacent to the Village Hall in Smarden is proposed for residential development for <del>up to 25</del> <u>an indicative capaci</u> proposals for this site shall:
		Amend criterion b) to read:
		b) Create an area of informal Public Open Space along the southern parcel of the site, adjacent to the memorial hall, which on the policies map;
MM39	Policy S38 – Smeeth, Land	Amend policy at criteria a) and new e) to be consistent with the requirements outlined in the supporting text as follows:
	South of Church Road	a) Be designed and laid out to take account of the residential amenity of neighbouring occupiers. <del>Dwellings should be or</del> natural surveillance of open areas. The development should be no more than two stories in height;
		e) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of public open space and equipped play at the village Policy COM2.
MM40	Policy S40 – Woodchurch,	Amend/ re-order paragraphs 4.383, 4.384, 4.387 and 4.389 as follows:
	Front Rd	4.383 In order to respect the rural setting of this part of the Conservation Area and the Townland Green Character Area within it, p have a sufficient degree of openness and visual connection with the countryside. The design and layout of the scheme should and buildings to retain allow for long historic views through the site to the countryside beyond. This could be achieved with varying plot from Front Road and not be of a scale or massing which would dominate this approach to the Conservation Area or the public view development must be consistent with the current linear building line. Principal elevations should be located facing the road frontage of properties.
		4.384 In order to respect the adjoining Townland Green Character Area within the Conservation Area and the siting of properties of well back from Front Road and not be of a scale or massing which would dominate this approach to the Conservation Area or the western boundary of the site is open to long views from the South (Brook Street) and therefore appropriate landscaping must be places to lessen the visual impact of the buildings on the landscape. This must be designed to retain the longer views through the
		properties as detailed above.
		4.385 The site is now therefore considered suitable for up to 8 units depending on the size and layout of the dwellings. Development density (>14dph)
		4.386 Due to the height of the land above the road and rise in land from south to north a maximum of 2-storey housing only will be coming forward should reflect the 'guidelines' set out in the Woodchurch Village Design Statement and take into account the Cons reference to the updated Conservation Area Appraisal.
		4.387 The layout and design of the development must be consistent with the current linear building line and principal elevations sl parking located on the front and side of properties
		4.388 The main vehicular access will be provided on Front Road as shown on the policy map, however access to properties fronti this does not require significant hedge loss. A pedestrian footpath must also be provided along the frontage.
		4.389 The south western boundary of the site is open to long views from the South (Brook Street) and therefore appropriate, subs

## acity of 50 dwellings. Development

hich includes the existing PRoW, as shown

orientated to enable overlooking and

## ge recreation ground in accordance with

proposals for development in this area must and allow for significant spaces between olot sizes. Development should be set well back iews from it and the layout and design of the tage, with parking located on the front and side

s opposite the site, development should be set ne public views from it. However, the south provided along this boundary in various he site to the countryside beyond between the

ment here is proposed at a low

be acceptable. The design of proposals onservation Area setting of the site, with

should be located on the road frontage, with

nting the road may be achieved individually if

bstantial landscaping must be provided along

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		this boundary to lessen the visual impact on the landscape, but also be designed to allow views through the site to the countryside
		Amend policy wording as follows:
		<ul> <li>a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to protect and preserve or enhance the character and setting of the Woodcl Conservation Area Appraisal and Woodchurch Village Design Statement guidelines must be taken into account when co</li> <li>b) Be of a scale or massing which would not dominate this approach to the Conservation Area, and ensure be a maximum provide significant gaps between dwellings which retain the key historic views through the site to the countryside;</li> <li>c) Be set well back from Front Road with the principal elevations facing the road frontage;</li> </ul>
		d) Subject to providing safe access to the site, retain and enhance a hedge boundary to Front Road and provide substan screen the development from the open countryside and protect the amenity of neighbouring properties, whilst retaining countryside <u>within the gaps between the built development</u> .
MM41	Policy S41 – Chilham,	Amend supporting text as follows:
	Mulberry Hill	4.395 This site is located between the built area of Chilham village and the small hamlet of Old Wives Lees, on a connecting road narrow rural lane, on a steep gradient, with limited vehicle passing places and no footpaths to either settlement. It is therefore una vehicular traffic and would not be sustainable for general market housing due to the restricted access to services. However, there properties located around the site boundary., and therefore the site is not considered to be completely 'isolated' in the countryside
		4.396 The site considered to be suitable for the provision of 2- <u>'exclusive' properties low density 'high quality' detached dwellings.</u> design and quality or 'innovative' in nature, reflecting highest standards of architecture in accordance with paragraph 55 of the NP
		4.397 The site is located within the Kent Downs Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty and has views of the surrounding countryside design of the 2 properties and the landscaping of the curtilage must make a positive <u>contribution to the landscape setting</u> not hare detrimental impact on and must have regard to the amenity of the neighbouring properties.
		4.398 The buildings should be located on the eastern side of the site, a similar distance from the road to that of the neighbouring promise from the AONB to the west.
		4.399 The nearby village of Chilham is particularly important in heritage terms as it contains Chilham Castle and a large number of which covers most of the settlement. There are also sites of archaeological importance in close proximity to the site. The design of these defining heritage assets and characteristics of the local area. Design proposals coming forward must also indicate how the
		Amend policy S41 as follows:
		Development proposals for this site must:
		a) Meet exceptional a high quality or innovative nature of design, which criteria:
		<ul> <li><u>Responds to and is well integrated with the natural topography of the site</u></li> <li>Pays particular regard to its setting, and utilise design to make a positive contribution to local character and that of the site of the setting of the site of the</li></ul>
		Uses locally appropriate materials
		<ul> <li>be truly outstanding or innovative, helping to raise standards of design more generally in rural areas;</li> <li>reflect the highest standards in architecture;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>significantly enhance the immediate setting; and</li> </ul>

de beyond.

## church Conservation Area. The updated considering the design of the site; um height of 2-storey properties <u>and</u>

## antial soft landscaping around the site to g key historic views through the site to the

ad between the two settlements. The road is a nable to accommodate a large increase in re are a small number of large detached de.

.\_\_The properties must be of outstanding IPPF.

de setting. The innovative and high quality arm the immediate or wider setting, or have a

properties, to minimise views of the buildings

r of Listed Buildings within a Conservation Area of the properties here must be sensitive to e immediate setting will <u>could</u> be enhanced.

of the AONB

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	<ul> <li>be sensitive to the defining characteristics of the local area.</li> <li>b) Retain and enhance the existing hedge and tree boundariesy around the site and screen the development from the to create soft landscaping along site boundaries;</li> <li>c) Provide a dedicated vehicular accesses for each dwelling, as shown on the policies map;</li> <li>d) Provide a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by Southern W existing sewerage system for maintenance and upsizing purposes.</li> </ul>
MM42 Policy S42 – St Michaels Beechwood Farm	Insert vehicle access point arrow on the policies map as shown: The set vehicle access point arrow on the policies map as shown: The set was submitted for low density high quality detached dwellings and is considered suitable for <u>such this 'exclusive'</u> + Arrend supporting text and policy S42 as follows: 4.402 The site was submitted for low density 'high quality' detached dwellings and is considered suitable for <u>such this 'exclusive'</u> + This amount of development enables the retention of the mature trees and hedges, in particular the large Oak, and enhancement suitable aquatic habitat. 4.403 The design of the properties here must be sensitive to characteristics of the local area and design proposals must indicate f and its topography will-be enhanced. The buildings must should be of innovative and high quality design and must not harm the in should be situated away from the road frontage, in large plots, reflecting the built form of neighbouring properties to the south, and as shown on the Policies Map. Land at Beechwood Farm is allocated for 'exclusive' residential development of up to three dwellings. Development proposals for this site must: a) Meet exceptional a high quality or innovative nature of design, which criteria: • Responds to and is well integrated with the natural topography of the site; particularly the slope towards the west

he AONB and open countryside by creating

Water, and ensure future access to the

<sup>2</sup> home purpose, for up to 3 dwellings only. ht retention of the pond that lies beneath it as

e how <u>they will work with the</u> immediate setting immediate or wider setting. The properties nd will share one access from Ashford Road

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		<ul> <li><u>Respects the particular landscape setting</u></li> <li><u>Uses locally appropriate materials</u></li> <li><u>be truly outstanding or innovative, helping to raise standards of design more generally in rural areas;</u></li> <li><u>reflect the highest standards in architecture;</u></li> <li><u>significantly enhance the immediate setting; and</u></li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>significantly enhance the inimediate setting, and</li> <li>be sensitive to the defining characteristics of the local area.</li> </ul>
		b) Retain and, wherever possible, enhance the existing mature hedge and tree boundary around and within the site whe reduce impacts on neighbouring properties;
		c) Provide a singular vehicular access, as shown on the policies map;
		d) Provide a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate capacity, as advised by Southern Wate sewerage system for maintenance and upsizing purposes.
MM43	Policy S44 – Watery Lane, Westwell	Amend supporting text, policy wording and map as follows:
		4.409 This site is currently located on a parcel of land on the outskirts of the village of Westwell. The site directly adjoins the sidi north and is located within a wider adjacent to an agricultural field to the south, which itself is bounded by the railway line. The but the southwest, some 80 metres from the site entrance.
		4.410 Area A of the larger site is currently utilised as a single Gypsy and Traveller pitch, which is resided on by a specific named
		4.411 Area B of the site is currently an agricultural field, which has the ability to accommodate an additional 4 pitches
		4.412 Although both sites are currently separate, proposals that unify the sites into one single site of 5 pitches would be seen as independent in their own right would also be considered acceptable. In both instances the design and layout should facilitate proposals that unify the sites into one single site of 5 pitches would be seen as independent in their own right would also be considered acceptable. In both instances the design and layout should facilitate proposals that unify the sites are currently separate, proposals that unify the sites into one single site of 5 pitches would be seen as independent in their own right would also be considered acceptable. In both instances the design and layout should facilitate proposals that unify and individual well being. Utilising the guidance set out in the licencing document 'Mo England- Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960' should be used when designing the layout of the site, as this is currently available on pitch design. However, any design for the scheme should utilise the most up-to-date guidance available at the time.
		4.413 The overall site is located within an area designated as AONB. The primary purpose of AONB designation is to conserve a designation the provision of a <u>one pitch</u> Gypsy and Traveller site in this location is considered tolerable, <u>as this pitch is set at a lo</u> <u>visible from the wider area</u> . as the area has been significantly altered by the provision of the M20 Motorway. In addition, <u>the site is motorway or wider landscape views</u> . although visible from the Motorway itself, can be easily screened and remodelled through landscape views.
		proposals for development of this site should provide a landscaping scheme to mitigate against any potential impacts on the AON

ere possible to screen the development and

ter, and ensure future access to the existing

dings of is close to the M20 motorway to the buildings of Sunnybridge Farm are located to

d family on a temporary permission basis.

s a suitable approach, although keeping them oper management and access, in addition to lodel Standards 2008 for Caravan Sites in currently the most up-to-date standards

and enhance the natural beauty. Despite this lower level than the M20 motorway and is not is relatively low lying, and not visible from the landscaping and planting. Therefore, any ONB, which would need to be agreed by the

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		Council.
		4.414 Due to the location of the site within direct proximity of the M20 motorway, the site would need to provide some form of acous ensure the well being of the residents that will reside there. Whether this could be provided via planting or other acoustic measures at the planning applications stage. The possibility of providing this acoustic protection in connection with the landscaping scheme v
		4.415 Finally, t <u>T</u> o ensure that the site can be provide for the benefit of the wider gypsy and traveller community any personal perm removed at planning applications stage and the site shall only be occupied by those persons who meet the most current definition
		Policy S44 - Westwell - Watery Lane
		Planning permission will be granted for <u>1 pitch</u> a maximum of 5 pitches at Watery Lane, Westwell, if the following criteria
		<ul> <li>a) Noise mitigation measures are provided <u>and maintained.</u> on the northern boundary of the site;</li> <li>b) Suitable landscaping is provided for the site to minimise its visual impact on the landscape;</li> </ul>
		c) The design of the site utilises the most up-to-date guidance on pitch design and layout.
MM44	Policy S45 – Land South of	Amend paragraph 4.420 as follows:
	Brockman's Lane, Bridgefield	Access is proposed via Brockman's Lane, and it is recommended that as part of this development that the speed limit along Brock proposed development at the adjacent site (S14) indicates a proposed site access adjoining the existing controlled junction at Finn development of the S14 site should investigate the potential to improve the overall junction arrangements in this vicinity. The devel upon this junction and if deemed appropriate then it should make a proportionate contribution to junction improvements in this loca
		Amend paragraph 4.421 as follows:
		There is a pedestrian connectivity constraint with regards to delivery of this site, which is that this site should not come forward unti- developed as there is no footway connection and no means of providing a footway connection until connections with Park Farm Sc Council could not support this site coming forward in advance of site S14 but the site can be developed once the necessary infrast Furthermore, more thought needs to be given about bus provision and how the Park Farm South East site and this site will be serv serve these two sites due to the distance from the existing services at Park Farm East (Bridgefield)
		Add new paragraph after 4.422
		The site is located within a mineral safeguarding area. A Minerals Assessment must be undertaken and submitted in accordance v Safeguarding SPD, to establish whether any extraction is required in advance of residential development.
		Amend policy wording to read:
		The site to the south of Brockman's Lane is proposed for residential development with an indicative capacity of 100 dwel the necessary infrastructure to serve the adjacent S14 site. Development proposals for the site shall:
		Amend criterion b) as follows:-
		b) Be accessed from Brockman's Lane. Potential contribution to junction improvements at Finn Farm Road if required.
		Insert an additional clause into policy S45 as follows:-
L		

coustic protection on its northern boundary, to res would need to be explored in further detail e would be seen as an acceptable approach.

rmissions regarding parts of the site should be on of Gypsies and Travellers.

ia are met:

ckmans Lane is reduced to 40mph. The inn Farm Road and it is proposed that the velopment of this additional site will impact cation.

Intil the Park Farm south East (S14) is South East can be achieved. Therefore the astructure is in place to serve the S14 site. erved. A new service is likely to be required to

with the Kent Minerals and Waste Local Plan

ellings to be delivered after completion of

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		i) Prior to the grant of planning permission for non-minerals development at the site, the applicant shall prepare and sul whether any prior extraction of minerals should take place in advance of residential development.
MM45	Policy S47 – Land east of Hothfield Mill	DELETE Policy S47 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.431 – 4.441.
MM46	Policy S48 – Land rear of Holiday Inn Hotel	DELETE Policy S48 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.442 – 4.450.
MM47	Policy S49 – Land at Tutt Hill, A20	DELETE Policy S49 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.451 – 4.460.
MM48	Policy S51 - Aldington, Land north of Church View	Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:
		4.461 This site is located on the north eastern entrance to Aldington village, adjoining the small cul-de-sac of Church View. On the

## ubmit a Minerals Assessment to establish

the opposite side of Goldwell Lane are the

former surgery, the Aldington Eco Centre, and 5 terraced houses in Goldwell Close. The site is located in close proximity to the vi and a number of other local services in the village centre.
4.462 <u>At around 0.35ha, the site is considered suitable for an indicative capacity of 6 dwellings</u> . The topography and landscape se sits on top of the Greensand Ridge, and the North Downs frame views to the north. This site is part of a larger agricultural field wh existing linear housing development which is located along its frontage, to the north and east, before inclining again towards Aldin
4.463 From within the site, and from Goldwell Lane itself, there are long and important views of the Grade I listed Aldington Church Archbishops Palace which are also listed. Situated 1km away from the village to the east, this cluster of listed buildings is included and together forms an important heritage asset and a key feature in the landscape as it sits prominently on higher ground. For the depth, frontage development of 2 storeys is suitable in this location, with a <u>distinct gap between the properties and an area of ope free from built development south of the PRoW</u> to enable retention of these key vistas and protection of the wider landscape character considered suitable for up to 10_dwellings. Given the landscape character and vistas of the heritage assets, only single or two stores
4.464 There is a PRoW located along the northern edge of the site which must be retained and, if possible, enhanced in collaboral important views from this footpath towards the site, and across the Greensand Ridgeway towards the church, must be retained. <u>The spaces created within the layout and</u> by providing gaps in the built frontage. <del>and any</del> Screening that should also be provided to lead from this wider setting, <u>but designed in such a way as to retain the views from the open spaces</u> . The design and layout must also neighbouring occupiers in Goldwell Close and Church View.
4.465 There is currently an agricultural vehicle access on the northern part of the site in Goldwell Lane, however it is recommender the development in the southern area, at the point shown on the policies map.
4.466 The boundary between the site and the road frontage is currently defined by an established mature hedgerow, and to prese this be retained within the development layout where possible. It is suggested that a set back layout similar to that of the adjacent this aim.
4.467 Due to the close proximity of the village's public open space and equipped play area to the site, no on-site provision is require are opportunities through financial contributions to provide enhancements for these areas. Contributions to the maintenance of the development will also be sought. A footpath connection must be made to the local network.
4.468 Southern Water's assessment has revealed that additional sewerage infrastructure would be required to serve the propose therefore be required to make a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network. Early liaison shou regard.
Policy S51 – Aldington - Land north of Church View
The site is proposed for residential development of up to 10 with an indicative capacity of 6 dwellings. Development pro
a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to conserve the mature hedgerow along the road frontage if <u>where</u> possible new development and create an area of open space free from development of approximately 25 metres south of the PRo the site to the <u>Grade I listed church and surrounding</u> heritage assets. <del>and also.</del> The overall design of the scheme must a
the topography of the site and Greensand Ridge location. Dwellings should be a maximum of 2 storeys in height;
b) Retain and enhance the PRoW adjoining the site;
c) Provide vehicle access from Goldwell Lane, as shown on the policies map, and pedestrian footways to connect to the
d) Provide a soft landscaped boundary along the eastern and northern edges of the site, which should include mature tre impact of the development on the wider landscape, but also enable the longer views to be retained towards the heritage
20

village hall/recreation field and Primary School,

setting of the site is significant, as Aldington which slopes down from the Roman Road and ington Church in the east.

rch, Court Lodge Farm and the remains of the ed within a Conservation Area designation, nese reasons, it is concluded that only single on space of approximately 25 metres kept practer. At around 0.35ha, the site is prey buildings would be appropriate here.

ration with the development of Site S52. The <u>This can be achieved through the open</u> essen the visual impact of the development to take account of the residential amenity of

ded that a new vehicle access is created for

serve the existing character it is proposed that the church View development would achieve

uired as part of this development, but there he designed open spaces within the

ed development. The development will uld take place with the service provider in this

oposals for this site shall:

le, retain gaps in the built frontage of the <u>oW</u> to preserve views and vistas through also consider the wider landscape settings,

e village centre and the local services;

ree planting in places to lessen the visual e assets cluster around the church <u>from</u>

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		the areas of open space within the scheme;
		e) Provide a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network, in collaboration with the serv
		f) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of the nearby public open space and equipped play as maintenance of the informal open spaces created within the development, in accordance with Policy COM2.
MM49	Policy S52 – Aldington, Land south of Goldwell Manor Farm	Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, supporting text and policy as follows:         Image: Amend map, su
		4.474 The boundary between the site and most of the road frontage is currently defined by an established mature hedgerow, and recommended that this be retained within the development layout where possible. It is suggested that a set back layout similar to

## rvice provider;

area provision and to the long term

ween a site allocated for residential ite is in operation as a small rural business

e site is located in close proximity to the village a paddock.

raphy and landscape setting of the site is e, and from Goldwell Lane, there are long and e also listed. Situated 1km away from the ortant heritage asset and a key feature in the elopment is suitable in this location

er and vistas of the heritage assets, only lopment of 2 –storeys is suitable in this boration with the development of Site S51. ned. This can be achieved by creating distinct h of the PRoW. to enable retention of these

nded that a new vehicle access is created for a zone.

d to preserve the existing character it is of that of the nearby Church View development

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MM52	Policy S55 – Charing, Land	Amend supporting text as follows:
		d) Retain and, where possible, enhance the hedge and tree boundaries around the site, particularly where these abut the
		a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to conserve and, where possible, enhance the character of the AONB and the particular attention to the well-spaced nature of nearby development;
		The site at Clockhouse is proposed for residential development for up to an indicative capacity of 15 dwellings.
MM51	Policy S54 - Challock	Amend Policy opening and a) and d) as follows:
MM50	Policy S53- Brook, Nats Lane	DELETE Policy S53 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.477 – 4.483.
		f) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of the nearby public open space and equipped play ar <u>maintenance of the informal open spaces created within the development, in accordance with Policy COM2.</u>
		e) Provide a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network, in collaboration with the serv
		d) Provide a soft landscaped boundary along the eastern and northern edges of the site, which should include mature tree impact of the development on the wider landscape, but also enable the longer views to be retained towards the heritage a the areas of open space within the scheme;
		c) Provide vehicle access from Goldwell Lane, as shown on the policies map, and pedestrian footways to connect to the
		b) Retain and enhance the PRoW adjoining the site;
		the site to the <u>Grade I listed church and surrounding</u> heritage assets. and <u>also</u> . The overall design of the scheme must all the topography of the site and Greensand Ridge location. Dwellings should be a maximum of 2 storeys in height;
		a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to conserve the mature hedgerow along the road frontage if <u>where</u> possible <u>new development and create an area of open space free from development of approximately 25 metres north of the PRoV</u>
		The site in south of Goldwell Court is proposed for residential development <del>of up to 20</del> with an indicative capacity of 12 of site shall:
		Policy S52 – Aldington - Land south of Goldwell Manor Farm
		4.476 Southern Water's assessment has revealed that additional sewerage infrastructure would be required to serve the proposed therefore be required to make a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network. Early liaison shoul regard.
		4.475 Due to the close proximity to the village public open space and equipped play area from the site, no on-site provision is require are opportunities through financial contributions to provide enhancements to this area. <u>Contributions to the maintenance of the de</u> will also be sought. A footpath connection to the existing footways along Goldwell Lane must be provided.
		would achieve this aim.

quired as part of this development, but there designed open spaces within the development ed development. The development will uld take place with the service provider in this dwellings. Development proposals for this le, retain gaps in the built frontage of the oW to preserve views and vistas through also consider the wider landscape settings, e village centre and the local services; ree planting in places to lessen the visual e assets cluster around the church from

rvice provider;

area provision and to the long term

this edge of settlement area, paying

ne open countryside;

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	adjacent to Poppyfields	<ul> <li>4.491 The approach into the village of Charing along the A20 from the west is an important entrance to the village and the develop establish a clear edge on this western boundary, with suitable boundary treatment of planning and landscaping adjoining lower de appropriate tree belt. subported by suitable boundary treatment, along the western edge to the development should be created. It boundary of the site, to the rear of the Swan Hotel. In addition, there is an existing tree and hedge boundary between this site and enhanced as part of this development. The current mature hedgerows that run through the centre of the site and the tree boundary development should be retained and wherever possible enhanced.</li> <li>4.492 Development on this site shall be directly access from the A20 and this access should incorporate a right-turn lane off the A1 There are a number of options to achieve direct access the site directly from the onto the A20 along the northern edge of the site ordination with the access to the adjoining S28 site allocation. A suitable emergency access either onto the A20 to Popoyfields connections at the A20/A252 roundabout junction is required. In addition, the "here is no vehicular access into the adjoint is required. In addition, the "here is no vehicular access into the adjoint in the site and is connections to the village, a new footpath along the southern side of the A2 connections at the A20/A252 roundabout junction is required. In addition, the "here is no vehicular access into the adjoint the village and the other footpaths in the area.</li> <li>Amend policy criteria b through to h.</li> <li>b) Create an appropriate soft-landscaped tree belt along the northern and western edge to the development;</li> <li>c) Retain and wherever possible enhance the current mature hedgerows that run through the centre of the site and tree to Poppyfields development;</li> <li>d) Be accessed directly from the A20 including the provision of a right-turn lane,</li> <li>e) Provide a new footpath along th</li></ul>
		<u>j) h)</u> Provide future access to the existing sewerage infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes.
MM53	Policy S56 – Chilham, Branch Road	Amend para. 4.496 to read as follows:- "The parking area will provide a minimum of 5 <u>additional spaces</u> for the GP surgery in addition to retaining the existing spaces lo <u>number of additional spaces should be informed by a survey of parking practices by surgery users.</u> However, The existing spaces areas."
		Amend the last sentence of para. 4.502 to read as follows:- 4.502 "Enhancements to the pedestrian access around the area through the creation of traffic calming management measures, w

lopment of the site presents the opportunity to density development on this western edge. <u>An</u> <u>This should also extend along the northern</u> and Poppyfields and this should be retained and aries between the site and the Poppyfields

A20, as requested by the Highway Authority. which could be provided, including in cos is also required.

A20 to connect with existing footpath pyfields development but there is the evelopment that can link into the wider

## he northern boundary to the rear of the

boundaries between the site and the

A252 roundabout junction,

nnect with the adjoining Poppyfields

cilities and infrastructure;

service provider; and

s located at the front of the surgery <u>but the final</u> es could be relocated within the new parking

which may include the use of additional on-

		street parking restrictions, along Branch Road, should also be explored in consultation with Kent County Council Highways and Tr
		Amend first sentence and policy criteria b) d) and e) and add additional criteria g) as follows:
		Land at Branch Road is proposed for residential development for up to with an indicative capacity of 10 dwellings. Devel
		b) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to <del>protect and</del> conserve <u>or enhance</u> the character and setting of the vi <u>buildings</u> , the residential amenity of neighbouring dwellings, <del>particularly listed buildings</del> , <del>whilst also</del> taking into a Village Design Statement and <u>be a maximum of two storeys in height;</u>
		d) Include the provision- <del>footpaths and/or</del> <u>of</u> traffic <del>calming</del> <u>management</u> measures in Branch Road <u>appropriate to it</u> and the Chilham Conservation Area in accordance with the recommendations of Kent Highways <u>and Transportation</u>
		e) Retain and enhance the hedge and tree boundaries within and around the site <u>wherever possible</u> , and make enha ensuring the character of the Kent Downs AONB is conserved and enhanced and the development is well screene
		g) Provide contributions towards the enhancement or maintenance of public open space and equipped play at the v with Policy COM2.
MM54	Policy S57 –	Amend criterion a) and e) as follows:
	Hamstreet, Warehorne Road	a) Be designed and laid out <del>in such a way as to protect</del> <u>having regard to the character and setting</u> of the site, paying part Warehorne Road, the topography of the site and the site's relationship with agricultural land to the north;
		e) Retain and, wherever possible, enhance the current hedge boundaries fronting Warehorne Road, except for access an
		Replace criterion j with the following:
		I) <u>Ensure appropriate species and habitat surveys are carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhance and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1; and</u>
		m) Ensure that any indirect impact on the Dungeness, Romney Marsh and Rye Bay and the Hamstreet Woods SSSIs is s
		must be addressed in consultation with Natural England and Kent Wildlife Trust;
MM55	Policy S58 – High Halden (A28) Stevenson Brothers	DELETE Policy S58 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.512 – 4.518
MM56	Policy S59 –	Amend paragraphs 4.521 and 4.525:
	Mersham, Land at Old Rectory Close	4.521 The site is considered suitable <u>indicatively</u> for up to 15 8 dwellings. The developable area of the site, taking into account the and therefore residential development would result in a low maximum density of <u>10dph</u> , which is appropriate and suitable v location and reflects local character and density. The access to the site should be from Old Rectory Close, as shown on the policies of the site should be from Old Rectory Close.
		Amend first sentence and criteria a) d) f) and insert additional h) as follows:
		The site at Old Rectory Close is proposed for residential development of up to 15 with an indicative capacity of 8 dwellin
	1	

Transportation."

velopment proposals for this site shall:

village Conservation Area <u>and nearby listed</u> account the guidance in the Chilham

its location within the Kent Downs AONB tion.

hancements to the southern boundary ned from the wider area;

village recreation ground in accordance

articular attention to the frontage on

and highway safety reasons;

cement measures to be provided on the site

suitably mitigated. Mitigation measures

the existing trees and ponds, is around 1ha, e with regards to the Conservation Area icies map.

ings. Development proposals for this site

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		shall:
		a) <del>Be laid out to complement and not detract from the setting of the listed buildings adjacent to and nearby the site and c Area within which it is located Ensure the design and layout of the development preserves or enhances the setting of list the character and appearance of the Mersham Conservation Area;</del>
		d) Retain <u>all</u> mature trees on site, incorporating these into a coherent overall landscape design;
		<u>f) Ensure appropriate species and habitat surveys are carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhance</u>
		site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1. Particular regard should be ponds integrated into a coherent landscaping scheme that maintains and enhances ensure habitat connectivity to the wi
		h) Provide a connection to the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage network, in collaboration with the serv
MM57	Policy S60 – St Michaels (High	Amend para. 4.532 to start as follows:-
	Halden) Land at Pope House Farm	The primary vehicle access will be provided directly on to the A28, as shown on the policies map. This will need to include a right to south with a suitably designed pedestrian refuge island.
	Falli	Add a new paragraph after 4.536 as follows:
		Due to the location of this site, which is within High Halden Parish but adjoined to St. Michaels settlement (part of Tenterden Town contributions to the appropriate local facilities. The scale of such contributions will be negotiated with the Borough Council in const
		Amend criteria a), b) and e) to read as follows:-
		a) Be designed and laid out in such a way as to protect and preserve or enhance the character and setting of the adjoint properties. Particular attention also needs to be given to the eastern area of the site, where it adjoins the open country landscape. Densities should reflect the surrounding character of these locations and overall the site density should be adjoinded attention.
		b) Provide primary access from <del>on</del> Ashford Road, including the provision of a right-turn lane with pedestrian refuge islan
		e) <u>Ensure appropriate species and habitat surveys are carried out. Results will inform ecological mitigation and enhance site and proposals for implementation, maintenance and monitoring in accordance with ENV1. Provide appropriate ecological be given to the provision of ecological corridors through the site and an area of open recreation space in the nort identified for residential development; and</u>
MM58	Policy S61 –	
	Wittersham, Land between Jubilee Field and Lloyds Green	DELETE Policy S61 and supporting text in paragraphs 4.537 – 4.536
MM59	Policy HOU2 –	Addition of word in paras 5.17 and 5.19:
	Local Needs/Specialist Housing	This policy applies to the delivery of local needs housing and subsidised specialist housing schemes. These are defined as:

## I conserve the setting of the Conservation isted buildings in the vicinity of the site and

<u>cement measures to be provided on the</u> <u>I be given to retaining</u> the on-<del>side</del> site wider area for biodiversity benefit; <del>and</del>

rvice provider.

t turn lane for vehicles travelling from the

wn), it is important that the scheme makes nsultation with the two relevant Councils.

ning listed building and associated tryside and is visible in the wider be around 30dph;

and, as shown on the policies map.

<u>cement measures to be provided on the</u> <del>ological mitigation and</del> <u>Particular regard</u> orthern areas of the site which are not

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Subsidised Specialist housing schemes: A specific type of subsidised housing accommodation (self-contained or communal who have a genuine need and local connection to the area. It allows certain residents to live a higher quality of life near to where familiar with their surrounding area.
Deletion of final bullet point from para 5.23:
In order to qualify as a local needs housing scheme, a proposal will need to meet all of the following criteria in that:
<ul> <li>it meets an identified housing need in the particular parish that cater for people who have a genuine local connection, in I Housing Guidance Note,</li> <li>it provides local needs housing that is appropriate in terms of its tenure, type, size and cost to meet the needs identified,</li> <li>the local need housing element is conditioned so that subsequent occupancy of the dwelling will be controlled by a bindir available to meet local needs in the future and does not only benefit the first occupier.</li> <li>has the support of the relevant Parish Council.</li> </ul>
Deletion of first sentence and replacement with new text to para 5.24:
Proposals may provide for one or more groups of people, although it should be noted that decisions on exception sites and the local issues and the views of the local Parish Council will be taken into consideration. In practice this type of development is nor Association working in close liaison with the relevant Parish Council and Ashford Borough Council. Given that the specific need Council should be well placed to provide a robust view on the need for the development. The Council therefore considers the Parish Council will be acceptability of the proposal. It is expected that the Parish Council will such proposals prior to it being submitted as a planning application; including involvement with the local needs survey. The require will be considered when assessing local needs is set out under the Council's Affordable Rural Local Needs Housing Guidance restricts.
Addition of word to title following para 5.25:
Subsidised specialist housing
Changes to Policy HOU2 as follows:
Policy HOU2 - Local needs / <u>subsidised</u> specialist housing
Planning permission will be granted for proposals for local needs / <u>subsidised</u> specialist housing within or adjoining reprint policy HOU3a as 'exceptions' to policies restraining housing development provided that all the following criteria are m
<ul> <li>a) the local need or requirement for specialist housing is clearly evidenced,</li> <li>b) the scheme has the support of the relevant Parish Council/s,</li> <li>c) b) the development is well designed, would not result in a significant adverse impact on the character of the area appropriate to the scale and character of the village,</li> <li>d) c) there would be no significant impact on the amenities of any neighbouring residential occupiers.</li> </ul>
It is expected that all local needs/ specialist housing schemes will be delivered without the need for any cross market s
Where this is not the case a proposal will need to be supported by robust and transparent viability evidence that will be Should a viability case be proven, the Council will accept an enabling amount of starter homes and /or custom build/ so necessary subsidy to allow the identified need to be delivered, providing the proposal remains in accordance with crite
Proposals which promote general market housing as a means of enabling the identified need element of a scheme will not norma that there is an overriding planning benefit from its delivery and that there is no other cross subsidy solution.

I) to cater for more vulnerable local residents re they have support or are where they are

line with the Council's Rural Local Needs

ng agreement to ensure the property remains

specific needs to be catered for are essentially rmally brought forward by a Housing to be catered for is a local issue, the Parish arish Council's views in relation to the need for ll play an integral role in the development of uirements of a variety of groups of people that note.

ural settlements identified under net:

ea or the surrounding landscape and is

subsidy.

be independently verified by the Council. self-build plots as a means of providing the teria b) – <del>d) <u>c)</u> above.</del>

ally be supported unless it can be demonstrated

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

MMCC	Dellas UOU0-	Amound Deve even he 5 44 to 5 45 on fellower
MM60	Policy HOU3a – Residential	Amend Paragraphs 5.44 to 5.45 as follows:
	windfall	5.44 In addition to Ashford, across the borough there are a number of rural settlements which play a service centre role in that the
	Development	primary school; a GP service; a community venue (such as a pub or a village hall); shops which are able to meet a range of daily r
	within	service. These locations are considered suitable for infilling and edge of settlement growth which is of an appropriate scale in relations
	Settlements	availability of services and are included in both HOU3a and HOU5 below.
	Page 231	Move to new paragraph:
		There are also a number of rural settlements which are smaller and play a more 'secondary' role, yet they still have a limited number of the settlements often rely on the services of the nearby primary settlements or the town of Ashford and are therefore relatively 'settlements, appropriate smaller scale development is acceptable in principle although this should also take account of the cumular other developments with extant planning permission in the area. Due to the more limited access to services and settlement pattern
		not considered suitable for edge of settlement growth and are only included in policy HOU3a as suitable locations for growth within
		5.45 The Borough's remaining rural settlements not mentioned in policy HOU3a or HOU5 below are not considered to play a servic their small size and their lack of services and facilities (or proximity to these services/facilities). The built form of the settlement is a whether they are suitable for growth as many are smaller hamlets or linear settlements and do not have opportunity for infilling with these settlements are typically reliant on the private car to meet all of their everyday needs. These settlements are considered to be determining planning applications.
		Amend Settlements listed in Policy HOU3a as follows:
		Residential development and infilling of a scale that can be satisfactorily integrated into the existing settlement will be ac the following settlements:
		Ashford, Aldington, Appledore, Appledore Heath, Bethersden, Biddenden, <del>Bilsington,</del> Boughton Lees/ <del>Eastwell</del> , Brabourne Charing Heath, Chilham, <del>Crundale,</del> Egerton, Egerton Forstal, <del>Godmersham,</del> Great Chart, Hamstreet, Hastingleigh, High Hal Kingsnorth <u>*</u> , Little Chart, Mersham, <del>Molash,</del> Newenden, Old Wives Lees, Pluckley, Pluckley Thorne, Pluckley Station, Rolv <del>Sevington</del> , Shadoxhurst, <del>Shottenden</del> , Smarden, Stone in Oxney, Tenterden (including St Michaels), Warehorne, Westwell, V
		* Existing Kingsnorth village
		Amend criterion h) of Policy HOU3a as follows:
		h) It would not displace an active use such as an employment, leisure or community facility, unless meeting the requirem
		Add sentence to end of Policy as follows:
		Policy HOU10 will also be applied to relevant garden land applications.
MM61	Policy HOU5 – Residential	Amend para 5.59 and as follows:
	windfall development in the countryside	5.59 In assessing proposals, the scale of a development will be a major factor to bring into this equation. For larger schemes, the is services and facilities will be of particular importance taking account of the quality and number of such services and the ability to e services. The cumulative effects of windfall schemes on local services and facilities having taken account of the impacts from any developments with extant planning permission will need to be considered, including whether existing services may readily absorbed placed on them as a consequence. This should include reference to the availability of primary school places and GP provision at the services and the availability of primary school places and GP provision at the services and the availability of primary school places and GP provision at the services and services are services as a service of the services and services are services as a service of the service of the services and services are services as a service of the service

ney contain a number of services such as a needs and a commuter-friendly bus or train ationship to the settlement size and

nber of community facilities and services. y 'accessible' in a rural context. Within these lative effects of any allocated sites and any erns, some of these smaller settlements are hin the built up confines.

vice centre or secondary role on account of s also an important factor when determining vithin their settlement pattern. Residents of be countryside for the purposes of

## acceptable within the built up confines of

ne Lees/Smeeth, Brook, Challock, Charing, lalden, Hothfield, Kenardington, olvenden, Rolvenden Layne, Ruckinge, I, Wittersham, Woodchurch and Wye.

### ements of other policies in this Plan.

e importance of good accessibility to local either benefit or be accommodated by such ny allocated sites in the area and any other b (or benefit from) the additional demand the nearest available facilities alongside the
Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

MM62	Policy HOU6 – Self and Custom	Amendment to Supporting Text as follows:
		Add sentence to end of Policy as follows: Policy HOU10 will also be applied to relevant garden land applications.
		Isolated rResidential development elsewhere in the countryside will only be permitted if the proposal is for at least one o
		<i>vi)</i> It would enhance <u>conserve</u> biodiversity interests on the site and /or adjoining area and not adversely affect the protected sites in line with Policy ENV1.
		f) the development (and any associated infrastructure) is of a high quality design and meets the following requirement
		e) conserve and enhance the natural environment and <del>conserve</del> preserve or enhance any heritage assets in the local
		<ul> <li>available in the nearest settlement, and commensurate with the ability of those services to absorb the level of development allocations in this Local Plan and committed development, in liaison with service providers;</li> <li>b) the site is within easy walking distance of basic day to day services in the nearest settlement, and/or has access to access a range of services;</li> </ul>
		a) the scale of development proposed is proportionate to the size of the settlement and the level, type and quality of
		Providing that each of the following criteria is met:
		Amend Criteria a), b) e) and f) (vi) as follows:
		* Existing Kingsnorth village
		Ashford, Aldington, Appledore, Bethersden, Biddenden, Brabourne Lees/Smeeth, Challock, Charing, Chilham, Egerton, C Hothfield, Kingsnorth*, Mersham, Pluckley, Rolvenden, Shadoxhurst, Smarden, Tenterden (including St Michaels), Witter
		listed in policy HOU3a will be permitted
		Proposals for residential development adjoining or close to the existing built up confines of the following settlements wi
		Policy HOU5 - Residential windfall development in the countryside
		Amend Policy HOU5 as follows to include a list of applicable settlements:
		5.67 Proposals for exceptional dwellings under criterion (iv) the second part of Policy HOU5
		Admin correction in paragraph 5.67 as follows:
		This policy therefore does not include some of the smaller settlements, which may only be suitable for minor development and infi
	page 233	Insert additional paragraph following 5.61:
	Paras 5.59 - 5.67	scale and quality of local community facilities. This may also include any supplementary effects on existing residents, for example areas.

# le as a result of reduced school catchment

nfilling in accordance with Policy HOU3a.

will be acceptable:

# , Great Chart, Hamstreet, High Halden, ersham, Woodchurch and Wye.

of <u>day to day</u> service provision currently evelopment in combination with any

to sustainable methods of transport to

ality;

ents:-

e integrity of international and national

of the following:-

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

Build	5.71 The establishment of a Right to Build Register and evidence gained from future SHELAAs and SHMAs has and will continue
Development	Build. <u>Based on current numbers on the Ashford Self and Custom Build Register, plots on allocated sites have the potential to me but the Council will continue to explore complementary delivery mechanisms which could include windfall proposals for self and cuthis Plan).</u>
	Amendment to Policy as follows:
	The Council will support self and custom build development by requiring all sites within and on the edge of the towns of than 40 dwellings to supply no less than 5% <u>serviced</u> dwelling plots for sale to self or custom builders.
	In the villages and rural areas sites delivering more than 20 dwellings must supply no less than 5% serviced dwelling plo
	The following criteria must be met:
	a) Where this equates to more than 5 custom build dwellings on a single site a Design Brief should be submitted and agr application being submitted;
	b) Where plots have been <u>prominently</u> marketed for sale to self or custom builders for at least 12 months (to the satisfact the plot can return to the developer to be developed and/or sold as open market housing;
	c) Development proposals must be of high quality design and demonstrate a positive response to sustainable development
Policy HOU7 - Replacement	Amend policy wording as follows:
Dwellings in the Countryside	Proposals for a replacement dwelling will be permitted provided that the proposal:
CountrySlue	a) is replacing an existing individual dwelling that has a lawful residential use; and,
	b) complements the surrounding built form and the <u>Is designed to ensure it does not result in significant harm to the ove</u> taking into account the surrounding built form and/or the existing street-scene; and,
	c) is sympathetic suitable in terms of its scale, bulk, massing and the materials used; and,
	d) can be suitably accessed; and
	e) does not harm the landscape, the functioning of neighbouring uses or the amenities of nearby residents. would not m including the living conditions of nearby residents;
	Where a replacement dwelling is proposed in a Conservation Area or a visually prominent position in the landscape, or v AONB, proposals will be required to address the specific sensitivities that are prevalent in these areas. Particular consid wider impact of a replacement dwelling in these locations.
	Where planning approval is given, planning obligations will: /conditions may be applied to:
	<ul> <li>Remove 'permitted development' rights where a replacement dwelling has increased the floorspace of the existing floorspace/scale may make the development unacceptable with regards to criterion b, c and e above, and</li> </ul>
	Ensure that the existing dwelling is removed within 3 months of the occupation of the replacement dwelling (where an al isolated development in the countryside which does not meet the requirements of Policy HOU5.

ue to help inform the level of need for Self neet a reasonably high proportion of demand, custom build (in line with other policies within

of Ashford and Tenterden delivering more

lots for sale to self or custom builder.

greed with the Council prior to the

action of the Council), and have not sold,

ment.

verall character and appearance of the area

# materially harm any neighbouring uses

r within or <del>adjoining <u>in the setting of</u> an</del> ideration will be given to the scale and

ng dwelling and where a further increase in

alternative location is proposed), to prevent

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

MM64	Policy HOU8 – Residential	Minor change to supporting text as follows:
	Extensions	5.78 Where an extension requires permission, the Council requires that the scale and visual impact of such development is appro and the surrounding area and that the living conditions of neighbours are not adversely affected. To this end, alterations and exten the scale, massing and materials of the existing building, preserve and features of <u>architectural</u> interest, provide a satisfactory rela- not lead to overlooking, overpowering or overshadowing of neighbouring properties
		Amend Policy as follows:
		Proposals for extensions to dwellings will be permitted if each of the following criteria is met:
		a) the existing dwelling <sup>2</sup> enjoys a lawful residential use; and
		b) the proposed extension would not materially harm any neighbouring uses including the living conditions of adjoining
		c) the proposed extension is suitable in size, scale and <u>materials</u> built form to the existing dwelling to which it should be account the existing standard of accommodation for extensions to smaller rural properties; and
		d) the proposed extension is designed <del>sensitively to avoid</del> <u>to ensure it does not result in significant</u> harm to the overall or <u>taking into account the surrounding built form and /or</u> street scene of the surrounding <del>area and the landscape and the di</del> area in which it is located.
		Where an extension is proposed in a Conservation Area or a visually prominent position in the landscape, or within or in
		required to address the specific sensitivities that are prevalent in these areas. Particular consideration will be given to the locations.
MM65	Policy HOU9 - Stand- alone annexes	Amend supporting text and policy as follows: Annexes
		5.80 Annexes which are physically linked to the main dwelling will be determined against Policy HOU8, including in schemes whe independent residential occupation.
		5.81 For all annexe schemes (attached or standalone) a planning permission is likely to be conditioned to ensure that the annexe purpose. This is to avoid an annexe becoming an independent and separate residential unit at some point in the future without pla can only ever be for a temporary period (for example the need is lost once a relative dies or requires greater care than can be pro-
		5.82 Standalone annexes <u>can serve a number of functions</u> will be supported where it can be demonstrated that there is a need for home for elderly or infirm relatives unable to live independently, or for staff accommodation and that the standalone will be suppor and that it has a real and functional relationship between the occupation of the main dwelling and the annexe. It is unlikely that a s curtilage of the main dwelling, or without a demonstrable functional relationship with the main dwelling, will be supported in princip
		5.83 Annexes within the curtilage of listed buildings or buildings that are a historical asset or are located within a Conservation Are to be difficult to achieve in terms of satisfactory design. Where these proposals cannot be sited in an acceptable way beyond the o will not be supported.
		5.81 For all annexe schemes (attached or standalone) a planning permission is likely to be conditioned to ensure that the annexe purpose. This is to avoid an annexe becoming an independent and separate residential unit at some point in the future without pla
1		

ropriate in relation to both the existing dwelling tensions should be designed to complement elationship between the old and new fabric and

g residents; and,

# be physically linked, also taking into

# character and appearance of the area distinct features of the landscape character

### in the setting of an AONB, proposals will be the scale and wider impact in these

ere they contain all the facilities essential for

e in question remains used for its intended lanning permission, particularly as the 'need' rovided at home).

for such a facility - for example to provide a orted where the annexe is sited appropriately standalone annexe located outside the iple.

Area, which have particular character are likely curtilage of these buildings, such proposals

e in question remains used for its intended lanning permission.

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Proposals for detached annexe accommodation to residential property will be permitted where:
		a) the existing dwelling* residential property enjoys a lawful residential use; and
		b) the proposed annexe would not materially harm any neighbouring uses; and, including the living conditions of nearby
		c) <u>the proposed annexe is suitable in size, scale and materials</u> <del>the scale and appearance of the proposed annexe is symp <u>clearly ancillary and visually subordinate</u> to the principal dwelling; and <del>site;</del></del>
		d) sited to achieve a clear dependency is retained between the annexe and the main building at all times; and
		e) the proposed annexe is designed sensitively to complement the existing dwelling and is clearly ancillary and visually and and
		f-e) the proposed annexe <u>is designed to ensure it does not result in significant harm to</u> <del>would not have a harmful visual is appearance</del> of the surrounding area <u>taking into account the surrounding built form and street scene;</u> and/or the street scene landscape in which it is located.
		Where an annexe is proposed in a Conservation Area or a visually prominent position in the landscape, or within or in th required to address the specific sensitivities that are prevalent in these areas. Particular consideration will be given to the locations.
		* The term 'existing dwelling' is defined as the property at the time of the planning application
MM66	Policy HOU10 -	Amend policy structure and wording as follows (drop down some of the opening text into criteria, add new criteria, amend number
	Development of residential gardens	Development proposals involving the complete or partial redevelopment of residential garden land will be permitted provision complies with: the Council's external space standards as set out in Policy HOU15;
		a) Windfall Housing Policy HOU3a or HOU5 (as relevant);
		b) Does not result in significant harm to the character of the area including a) the surrounding grain and built pattern of building density, line, frontage width, building orientation, distance from the road, existing plot sizes and visual separate
		b)The surrounding built form comprising the scale, massing, height, design and materials of construction of the building
		c) The wider landscape and/or the countryside setting;
		d) Does not result in significant harm to wildlife corridors and biodiversity habitats. <del>; and</del>
		e) The amenity of adjoining residents.
MM67	Policy HOU14 – Accessibility	Amend supporting text as follows:
	Standards	5.99 In order to help to fulfil this requirement, <u>a proportion of all new dwellings created as 'new build'</u> , should be built to comply wit regulations part M4 (2)).

# by residents; and

npathetic and modest in proportion and

y subordinate to it in design and massing;

l impact on the overall character <u>and</u> scene or be visually intrusive in the

# the setting of an AONB, proposals will be the scale and wider impact in these

ering and wording, delete original b) c) and e)

# ovided the proposed development

of development, <del>including</del> the prevailing paration between dwellings; <u>and</u>

<del>ngs;</del>

with a minimum of 'level 2' access (building

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Amend policy wording to read:
		Policy HOU14 - Accessibility standards
		Accessibility in compliance with building regulations part M shall be provided as follows:-
		At least 20 percent of all 'new build' homes shall be built in compliance with building regulations part M4 (2) as a minimu
MM68	Policy HOU15 – Private external open space	Amend policy wording as follows: Add paragraphs after 5.107 to supporting text as follows: In the case of private gardens attached to a house, a minimum area based on the 10m depth x the width of the dwelling (m) provides resulting in a square metre figure - provides a very modestly sized garden but in most cases can accommodate a sitting out area, play as well as space to plant shrubs and small trees. The benefit of a garden is undermined if it cannot comfortably accommodate those very modestly sized garden but in most cases can accommodate a sitting out area, play as well as space to plant shrubs and small trees. The benefit of a garden is undermined if it cannot comfortably accommodate those very modestly accommodate the evelopment and the shape and topography of the site. This could result in the requirement either for a larger or that can accommodate those elements outlined above. Furthermore, any proposal affecting an existing dwelling will be refused unless its private external open spaces are retained in accommodate policy. Delete existing policy table and policy wording as follows: Policy HOU15 - Private external open space Unless drawings indicate alternative provision of private useable external open space, new dwellings, whether created a shall be provided with an area of private open space. Unless demonstrably unfeasible, this should not be overlooked fro accordance with the table below:
		Table deleted         For flats, a minimum of 5m <sup>2</sup> of private outdoor space should be provided for 1 or 2 bedspace dwellings, and an additional additional bedspace. The minimum depth and width for all balconies and other private external spaces (e.g. roof garden,         For houses, as a starting point, the private garden area should be calculated as the width of the dwelling (m) x 10m. This be adequately demonstrated that alternative solutions provide a sufficient area of usable private outdoor space which complete appearance of the area and ensures a high standard of living conditions can be achieved.         These standards also apply to any proposals which result in the loss of private external space to existing residential pro
MM69	Policy HOU16 – Traveller Accommodation	Amend supporting text to read: 5.108 The need to plan for the housing requirements of the <u>gGypsy</u> and tTraveller population is in line with Government guidance Framework (NPPF) and its companion document 'Planning Policy for Traveller Sites'. These documents ensure that everyone, inc has the opportunity of living in a decent home.

num standard.

ovides a helpful starting point. This calculation – a, clothes drying area, small shed and area of late these important functions.

the dwellings proposed, the character, design or a smaller area in order to achieve a space

accordance with the standards set out in the

as 'new build', subdivision or conversion rom the road or other public spaces in

nal 1m<sup>2</sup> should be provided for each n, patio) should be 1.5m.

his standard can be flexible providing it can contributes positively to the character and

roperty.

ce contained in the National Planning Policy including members of the travelling community

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

Setting a Pitch Target for Travellers in the Local Plan National Policy
5.109 The 'Planning Policy for Traveller Sites' (PPTS, August, 2015) sets out the Government's planning policy specifically relating main overarching aim: "to ensure fair and equal treatment for Travellers, in a way that facilitates the traditional and nomadic way o interests of the settled community" (paragraph 3). It requires that Local Planning Authorities assess their own levels of need and p Traveller development.
5.111 The 2015 PPTS <sup>1</sup> replaced the 2012 PPTS, at the same time redefineding the definition of those who qualifies gualify as a 'tre definition travellers who have ceased to travel are now excluded. The new definition defines travellers as: "Persons of nomadic has including such persons who on grounds only of their own or their family's or dependants' educational or health needs or old age has excluding members of an organised group of travelling showpeople or circus people travelling together as such". Permissions for ( conditions limiting their occupation to those who meet the definition of Gypsies and Travellers as defined in planning policy.
Objectively Assessing Local Traveller Need
5.113 Therefore, iIn order to achieve the overarching aim of Government policy the Council commissioned a Gypsy and Traveller 2013, which provided an Objectively Assessed Pitch Need (OAPN) in the borough. Then following the publication of the new PPTS assessing the travelling habits of travellers using the GTAA raw data. This piece of work removed any travellers that no longer travelies consistent with the requirements of the PPTS policy. The following results have therefore been defined.
5.114 The 2013 GTAA outlined a pitch requirement of 57 pitches for the 15-year period 2013 - 2028. However, following reassess definition, of the base data a new OAPN requirement of 48 pitches between 2013 and 2028 can be has been established. As the L this would result in an OAPN of 54 pitches by 2030.
How many pitches have been provided to date Pitch provision to date
5.115 The Council has a good record of delivering Traveller pitches on appropriate sites and since the GTAA was published 31 pi permission.
5.116 Using the new OAPN target above, this leaves a residual need to provide at least 23 pitches by 2030.
Achieving Delivering the Objectively Assessed Pitch Need (OAPN)
5.117 The council has considered whether all 23 pitches should be provided through site allocations to ensure the OAPN has been to the current lack of suitable, available sites, this it has not been possible to deliver a sufficient numbers of pitches required to me the council has adopted a staged approach. In the first instance, this plan seeks to deliver sites through allocations and a windfall 73 pitches through site allocations in this plan, see policies S43-and S44, with the remaining 20 pitches to be delivered through a
Whilst this approach offers an appropriate interim measure, it is the intention to deliver the remaining need through site allocations
process of delivering a separate Development Plan Document (DPD) to meet the needs of Gypsies, Travellers and travelling show

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In accordance with PPTS, Annex 1 (4), the term "travellers" refers to "gypsies and travellers" and "travelling showpeople"

<sup>3</sup> See ABC update paper (June 2016)

ing to Travellers and this document has the of life of Travellers while respecting the plan positively in managing Gypsy and

-'traveller<u>s'<sup>2</sup> as follows:</u> Under the new habit of life whatever their race or origin, have ceased to travel temporarily, but r Gypsy and Traveller sites will be subject to

er Accommodation Assessment (GTAA) in TS the Council undertook a piece of work<sup>3</sup>, reavel, to ensure that any future need

ssment <u>to align the analysis with the 2015</u> b Local Plan runs to 2030, on a pro rata basis

pitches have received full planning

een achieved from the outset. However, dDue neet the need. To deliver the remaining need, all policy. The Council is proposing to provide <u>a 'windfall policy'.</u>

ns. For this reason, the Council is in the property of the DPD will identify additional

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ashford Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Assessment Update Paper – Post PPTS (Aug 2015)

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

sites to meet the need identified in the GTAA. The timescale for the adoption of the DPD is set out in the Local Development Sche anticipated in summer 2019.
5.118 Also, due to the substantial number of windfall sites that have been delivered since 2013, the Council considers that the ren be achieved via a windfall approach. For example, even a modest continued delivery of 2 windfall pitches per year would mean 30 meeting the required need.
5.119 Therefore, the most pragmatic approach for delivery of the OAPN would be to deliver pitches through a combination of wind ensure resilience in this approach it is proposed to set out a criteria based policy, requiring the retention of all existing Traveller site market.
Traveller Windfall Policy
5.120 <u>To deliver pitches in the period up to the adoption of the DPD, the council will implement a windfall policy</u> . Ashford has a log accommodation, especially through the provision of 'windfalls'. 31 pitches have been provided through this means since the public
This Local Plan is allocating two sites to provide 7 pitches. Therefore, within this Local Plan there is an interim requirement to prov windfall sites in order to meet the OAPN. Because there is a shortfall of sites coming forward it is considered that the strategy of provenue through windfalls maximises the opportunity for new sites to come forward without relying on a single means of provision, for examples the through windfalls maximises the opportunity for new sites to come forward without relying on a single means of provision, for examples the topological states are specified.
5.121 A specific, clearly worded windfall policy enables the Council to deal with planning applications for traveller sites on a site by continue to be permitted <u>until the DPD is adopted</u> , provided they meet criteria set out in the policy. To this end, suitable sites, which services and facilities and which would not adversely impact on a protected landscape, including <u>internationally protected sites</u> , AC <u>Reserves</u> , SSSIs, Ancient Woodland, local wildlife sites and nature reserves or designated area, that may previously not have bee forward in the plan period. In addition, development should not adversely impact on the key characteristics of Landscape Characteristics.
5.122 The 'windfall' policy below sets out a threshold to provide for additional small sites in the borough. This approach is consister (Paragraph 10d), which states that in producing Local Plans, Local planning authorities should 'relate the number of pitches or plot and location of the site and the surrounding population's size and density'.
5.123 Local evidence, identified from the bi-annual gypsy count <sup>4</sup> suggests that Travellers in Ashford tend to reside on small sites we extended family. Coupled with the lack of available land identified in the GTAA and the long standing issues managing larger sites throughout the district would be a more effective means of providing sustainable and flexible accommodation to meet the need. 5.4 at Chilmington Green, which has 16 pitches, often has empty and long standing vacant pitches, with Gypsies and Travellers stating their extended family than on a site which supplies pitches on the open market.
5.124.1 To address the accommodation needs of this group more fully, the Council will prepare a separate Gypsy and Traveller Act 2017 Local Development Scheme (LDS).
5.125 Finally, the impact of new Traveller accommodation on existing communities and how well proposals can be integrated is and determination of applications for Traveller provision. New applications will need to adhere to the criteria in Policy HOU16 below to
New paragraph after 1.125:
Permissions for Gypsy and Traveller sites will be subject to conditions limiting their occupation to those who meet the definition of planning policy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See ABC update paper (June 2016)

### heme (March 2018) and adoption is

emainder of the OAPN requirement is likely to 30 new pitches over 15 years, more than

ndfalls and allocations. At the same time, to sites to ensure their continual supply in the

long history of delivering Traveller lication of the Borough's GTAA.

ovide a minimum of 16 pitches through providing some pitches ample the allocation of new sites only.

by site basis and would allow suitable sites to ich are well-related to existing and proposed <u>AONBs or their settings, National Nature</u> een identified have the opportunity to come <u>cter Areas.</u>

stent with the approach set out in the PPTS lots to the circumstances of the specific size

s which accommodate their immediate and es, a number of smaller sites spread 5.124—For example, ∓<u>t</u>he Council owned site ing themselves that they would rather live with

Accommodation DPD, as outlined within the

an important consideration in the o ensure that this impact is mitigated.

### of Gypsies and Travellers as defined in

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Amend policy wording as follows:
		Policy HOU16 - Traveller Accommodation
		Planning permission for <u>expansion to existing sites or</u> new sites to accommodate Gypsy and traveller accommodation o showpeople will only be permitted outside of allocated sites if the following criteria are met:
		a) The Council is satisfied that there is a clearly established need for the site and the proposals cannot be accommodate allocated site;
		b) The site would not accommodate more than 5 pitches or make an existing site exceed 5 pitches in size;
		c) The site would provide a good living environment free from the risk of flooding and risks to health through contaminat
		d) Occupation is limited to those meeting the definition of Gypsies and Travellers or Travelling Showpeople in the releva
		e) Local services and facilities – <u>such as</u> shops, public transport <del>,</del> or <del>and</del> schools <del>, medical and social services,</del> can be rea
		f) The site is capable of being provided with on-site services such as water supply, sewage disposal and power supply;
		g) The form and extent of the accommodation does not adversely affect the visual or other essential qualities of the AON woodland, international, national or local nature reserve or wildlife site., or the key characteristics of a Landscape Chara
		h) Access to the site which does not endanger highway safety for vehicles and pedestrians can be provided;
		i) Proposals incorporate a landscape strategy, which will be required by use of planning conditions, where mitigation of t to protect the quality of the surrounding landscape.
		Add additional policy criteria:
		i) The scale and siting of the site, along with its design, layout and any boundary treatments, should take into account th Character Area within which it is located.
		k) New sites or enlargement of existing sites are of a scale appropriate to their surroundings and would not individually a settled community, cause significant visual harm to an area and its landscape, or unduly impact on the capacity of local
MM70	Policy HOU17 – Safeguarding	Amend policy wording as follows:
	existing traveller sites	Policy HOU17 - Safeguarding existing Traveller sites
	51105	Existing permanent authorised gypsy and traveller sites and sites for travelling showpeople shall be retained for the accurate and for travelling showpeople as defined in the relevant National Planning Policy Document.
		Any new gypsy and traveller sites granted permanent planning permission shall also be safeguarded under the provision
		This policy may not apply if <del>:-</del> a) There is a surplus of available accommodation over and above the required five year supply of sites, or, <del>b) T</del> the site will be replaced by a site of similar proportions in an appropriate location which complies with the criteria

or accommodation for travelling

ted on an existing available site or

nation, noise or pollution;

vant national planning policy;

readily accessed from the site;

ONB and its setting, SSSI, Ancient racter Area;

of the impact on the landscape is necessary

the key characteristics of Landscape

y or cumulatively dominate the nearest al services.

ccommodation of gypsies and travellers

ions of this policy.

ria listed in policy HOU16, <del>or,</del>

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		c) A site has been granted a personal permission restricting residency to a named occupier or family.
MM71	Policy HOU18 –	Amend supporting text as follows:
	Providing a range of	5.127.4 The Council's starting point is that all proposals for 10 or more dwellings will deliver an appropriate mix and range of dwell
	dwelling types and sizes	and flatted proposals will deliver an appropriate mix of sizes and tenures. all qualifying proposals are expected to provide an appropriate mix of sizes and tenures.
		Insert new paragraph after 5.127.4
		However, exceptional circumstances may dictate that an alternative approach is required. Such circumstances include:
		- where a proposal is located in a highly sensitive location, such as within or adjoining a conservation area which dictates the
		is needed in design terms,
		- where locally specific evidence has been produced, such as an assessment by the Parish Council, which justifies that a specific evidence has been produced, such as an assessment by the Parish Council, which justifies that a specific evidence has been produced.
		meet an identified local need,
		- where delivering the aspirations of Policy HOU18 would render the scheme unviable. In these circumstances compliance with Po
		be demonstrated by the applicant to justify their case. Should this position be supported by the Council, then a degree of flexibility
MM72	Policy EMP1 – New	Amend Policy EMP1 as follows:
	employment	Provision of new employment premises, and the redevelopment, enhancement and reconfiguration of existing employme
	uses	adjoining the built-up confines of Ashford, Tenterden and the rural settlements listed in policy HOU3a, or adjoining settle that:
		a. the character and appearance of the settlement or surrounding landscape is not damaged significantly by the form of layout, building design and scale, the level or type of activity it generates, and the functional and visual relationship it ha
		b. there would be no significant impact on the amenities of any neighbouring residential occupiers;
		c. appropriate provision can be made for parking and access; and
		d. any <u>The</u> impact upon the local road network <u>as assessed in terms of policy TRA7</u> , can be mitigated. In the rural settlem development will not generate a type or amount of traffic that would be inappropriate to the rural road network that serve
MM73	Policy EMP2 –	Amend paragraph. 5.141 as follows:-
	Loss or	Otherwise, for prepagate involving the lass of employment fleerences, either on equivalent empount of fleerences must be previded
	redevelopment of employment	Otherwise, for proposals involving the loss of employment floorspace, either an equivalent amount of floorspace must be provided urban area, or it will be necessary for developers to provide robust evidence that the premises have been marketed unsuccessful
	sites and	reasonable terms. Whilst each proposal will need to be treated on its own merits with the context of the prevailing market condition
	premises	least for less than one year <u>6 months</u> is unlikely to be considered sufficient <u>necessary</u> . Evidence should be provided that the terms locations being let or sold for <u>B-class</u> employment uses within the local area. The extent of the marketing carried out will be an imp
		evidence. Marketing should also extend to the potential use for other suitable employment generating uses for which the particular
		These uses might include, for example, trade counter uses, motor dealerships, education and training facilities, or small scale leise
		locations-

#### ellings types and that older persons schemes propriate mix and range of dwelling types.

# that a concentration of certain housing types

specific housing type or mix is required to

Policy IMP2 of this Local Plan would need to ty could be applied.

nent premises will be permitted within or tlements listed in policy HOU5 provided

of development proposed by virtue of its has with adjoining uses;

ements, it must be demonstrated that the ves it.

ed at a suitable site elsewhere in the Ashford ully for a substantial period of time on ions, as a guide, appropriate marketing of at ms compare with other similar premises and mportant factor in the weight given to the lar location and premises may be suitable. isure facilities not suitable for town centre

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

MM74	EMP6 – Promotion of	Amend supporting text to read:
		b. c It has been shown that the unit has remained unlet or for sale for a substantial period for all appropriate types of B c employment generating uses, despite genuine and sustained attempts to let or sell it on reasonable terms, and furthermore the site for any appropriate types of alternative employment use within the Plan period.
		a-b) they The premises are replaced with the same sized or larger sites or premises within or adjoining the same rural se centre, or
		a)The site is no longer appropriate for the continuation of the previous or any other employment use in terms of its serior or environment;
		Proposals for the loss or redevelopment of existing employment sites or premises within the confines of Tenterden or th adjoining/close to a settlement listed in policy HOU5 will not be permitted, unless one of the following criteria apply;
		Within Tenterden and the HOU3a listed villages:
		c. The premises are replaced with similar facilities within the existing site or elsewhere in the Ashford's urban area, prov developable B class employment floorspace that would be lost to redevelopment.
		b. It has been shown that the unit has remained unlet or for sale for a substantial period for all appropriate types of B class employment generating uses, despite genuine and sustained attempts to let or sell it on reasonable terms, and furthermo the site for any appropriate types of alternative employment use within the Plan period; or,
		a. The site is no longer appropriate for the continuation of the previous or any other employment use in terms of its series or environment; or,
		Proposals for the loss or redevelopment of existing employment sites or premises (outside the town centre) will not be p following criteria applies:
		In the Ashford urban area:
		Amend Policy EMP2 as follows:-
		When considering an application for the loss of an employment site, an assessment will need to be made as to the viability of the or use. In order to demonstrate that a site is no longer viable for an employment use, the application must be supported by robust ever marketed unsuccessfully for both the existing use and any alternative suitable B-class employment use for a period of at least 6 m other similar premises and locations being sold or let for employment purposes. The extent of any marketing carried out and the premise considerations in the Council's assessment of viability evidence. <u>Marketing should also extend to the potential use for other which the particular location and premises may be suitable.</u>
		Amend paragraph. 5.147 as follows:-
		In addition to marketing the site, developers will need to have carried out a viability assessment of the redevelopment potential of employment generating uses. These uses might include, for example, trade counter uses, motor dealerships, education and training not suitable for town centre locations. The viability assessment should consider not only the redevelopment of the site in the curre of the site within the timescale of this Plan.
		Amend paragraph. 5.142 as follows:-

of the site for any other types of suitable ning facilities, or small scale leisure facilities rent market conditions, but also redevelopment

existing use or an alternative employment evidence that the premises have been months on terms that should compare with prevailing market conditions will also be ther suitable employment generating uses for

# permitted unless at least one of the

# ious impact on the neighbouring occupiers

lass employment uses <u>or other suitable</u> nore, that it will not be viable to redevelop

oviding at least the overall amount of

the villages listed in policy HOU3a, <u>or</u>

# ous impact on the neighbouring occupiers

settlement, or at the nearest rural service

class employment uses or other suitable nore, that it will not be viable to redevelop

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

Fibre to the Premise (FTTP)	5.160 The policy below builds upon this pioneering approach and challenges the market yet further to require fibre to the premise wherever practical. In doing so, the approach underpins one of the key principles of this Local Plan with regard to the utilisation, e infrastructure wherever possible.
	5.163 In the urban area, where the fibre network now exists, the cost of installing FTTP in new developments is considered to be phase of the development. Any costs (above BCIS assumptions) must also be balanced with increased sales values that are likely reliable broadband speeds being available. <u>Based on these factors, Policy EMP6 requires that all residential and employment development</u> of Ashford, including on site allocations promoted in this Plan that adjoin the urban area of Ashford, shall deliver FTTP.
	5.165 However, the Council recognise that there are can be more challenges in terms of the viability of provision in the rural area network is more difficult than in the urban area in the rural area to the delivery of FTTP. With this in mind, the policy approach is to type that will, in most circumstances, be able to deliver FTTP. below is targeted towards For residential development, EMP6 shall residential units or more in the rural area. and proposals that will deliver reasonably sized, or larger, employment uses For employed.
	apply to those schemes which provide 10 full time jobs or equivalent in the rural area. The assumption as to the number of jobs to Employment Densities Guide, produced by Government.
	5.166 <u>However, developments that fall below these thresholds will, nevertheless, still be encouraged to provide FTTP Schemes to encouraged to deliver FTTP wherever practical to try to assist in ensuring that the Borough's fibre network is delivered to its maxing that the Borough's fibre network is delive</u>
	5.168 However, in order to be consistent with the provisions in the NPPF, the Council recognise that there may be schemes that with policy EMP6 fulfil the policy requirements as stipulated below. In such cases, evidence will be needed from the applicant to d justified. Such evidence could include (but is not limited to) issues of viability, the ability to dig the appropriate physical trench and the fibre network. They may also be circumstances where the operators themselves have concluded that servicing the site is not propriate physical trench and the fibre network.
	5.169 Where a FTTP solution is not deemed possible (and this position is accepted by the Council) provision of technologies cap 24Mbps should be delivered instead. wherever practical.
	Implementation
	5.170 The intention of Policy EMP6 is not to require developers to deliver FTTP solutions themselves. Instead, it focuses on the reproviders in order to best understand what their infrastructure specifications are and how these can be accommodated as part of the second secon
	5.171 To facilitate this, the Council requires that an application for a qualifying development is supported by a 'FTTP Statement'. telecom operators and establish how FTTP will be provided to serve the development and that it will be engaged upon first occupation between the applicant and the Council and it is likely that conditions will be applied to any subsequent permission, to ensure that statement.
	5.172 For outline proposals, the 'FTTP Statement' may be more limited on specific details relating to the imminent implementation commitment to supply the specific details at a later date, including how and when the telecom operators will be consulted, will nee
	5.173 More detailed guidance about the implementation of EMP6 will be provided through a future SPD.
	Delete existing policy wording and replace as follows:
	Policy EMP6 - Promotion of Fibre to the Premises (FTTP)
	The Council considers that FTTP is essential infrastructure and vital to the delivery of sustainable development. Therefo

se (FTTP) for all most new developments. enhancement and expansion of existing

e relatively small particularly during the build ely to be achieved on account of fast and evelopment within or adjoining the urban area

a and sometimes the ability to connect to the to target development that is of a scale and/or all apply to those schemes promoting 10 oyment development (B classes), EMP6 shall to be created should be based on the national

that fall below these thresholds will be kimum capacity.

t come forward which cannot <u>be consistent</u> demonstrate that a departure from policy is d proximity to the nearest breakout point on <u>t practical.</u>

pable of providing speeds in excess of

need to conduct early dialogue with telecom f the new development.

. This will provide details of dialogue with the pation. This statement will need to be agreed to FTTP will be secured as envisaged by the

on of FTTP. In these circumstances, a eed to be provided and agreed by the Council.

ore, all qualifying development shall

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		deliver FTTP. Qualifying development includes:
		<ul> <li><u>All residential and employment schemes proposed in, or adjoining, the urban area of Ashford, including on those speriphery of the urban area of Ashford.</u></li> <li><u>Residential schemes promoting 10 dwellings or more in the remaining parts of the Borough,</u></li> <li><u>Employment schemes promoting 10 or more jobs (FTE) in the remaining parts of the Borough.</u></li> </ul>
		Proposals for qualifying development will be required to be supported by a FTTP Statement, to be agreed by the Council. will be provided to serve the development and that it will be engaged at first occupation.
		Exceptions to the approach outlined above could be justified in circumstances where it is not practical, viable or feasible will be needed from the applicant to demonstrate that a departure from policy is justified.
		For other residential and employment schemes, FTTP will be encouraged by the Council as a means of expanding the loc
		Where FTTP is not to be delivered, non-Next Generation Access technologies that can provide speeds in excess of 24Mb
MM75	EMP7 – Primary and secondary	Amend supporting text as follows:
	shopping frontage in ATC	5.183 With-planning permission being granted for the a cinema, and restaurants, retail and hotel development under construction town centre, Bank Street will become an important pedestrian route linking the proposed leisure-led scheme and the High Street. I has been developed completed it will become part of the Primary Shopping Area, and designated as primary shopping frontage as existing PSA on the map in Policy EMP7.
		5.184 In the past, frontage policies for Ashford Town Centre have restricted the amount of non-A1 uses within the primary shoppin within the secondary areas of the Town Centre. With the introduction of more relaxed permitted development rights there is much planning permission is not required for changes between different class A uses.
		5.185 Town centres are changing and will no longer be solely supported by traditional retail development, having to expand their or vitality and viability. Ashford Town Centre is no different. Recent trends show that the proportion of Class A1 within the primary fro which reflects national trends and a more flexible and pragmatic policy approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the trends and the primary and secondary shows the trends and a more flexible and pragmatic policy approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the trends and a more flexible and pragmatic policy approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the trends and a more flexible and pragmatic policy approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the trends and the primary and secondary shows the trends approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the trends approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the primary approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the primary approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the primary approach to the definition of the primary and secondary shows the primary approach to t
		5.186 It is therefore not considered necessary to restrict particular percentages of retail uses in certain areas. It is considered that the predominant area for Class A uses, and that the secondary frontages will have a broader range of uses. The approach recogn primary shopping centre in the Borough, but understands that the future success of the town centre cannot solely rely on its function centre should be a place that residents and visitors want to visit, whether for shopping or for other purposes, such as business, leit
		The Council recognises that the flexibility provided by the current permitted development rights for commercial uses means that so planning permission. Where planning permission is required the policy would apply.
		The policy requires proposals to maintain or enhance the vitality and viability of the town centre. For proposals within the primary s account a range of factors in determining whether the proposals would achieve this. Some of these factors will apply only when co would result in the loss of A1 units, others would apply in all cases. Proposals will be determined on a case by case basis taking in
		The Council will take into account whether a particular unit has been vacant and the benefits of bringing that unit back into use. Co proposal can add vibrancy, activity and pedestrian footfall to the area, and this is particularly important during daytime hours. It is a shopfront and is immediately accessible by the public from the front, which will ensure that it would be compatible with the nature of and activity within the publically accessible areas of the town centre.
1		

# sites allocated in this Local Plan on

# il. This statement will establish how FTTP

# le to deliver FTTP. In such cases, evidence

# ocal fibre network.

# lbps should be provided as an alternative.

n on Elwick Road in the southern part of the In this respect, it is proposed that once this as this is shown by an extension to the

bing frontages, and the amount of A2 uses h more flexibility around proposed uses, and

offer to wider uses in order to maintain their rontage of Ashford Town Centre has fallen, hopping frontages is required.

at the primary shopping frontages will remain gnises the role of Ashford Town Centre as the ction as a shopping destination. The town eisure or entertainment.

some changes of use would not require

shopping frontage, the Council will take into considering applications for change of use that into account the following relevant factors.

Consideration will be given to whether the also important that the unit has an active e of a retail area, and that it creates footfall

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Where the proposal would result in the loss of A1 retail units, consideration should also be given to whether or not the proposal would result in an accumulation of non-A1 uses along a particular frontage, this could is some cases have a harmful impact upon the retail function of that part of the frontage and therefore be harmful to the vitality and viability of the town centre. The size and form of the unit may also be relevant, for example the loss of a larger or anchor A1 retail unit, which would normally be attractive to multiple retailers, could be more harmful than the loss of a smaller A1 unit. Within the secondary shopping frontage, the main issue that will be considered in determining whether the proposal would maintain or enhance the vitality and viability of the town centre is whether the proposed use would attract pedestrian activity and footfall to the town centre, thereby supporting its vitality and viability. 5.187 Residential development plays an important role in the vitality and viability of a town centre, bringing people into the town at different times of the day, increasing footfall and supporting a more vibrant evening and night time economy. Residential development will therefore be supported in the town centre in suitable locations. However residential development on the ground floor within the Primary and Secondary Shopping Frontage would be harmful to the economic health of the town centre. Proposals for change of use to residential on the ground floor within this area will therefore be resisted when considering applications for prior approval. 5.188 The following policy defines the locations of the primary and secondary shopping frontages in Ashford Town Centre, as well as the Primary Shopping Area, and sets out what uses will be permitted in such locations. Delete Policy EMP7 and replace with the following: Policy EMP7 - Primary and Secondary Shopping Frontage in Ashford Town Centre Primary and Secondary Shopping Frontages and the Primary Shopping Area are defined for Ashford Town Centre as set out on the Policies Map. Within the Primary Shopping Frontages, permission will be granted for development falling within Use Class A1. Use Classes A2, A3, A4 and A5 will be permitted subject to the proposal maintaining or enhancing the centre's vitality and viability, taking into account the following factors, where relevant: a) the impact the proposal will have on long term and persistent vacancy and the continued suitability and viability of the unit for A1 retail use b) the ability of the proposal to attract vibrancy, activity and pedestrian footfall to the town centre during the daytime; c) whether the proposal is compatible with a retail area in that it includes an active shopfront and is immediately accessible by the public from the front: d) the accumulation of non-A1 uses in parts of the frontage, which would significantly erode the retail function of the frontage; e) the loss of a large or anchor A1 retail unit Within the Secondary Shopping Frontage, proposals for all main town centre uses will be permitted, subject to the proposal maintaining or enhancing the centre's vitality and viability by attracting pedestrian activity and footfall to the town centre. The Council will support proposals to bring underused upper floors back into beneficial use, including residential and office use. Residential development will not be permitted on the ground floor within the Primary and Secondary Shopping Frontages. Amend boundary of primary shopping area (PSA) to include the proposed extension to the PSA. Replace Map (EMP7 Shopping Frontages in Ashford Town Centre) at

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Chapter 7 with the following:
		(red = Primary Shopping Area; Blue = Primary Frontage; Yellow = Secondary Frontage)
<b>MM76</b>	EMP8 – Primary Shopping frontage in Tenterden Town Centre	Amend supporting text as follows: 5.192 Previous policies for Tenterden Town Centre, have aimed to maintain a high concentration of A1 uses, by restricting propose the length of particular primary frontages becoming non-A1 uses. Whilst the current mix of uses within the centre makes for a well- recent extensions to permitted development rights, as with Ashford town centre, it is not considered appropriate to restrict uses by would have no practical effect. The current mix of uses within the centre makes for a well-functioning and vibrant centre, and it is therefore important that the polic with Ashford Town Centre, it is recognised that permitted development rights provides more flexibility without the need for planning permission is required, it is important that the Council can consider the impact of proposals on the vitality and viability of the centre Centre have aimed to maintain a high concentration of A1 uses, by restricting proposals that would result in more than 35% of the becoming non-A1 uses. However it is considered that, as with Ashford, a more flexible and pragmatic policy approach is appropria The policy identifies the primary shopping frontage for Tenterden Town Centre and is supportive of all main town centre uses, subj enhancing the centre's vitality and viability, taking into account a range of factors. In addition to those factors identified above in ref Tenterden, the impact of the proposal on the character and function of the Tenterden Town Centre, as the Borough's main rural se also be taken into account.

osals that would result in more than 35% of Il functioning and vibrant centre, given the y such a threshold, and in any event, this

licy framework protects and enhances this. As ng permission, but in cases where planning re. Previous policies for Tenterden Town e length of particular primary frontages iate, given the changing role of town centres. bject to the proposal maintaining or relation to Ashford Town Centre, for service centre and tourism destination, will

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

	I	
		Delete Policy EMP8 and replace with the following:
		Policy EMP8 - Primary Shopping Frontage in Tenterden Town Centre
		Primary Shopping Frontages and the Primary Shopping Area are defined for Tenterden Town Centre as set out on the Po
		Within the Primary Shopping Frontages, permission will be granted for development falling within Use Class A1. All othe permitted, subject to the proposal maintaining or enhancing the centre's vitality and viability, taking into account the following the centre's vitality and viability, taking into account the following the centre's vitality and viability.
		<ul> <li>a) the impact the proposal will have on long term and persistent vacancy and the continued suitability and viability</li> <li>b) the ability of the proposal to attract vibrancy, activity and pedestrian footfall to the town centre during the dayting</li> <li>c) whether the proposal is compatible with a retail area in that it includes an active shopfront and is immediately a</li> <li>d) the accumulation of non-A1 uses in parts of the frontage, which would significantly erode the retail function of to</li> <li>e) the loss of a large or anchor A1 retail unit</li> <li>f) the impact of the proposal on the character and function of the Tenterden Town Centre as the Borough's main r destination</li> </ul>
		Changes of use to residential will not be permitted on the ground floor of any unit.
MM77	EMP9 – Sequential Assessment and Impact Test	Amend paragraphs 5.199 to 5.203 as follows:         5.199 For the avoidance of doubt Policy SP-4-5 does not over-ride the need for development proposals in edge of centre location         5.200 Proposals for development outside of the PSA will be required to demonstrate, by carrying out a Sequential Assessment, the central location that would be suitable for the proposed development. Applicants will be required to demonstrate flexibility in respected to demonstrate.
		<ul> <li>5.201 The National Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) provides advice in setting locally appropriate thresholds for impact assessing Assessment concludes that impact assessments will be required for proposals for retail, leisure and office developments, which a uses will be required to carry impact assessments where their size is greater than those standards set out in the NPPF.</li> <li>5.202 The scope of the Sequential Test and Retail Impact Assessments which are required to be submitted in support of planning</li> </ul>
		agreed between the applicants and the Council at an early stage in the pre-application process. The level of detail included within the scale and type of retail floorspace proposed and shall be determined on a case by case basis. National Planning Practice Gui carrying out such assessments. The Council will impose conditions on planning permissions where this is necessary to appropriate
		5.203 The following policy sets out the requirements for consideration of applications for retail development which are located out and other main town centre uses that are not proposed in existing town centre boundaries and are not in accordance with support For the avoidance of doubt, this policy does not apply to small scale retail and service provision, which is permitted in accordance conversions of rural buildings to employment, non-residential tourism and leisure uses permitted by Policy EMP4.

#### Policies Map and extract above.

ner main town centre uses will be ollowing factors where relevant:

ity of the unit for A1 retail use time; accessible by the public from the front; the frontage;

rural service centre and tourism

office use.

ns to accord with the following policy.

that there are no sites located within a more pect of the format and scale of the proposed

sments. The Retail and Leisure Needs are greater than 500 sqm. Other town centre

ng applications should be discussed and in the assessments should be proportionate to uidance sets out detailed requirements for ately control the impact of a particular use.

utside of identified primary shopping areas, orted by other policies within this Local Plan. ce with Policy EMP10 of this Local Plan or to

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<b></b>		
		Amend Policy EMP9 as follows:
		Policy EMP9 - Sequential Assessment and Impact Test
		Proposals for retail development which are not located in the Primary Shopping Areas, or for other 'main town centre us <del>centre</del> boundaries of Ashford or Tenterden Town Centres (as defined in Policy SP4, EMP7 and EMP8 and set out on the <del>with</del> <u>supported by</u> other policies in this plan, will only be permitted if all of the following criteria can be met:
		<ul> <li>a) A sequential assessment has been carried out, that to demonstrates that no suitable sites are available, first in the town centre boundary for other town centre uses, then in edge of centre locations. Only if no sites are available in locations be considered in more central locations. Preference will be given to sites that are well connected to the b) The proposal, either by itself, or in combination with other committed development proposals, will not have a sign the vitality and viability of a town centre harm significantly the vitality and viability of the relevant centre, or any s the town centres can be adequately mitigated. Proposals for retail, leisure and office development which are great out an impact assessment. Other main town centre uses will be required to carry impact assessments in line with</li> </ul>
MM78	TRA2 – Strategic	Amend supporting text and policy wording to read:
	public parking facilities	5.245 In light of the above, the Study recognised that a flexible approach to parking was needed, one which can best respond to a that caters for both the needs of long stay and short stay users. This strategy is very much a part of the overall spatial aspiration for increase in parking provision, in the right places and with the avoidance of further land-take, while providing opportunities for the parking land.
		Multi Storey Car Parks
		5.247 In Ashford town centre, delivering new multi-storey car parks (MSCPs) has been a long held aspiration of the Council and i provide the opportunity to redevelop some of the Town Centre's existing surface level car parks – highly accessible and sustainal spaces to new MSCPs while obtaining a net gain in useful spaces. In order to be successful, MSCPs generally need to be located leisure facilities and in doing so tend to cater for the shorter term parking demand. They also need to be clean, attractive and provide
		5.248 In the Ashford Town Centre Area Action Plan (2010), land was allocated to deliver two MSCPs by 2020. These were both r significant levels of planned retail and leisure development, envisaged to come forward by 2020. Additional car parking facilities of be required in the town centre over the Plan period in order to accommodate the levels of growth envisaged in this Plan and supp
		5.249 This Local Plan is not proposing to deliver such large scale of development in the Town Centre. Nevertheless, Surface car land-hungry and therefore MSCP provision is still seen as an important component of meeting parking needs in the longer term to and remains a key Council aspiration. To avoid excessive land-take in the town centre for parking related to new development, it space (e.g. that required in TRA3b) by extending or decking existing public car parks, subject to a proportionate financial contribution with the Council should be a priority when considering any development in the town centre that is likely to require parking. Similar working to deliver a MSCP as part of redevelopment proposals in the town centre.
		5.250 Although MSCPs tend to best serve short stay users, it is highly likely that they will also partially meet long stay demands, e starts coming forward in the town centre, until such time that a new park and ride facility is operational viable which can cater for the starts coming forward in the town centre.
		5.251 Should a MSCP be delivered, the Council may then wish to pursue the redevelopment of some its existing car parking stock need to demonstrate that there is spare capacity in existing public parking stock serving the town centre, that is currently operation part of the redevelopment.

uses' which are not located within the town Policies Map), and are not in accordance

he primary shopping area, for retail, or the n these locations should out of centre town centre; inificant adverse impact on investment or

significant adverse negative impact upon ater than 500 sqm will be required to carry th the requirements of the NPPF.

development as it comes forward in a way for Ashford Town Centre, providing a netredevelopment of less sustainable public

it remains a valid one. New MSCPs will able brownfield sites - through the decanting of ed in accessible locations near to shops and ovide a sense of safety for their users.

required to meet the needs generated by of between 700-900 spaces are estimated to port the vitality and viability of the town centre.

r parking is recognised as being relatively to respond to development coming forward, may be possible to deliver additional parking ution (as per Policy IMP1). Early engagement arly, there may be an opportunity for joint

especially as new commercial development this demand in a more sustainable way.

ck in the town centre. These proposals will ional or which will be provided elsewhere as

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Policy TRA2 - Strategic Public Parking Facilities
		The Council will prioritise <u>an aspiration for</u> the delivery of two new multi-storey public car parks in <u>Ashford Town Centre</u> , capacity of 300 spaces, and at the other with an indicative capacity of 400 – 600 spaces.
		Proposals which would enable the delivery of these facilities on the site of an existing town centre car park in a sustainal supported. Likewise, major town centre development requiring parking in line with Policy TRA3b may be required to provision towards the delivery of these facilities. Such provision could be in lieu of on-site parking provision for a proposed development development.
		Proposals which would <u>involve the removal or capacity reduction of a publicly-available car parking facility in the town c</u> deliver <u>multi-storey car parking, these facilities on a viable basis</u> will be refused unless it has been agreed with the Borou longer required or the alternative provision of the same amount of parking spaces can be delivered in a suitable location.
MM79	TRA3a - Parking Standards for Residential	Amend supporting text and policies as follows:           Residential
	Development	
	&	5.256 The NPPF allows Local Planning Authorities to set their own parking standards, providing that issues of local car ownership the development and the desire to reduce carbon emissions are taken into account.
	TRA3b - Parking Standards for Non Residential Development	5.257 Ashford Borough is a large and diverse borough, with extensive rural areas in addition to Ashford town itself which has seen A single approach to the provision of car parking is not appropriate for all developments coming forward across the borough during parking standards has been part of the Council's approach for a number of years since the Residential Parking and Design Guidar out the quantum and design of parking provision in new housing development in the borough.
		5.258 The approach taken in this SPD , has proven useful, robust and clear for all parties and has helped to deliver adequate park that delivers better quality places and environments which is a key aspiration of the Local Plan. As part of the preparation of this Lo standards in the its Residential Parking and Design Guidance SPD and revised them slightly in the 'suburban' and 'rural' areas by minimum parking standards for certain types of residential uses. This is considered to better reflects a more realistic approach ma levels (now and future trends).
		5.259 For the town centre area (as identified under policy SP4) - and within the central areas of larger developments - a more sign Local Plan now advocates a minimum parking standard of 1 space per residential unit. This standard takes account of local circum future assumptions), historic problems of insufficient parking facilities in central areas and ensures that sufficient parking spaces a location.
		5.260 For the avoidance of doubt, the policy below supersedes the standards set out in the 2010 SPD apart from the standards set standards should still be used. In addition, with the key exception of the design and layout guidance contained within the existing standards in proposals coming forward.
		Care should be taken to ensure that parking is well designed, easily accessible and is sympathetic to the surrounding environment
		Care should be taken to ensure that parking is well designed, easily accessible and is sympathetic to the surrounding environmen those required for visitor parking in residential areas, should be seamlessly integrated into the public realm to reduce the visual im
		interest and the second state of the second st

#### e, one of which will have an indicative

able location and on a viable basis will be ovide proportionate financial contributions elopment.

<u>centre, or which prejudice the ability to</u> ough Council that the facility is either no on.

ip levels, accessibility, the nature and type of

en significant expansion over the last decades. ing the plan period. This 'zonal' approach to ance SPD (2010) was first produced that set

Irking spaces to support development in a way Local Plan the Council has revisited the by promoting supporting slightly higher market demand and considering car ownership

gnificant change is now proposed. Here the umstances including car ownership data (and are delivered to support development in this

set out for visitor provision. Here the SPD g SPD which remains valid and should be

ent. Unallocated parking spaces, including mpact, and be suitably located so that they do

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	Policy TRA3 (a) - Parking St	Standards for Re	esidential Development				
	Proposals for residential de minimum parking standard	•				•	
	Proposals for residential de	evelopment els	ewhere shall achieve the	following mi	nimum parking	standards:	
		S	uburban and Rural location	ons			
	1 bed dwelling		space per unit	0113			
	2-3 bed dwelling		spaces per unit				
	4+ bed dwelling		spaces per unit				
	Visitor parking should be pr where layout permits. Parking to support resident Residential Parking SPD.						
	Residential Farking SFD.						
	Amend first sentence of Polic	cy TRA3 (b) as fo	ollows:				
	Policy TRA3 (b) - Parking St	Standards for No	on Residential Developme	ent			
	Proposals for non-residenti	tial developmen	ts within the Borough sha	all provide pa	arking facilities	to <u>at least</u> the follo	wing
	Use class list of requirement	ents unchanged.					
	Insert new sentence:						
	Proposals not falling within the Local Highway Authority			eneris uses, s	should provide	a level of parking p	ropor
	Amend second part of policy a	v and criteria a) b	) and c) as follows:				
	In exceptional cases, the Co	Council may req	<del>uire p</del> roposals <u>may t</u> o dep	part from the	standards in p	olicies TRA3 (a) or	TRA3
	a) A bespoke parking stand area;	dard is included	as part of site specific po	olicy within t	his Local Plan	that seeks to take in	<del>nto ac</del>
	b) In order to take account of site's accessibility to public	-	-	•	-		
	c) Where an operator or pot be clearly evidenced and wi				arking spaces to	o cater for their spe	cific c
1							

# s' of larger developments shall deliver a delivered on-site.

# er dwelling in major residential schemes

# ce contained within the Council's

-----

parking standards:

# rtionate to its activity, and be agreed with

(b) if any of the following apply:-

ccount specific local circumstances in that

, including as a result of the development ems;

operational needs, such requirements can

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Promoting the	
local bus network	5.265 Providing a frequent, fast and high quality bus service can greatly improve bus patronage and in turn provide a viable service County Council and bus operators - has been successful in levering funds from the developers to support local bus provision.
	5.266 In the urban area, the bus service is relatively frequent and efficient, connecting the outskirts of the town with the town centre necessary to this network to ensure that it continues to offer a realistic alternative to private car trips where possible. Particular ent projects in and around Ashford town centre or on the key radial routes into the town centre, as this remains the key destination of t should therefore be prioritised.
	5.267 In the rural area, the bus service is less frequent which reflects both its size and nature but also the difficulties in providing a provides a vital service for many residents in the rural area who do not have access to a car. Therefore, proportionate enhanceme sustainable service possible in this location.
	Applicants will be required to consider the potential for bus patronage as part of development proposals, thus contributing to moda supplementing of additional services or the setting up of additional ones in liaison with the provider, depending on the location of the transport assessments are required as per Policy TRA8, the ability to demonstrate how the scope for additional bus patronage car services or improvements to those services will be important in assessing the sustainability of a proposal.
	5.268 The enhancements needed will be determined in agreement with the County Council and bus operators and will be secured they relate to more localised projects, or site specific enhancements, or CIL monies where they relate to more strategic enhancement contribution will be agreed between the relevant parties with a view of ensuring that the attractiveness of the bus service is maximized.
	5.269 The enhancements that will be sought will be proportionate to the scale and location of development, but could include the oprovision of new or alteration/expansion of existing routes and services, contributions towards bus-related infrastructure and operative years of a development.
	5.270 The Infrastructure Plan that supports this Local Plan identifies bus priority measures necessary to deliver better access for bis recognised that as new schemes come forward over the Plan period, new projects will be identified in order to ensure that a sus maintained, as far as is practical. S106 contributions will be secured to help deliver these projects as appropriate.
	Amend Policy TRA4 as follows:
	Policy TRA4 - Promoting the local bus network
	The Council, in liaison with the County Council, will seek enhancements to the local bus network in order to meet the add development as it comes forward.
	The potential for bus patronage should be considered as part of any proposal for new residential or commercial develops whether modal shift in favour of public transport can be achieved through existing bus services or improvements to the scheme's sustainability. This should be demonstrated through a Travel Plan, Assessment or Statement (submitted under
	These Enhancements could include the delivery of bus priority measures, the provision of a new service or the alteration contributions towards bus-related infrastructure and operational subsidy for the service in the early years of occupation
	Where S106 contributions are sought, their scale and timing shall be agreed by the borough and county council following operators, prior to the granting of planning permission.
	network

vice. In the past the Council - in liaison with the

tre. However enhancements will be nhancements will be targeted towards key f the local bus network and where investment

a viable service here. However this provision nents should be secured to deliver the most

dal shift. This may be through the f the site and scale of the proposal. Where an be achieved through either existing bus

ed either through S106 contributions, where ments. The scale and timing of any mised where possible.

delivery of bus priority measures, the erational subsidy for the service in the early

bus services to the town centre. However, it ustainable bus network in the Borough is

#### dditional demands created by new

pment. Applications should demonstrate e network as a key determinant of the ler Policy TRA8).

on/expansion of an existing service, on of the development.

ng consultation with relevant bus

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MM81	TRA7 – The road network and	Amend supporting text and policy as follows:
	development	5.276 The roads within the Borough can be classified as follows:
		<ul> <li>Primary routes: These roads form the primary network for the Borough as a whole. All long distance vehicle movements be and beyond the Borough should be targeted towards these routes as they have the most capacity and have been designed traffic movements than other routes.</li> <li>Secondary routes: These roads distribute traffic within residential and commercial areas of the Borough's settlements and i the smaller settlements to the primary network. Much of the borough is made up of these routes which greatly contribute to Local distributors: These roads distribute traffic within neighbourhoods. The form the link between secondary distributors are Access roads: These road give direct access to buildings and land within neighbourhood.</li> </ul>
		Roads are not only important as an engineered product of the highways system, but can have important multiple functions in the r ENV3a), rural character (see Policy ENV5) and cultural heritage (see Policy ENV13). Routeways have for centuries provided com and the identity of many of Ashford Borough's rural areas and communities have been shaped by these routes.
		Many of these former 'sunken tracks' or 'drovers routes' now form important functions in the highways network that was never enverted to the multifunctional personality of these routes is not sacrificed either through degradation through overuse and congestion imperative to maintain and wherever possible to enhance the safety of all road users.
		5.277 Within the context of the NPPF and its desire to deliver sustainable development, most of the traffic generated by development and secondary route network in the borough. Other routes should not be subject to inappropriate levels of traffic generation or unstand
		Policy TRA7 - The Road Network and Development
		Developments that would generate significant traffic movements must be well related to the primary and secondary road <del>capacity to accommodate the development</del> . New accesses and intensified use of existing accesses onto the <del>primary or s</del> permitted if a clear risk of road traffic accidents or significant traffic delays would be likely to result.
		In rural areas, <u>P</u> proposals which would generate levels and types of traffic movements, including heavy goods vehicle tr roads could reasonably accommodate in terms of capacity and road safety will not be permitted.
		Applicants must demonstrate that traffic movements to and from the development can be accommodated, resolved, or na residual impacts. In some cases, this may require exploring the delivery of mitigation measures prior to the occupation of mitigation and impact will be assessed through the fulfilment of the requirements of Policy TRA8.
MM82	ENV1 – Biodiversity	5.298 The Borough is also home to 83 Local Wildlife Sites (LWS), formerly known as Sites of Nature Conservation Interest, identi Nature Partnership. In addition, there are 3 Local Nature Reserves, the Ashford Green Corridor, Hothfield Common and Poulton V elements of the borough's biodiversity assets and contribute to the promotion, preservation <u>conservation</u> , restoration and re-creat therefore expects that they will be protected <u>conserved</u> and enhanced in new development that arises during the lifetime of this Pl biodiversity sites are listed in Appendix 4 of this Plan.
		5.299 Recent years have seen a recognition that the planning system should, in addition to the protection conservation of individu integrated landscape scale approach to improving biodiversity. In this regard, this Local Plan supports the aims and objectives of specifically to the Biodiversity Opportunity Areas (BOAs) of this Borough, to ensure that the priority habitats and species of each B in new development. Ashford Borough encompasses parts of 8 of Kent's BOAs, a reflection of its particularly diverse natural environment of the Conservation of this Local Plan.

between the main settlements in the Borough ed to accommodate proportionately more

include many rural roads which link some of to its attractive and rural character. and access roads.

remit of landscape character (see Policy nnections for non-motorised forms of traffic,

nvisaged previously, and care is needed to tion, or insensitive upgrading, but with an

ment should be targeted towards the primary nsuitable traffic movements.

d network and this should have adequate secondary road network will not be

traffic, beyond that which local the rural

#### mitigated to avoid severe cumulative of a development. Consideration of

tification of which is overseen by the Kent Wood, Aldington. These sites are important ation of ecological networks. The Council Plan. All the national and locally important

lual sites and species, move towards a more f the Kent Biodiversity Strategy as they relate BOA are protected conserved and enhanced vironment. A map of these BOAs can be

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

		Amend policy wording as follows:
		Amena policy woraling as follows.
		Proposals that conserve and enhance biodiversity will be supported. <u>Proposals for new development should identify and</u> enhance biodiversity should be identified. In particular, development should take opportunities to help connect and improve
		Proposals should safeguard features of nature conservation interest and should include measures to retain, <del>protect</del> <u>cons</u> BAP (Priority) habitats, and networks of ecological interest, including ancient woodland, water features, ditches, dykes a stones for wildlife.
		Where harm to biodiversity assets cannot be avoided, appropriate mitigation will be required in line with a timetable to be Normally any mitigation measures will be required to be delivered on-site, unless special circumstances dictate that an o financial contribution - in lieu of <u>on-site</u> mitigation - will only be considered in very exceptional circumstances <u>and where</u> <u>mitigation is deliverable and effective.</u>
MM83	ENV2 – The	Amend paragraph 5.310:
	Ashford Green Corridor	5.310 All development proposals on land within or adjoining the Green Corridor designation must demonstrate that the proposal w biodiversity value, visual amenity, movement networks or existing functions of the Green Corridor. All proposals within must make in respect of its environment, biodiversity, visual amenity, movement networks or functioning and. Development on sites adjoining impact on the setting as design of these sites can have a significant effect on the character and appearance of the Corridor. Positive improvements to the movement network and other key functions will be encouraged.
		Amend policy wording as follows:
		The protection and enhancement of Ashford's Green Corridor is a key objective.
		Development proposals within the identified Corridor designation (and proposed extensions) will be permitted, providing their principal open space use or other existing uses within them, and it can be demonstrated that the proposal would no overall environment, biodiversity, visual amenity, movement networks or functioning of the Green Corridor.
		Other forms of development proposals including those relating to an existing use within the Green Corridor will not be per accordance with a site specific policy in this Local Plan; or where it relates to a) the redevelopment of a suitable brownfie and in either scenario, that it can be demonstrated that there would be no significant harm to the environment, biodiversion or function of the Green Corridor.
		Development proposals on land adjoining the Green Corridor shall provide suitable access and links to the existing <u>move</u> Corridor wherever possible, <u>must not cause significant harm to any of the key features and functions</u> and <u>should</u> make a Corridor in respect of its environment, biodiversity, visual amenity, movement networks or functioning and its setting.

# nd seek opportunities to incorporate and prove the wider ecological networks.

# <u>nserve</u> and enhance habitats, including and hedgerows, as corridors and stepping

be agreed with the Local Authority. off-site model is more appropriate. A are it is demonstrated that the proposed

would not harm the overall environment, ke a positive contribution to the Green Corridor ng the corridor must also take into account its sitive enhancements in this regard, along with

# ng that it is compatible with, or ancillary to, not <u>cause significant</u> harm <u>to</u> the of the

permitted, unless it would be in field site or b) delivers overriding benefits, rsity, visual amenity, movement networks

ovement networks of the adjoining Green a positive contribution to the Green

out for the specific areas in the Ashford

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MM04		Delete eviteric i) and replace with additional contained to and of relian
MM84	ENV3a - Landscape character and	Delete criteria i) and replace with additional sentence to end of policy: i) Existing features that are important to the local landscape character shall be retained and incorporated into the propose
	design	Existing features that are important to and contribute to the definition of the local landscape character shall be retained a development.
MM85	ENV3b – Landscape	Amend policy wording as follows:
	character in the AONBs	ENV3b – Landscape Character and Design in the AONBs
	AUNDS	The Council shall have regard to the purpose of conserving and enhancing the natural beauty of <b>T</b> the Kent Downs and H and where appropriate enhanced or restored, in accordance with their landscape significance.
		Major development proposals within the AONBs will only be permitted in exceptional circumstances and where it is dem
		Other All Pproposals within and or affecting the setting of AONBs will also only be permitted under the following circums
		• The location, form, scale, materials and design would conserve and enhance and where appropriate enhance or re
		<ul> <li>The development would enhance the special qualities, distinctive character and tranquillity of the AONB.</li> <li>The development conforms with has regard to the relevant AONB management plan and any associated guidance.</li> <li>The development demonstrates particular regard to those characteristics outlined in Policy ENV3a, proportionate AONB.</li> </ul>
MM86	ENV4 – Light	Add new supporting text following paragraph 5.319 as follows:
	Pollution and dark Skies	There is an increasing demand for artificial lighting for safety (road schemes etc.), crime prevention (security lighting) and for leisu etc. Linked with this increasing demand has been a rise in the number of complaints about obtrusive light received by local author raised the profile of obtrusive light as an environmental issue.
		Obtrusive light is generally a consequence of poorly designed or insensitive lighting schemes. The main problems associated with
		<ul> <li>Sky glow - the orange glow we see around urban areas caused by a scattering of artificial light by dust particles and water of Glare - the uncomfortable brightness of a light source when viewed against a darker background; and</li> <li>Light trespass - light spilling beyond the boundary of the property on which a light is located.</li> </ul>
		Each of the three types presents very different problems for the general public and for the environment as a whole.
		As per guidance established by the Institution of Lighting Professionals (ILP, 2011), the borough has been divided into distinct "En radiance data, to determine suitable local thresholds and standards for external lighting. These are presented in the table below:

# osed development;

# d and incorporated into the proposed

High Weald AONBs. should be conserved,

monstrated they are in the public interest.

nstances:

restore the character of the landscape.

ce. te to the high landscape significance of the

sure activities (floodlighting of sports facilities), orities. This combination of circumstances has

ith obtrusive light are:

er droplets in the sky;

Environmental Zones" based on global satellite

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Zone	hford Borough What is acceptable?	Where does it apply?
<u>E0</u>	No decorative lighting acceptable.	Designated 'dark sky'
	Security lighting acceptable only in	zone
	exceptional circumstances.	
<u>E1</u>	External lighting to be limited to accord with	AONBs; SSSIs; rural
	ILP lighting guidance for this zone.	areas outside of HOU3a rural settlements
	Decorative lighting generally inappropriate.	
	All lighting must be extinguished after 23:00	
	except in exceptional circumstances.	
<u>E2</u>	For large-scale developments, lighting levels	Within identified HOU3a
	should accord with ILP technical guidance for	rural settlements
	this zone. Where development takes place,	(excluding Tenterden
	strict control of new street lighting.	High Street)
	All lighting must be extinguished after 23:00	
	except in exceptional circumstances	
<u>E3</u>	External lighting levels should accord with ILP	Extensions to the Ashford
	technical guidance for this zone.	urban area and Tenterden
		High Street
<u>E4</u>	External lighting levels should accord with ILP	Within the Ashford urban
	technical guidance for this zone. Street	area
	lighting proposals should be carefully planned	
	and specified to achieve best practice in light	
	pollution control.	
Amend	policy wording as follows:	
Policy	ENV4 – Light Pollution and Promoting Dark S	kies
Propos	sals will be permitted provided that the lighting	g proposed is the minimur
with a	beam angle below 70 degrees and that no sign y of local residents, the safety of vehicle user	nificant adverse effects inc
		·
	rrelated colour temperature (CCT) of outdoor ated with short-wavelength visible light.	ingnung should not exceed
<b>D</b> # <b>e</b> = e =	ale where external lighting is required at such	indude e full linking a s
-	sals where external lighting is required should quipment proposed including luminaire type, r	

Within the area proposed to be designated as a 'dark sky zone', proposals will only be permitted where they adhere to the above requirements and where they can demonstrate that there will be no significant adverse effects on the visibility of the night sky or its intrinsically dark landscapes.

All proposals will be expected to comply with demonstrate clear regard to the guidance and requirements set out in the Council's Dark Skies SPD (2014).

for its purpose, is designed such that lighting is directed downwards, cumulatively will result to the character of the area, the residential onal rhythms of the Borough's biodiversity assets.

s in order to limit the effects of known environmental hazards

vides information about layout and beam orientation, a schedule of the nen unit levels. Schemes will be expected to comply with ILP technical

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MM87	ENV5 –	Add an additional paragraph to supporting text after 5.322:-
	Protecting	Add an additional paragraph to supporting text after 5.322
	important Rural	Local historic and landscape features, whether designated or not, may provide elements which create local legibility or reference provide elements which create local legibility or refere
	features	can also be important in establishing character. Where such features have been identified by Parish Councils or recognised local
		Neighbourhood Plan (or an equivalent document), development should also have regard to the need to protect, or where possible
		Policy ENV5 – Protecting important rural features
		All development in the rural areas of the Borough shall protect and, where possible, enhance the following features: a) ancient woodland and semi-natural woodland;
		b) river corridors and tributaries;
		<ul> <li>c) rural lanes which have a landscape, nature conservation or historic importance; and</li> <li>d) public rights of way; and,</li> </ul>
		e) other local historic or landscape features that help to distinguish the character of the local area.
MM88	ENV6 – Flood Risk	Amend Policy opening and criterion a) as follows:
		Proposals for new development should contribute to an overall flood risk reduction.
		Development will only be permitted where it would not be at an unacceptable risk of flooding <u>on the site</u> itself, and there elsewhere.
		The sequential test and exception tests established by the National Planning Policy Framework will be strictly adhered to development preferably being located in Flood Zone 1. In exceptional circumstances wWhere it is demonstrated develop lower flood risk, the tests above cannot be met, essential transport or utility infrastructure, or other development on brow exception test if the development is designed to be compatible with potential flood conditions, and:
		a) there are no alternative sites in a lower flood risk zone, and
MM89	ENV8 – Water	Amend supporting text and policy as follows:
	Quality, Supply and Treatment	5.341.3 With regard to the sewerage system (network of sewers and associated facilities that convey wastewater to the treatment required to work in collaboration with the service provider to ensure that the infrastructure is delivered in parallel with the development will be permitted only if sufficient capacity is either available, or can be provided in time to serve it. Where the network developments will be required to provide a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate carmains connection within reasonable distance to connect to, alternative proposals should be considered.
		5.342 The majority of Ashford's water supply comes from large underground chalk and greensand aquifers that need regular replet aquifers are currently over abstracted and over licensed and there is a presumption against further consumptive abstraction. As we water, groundwater provides rivers with their based-flow which if not maintained can be detrimental to water quality. For developm Zones (Source Protection Zones and/or Groundwater Vulnerability Zones), it will be necessary to investigate and risk assess the p groundwater supplies in consultation with the Environment Agency. DEFRA is proposing []
		5.343 The Water Framework Directive (WFD) is the legal framework established to protect and restore clean water throughout E the borough, development must respect the river corridor, through the provision of, for example, a suitable buffer zone from the WFD is to achieve 'good' status by 2021 or 2027. Aylesford Stream on the East Stour was previously the only waterbody

### points of meaning to the local community and al community organisations in a Parish or le, enhance those features.

# e would be no increase to flood risk

#### to across the Borough, with new opment is unable to take place in an area of ownfield sites may be allowed as per an

nt works for treatment), developers will be development. New residential and commercial nere is insufficient capacity in the sewerage capacity. In circumstances where there is no

lenishment over sustained periods. These well as being important sources of drinking oment proposals in Groundwater Protection potential for any adverse effects on

Europe. For sites adjacent to main rivers in om the top of the river banks. A key target of ody within East Kent achieving 'Good' WFD

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		status but the latest cycle (2) shows that that it is no longer meeting WFD objectives. Whilst pollution from wastewater has
		impacts such as road runoff, rural discharge from farming practices and low rainfall combined with widespread water abstra contributed to poor water quality.
		5.344 New development must ensure that there are no direct or indirect adverse effects on the quality of water supplies sources in
		Policy ENV8 - Water Quality, Supply and Treatment
		Major proposals for new development must be able to demonstrate that there are, or will be, adequate water supply and serve the whole development, or where development is being carried out in phases, the whole of the phase for which ap these facilities, the timing of their provision and funding sources will be key to the delivery of development.
		All development proposals must provide a connection to the sewerage system at the nearest point of adequate capacity service provider, and ensure future access to the existing sewerage systems for maintenance and upsizing purposes.
		Schemes that would be likely to result in a reduction in the quality or quantity of groundwater resources will not be perm principle, infrastructure proposals designed to increase water supply and wastewater treatment capacity subject to there environmental impacts and the minimisation of those that may remain.
		Where a site overlies a Groundwater Protection Zone an appropriate site investigation and risk assessment may be requ
		the Environment Agency prior to any grant of planning permission.
11100		
MM90	ENV9 – Sustainable	Amend supporting text as follows:
	Drainage	5.346 Water supply, flood risk and water quality have all been identified as critical constraints to the sustainable growth of Ashford managed carefully and the multi-benefits of implementing SuDS within local developments cannot be overstated.
		5.347 SuDS can make a real different to flood risk by managing the quantity of surface water runoff from development, they can a water level rises following heavy rain. SuDS can significantly reduce harm to valuable water resources by retaining water within the protecting water resources from pollution by filtering run-off. SuDS can form an integral part of both soft or hard landscaping and of for the benefit of amenity, recreation and wildlife. SuDS may also allow new development in areas where existing drainage system development within existing urban areas.
		5.348 The Flood and Water Management Act 2010 introduced the concept of flood risk management into law and sets out the inter NPPF requires LPAs to minimise vulnerability and provide resilience to the impacts of climate change, and requires all new develor 'priority to the use of sustainable drainage systems'. The Government have recently made changes to the NPPF making it clear the new major development wherever it is appropriate. DEFRA have published 'non-statutory technical standards for sustainable drain minimum standards of design, maintenance and operation of SuDS systems and sits alongside the Planning Practice Guidance. The Stage 1 Surface Water Management Plan provide information and guidance in formulating planning proposals.
		5.349 The Ashford Integrated Water Management Study identified that SuDS with restricted discharges would be integral to mana
		5.350 SuDS are designed to control surface water run off close to where it falls and mimic natural drainage as closely as possible SuDS system include the provision of amenity, biodiversity, landscaping, and water quality control. SuDS also provide opportunities
		<ul> <li>reduce the causes and impacts of flooding;</li> </ul>
		remove pollutants from urban run-off at source;
		<ul> <li>combine water management with green space with benefits for amenity, recreation and wildlife.</li> </ul>

as a significant impact on water quality other straction and physical modifications also

in the borough.

d wastewater treatment facilities in place to approval is being sought. Improvements in

ty wherever feasible, as advised by the

rmitted. The Council will support, in ere being no significant adverse

uired to be undertaken in consultation with

ord. Ashford's water environment needs to be

also moderate flow rates and prevent sudden the local hydrological system as well as d can contribute to the quality of green space ems are close to capacity, thereby enabling

ntention for SuDS in all new development. The relopments in areas at risk of flooding to give r that they expect SuDS to be provided in all rainage systems' which provides guidance on e. These documents together with the Ashford

naging flood risk as Ashford grows.

ble. <u>The four pillars of a successful integrated</u> hities (in line with NPPF) to:

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

5.351 In April 2015 KCC, as Lead Local Flood Authority for Kent, become a statutory consultee as per national requirements following a parliamentary statement in December 2014. Kent County Council have an adopted "Drainage and Planning Policy Statement" which should inform development of drainage schemes. There are also situations where consultation with the Environment Agency will be necessary in relation fluvial flood risk, water guality, biodiversity and groundwater protection, which may impact measures proposed for surface water management.

5.352 A recent discharge rates assessment based on the latest flood modelling for Ashford confirms the potential to reduce flood risk in Ashford through development appropriately managing and ultimately reducing site runoff rates through new development will assist in ensuring that the floodplain extents within Ashford do not increase even in light of expected changes in rainfall intensity as a result of predicted climate change.

5.353 The findings of the Discharge Rates Assessment demonstrated that the current Ashford Borough Council SuDS SPD policy (CS20) standard of 4 l/s/ha is difficult to achieve when applying to small site developments. The infrastructure required to store the quantity of water needed to achieve this discharge rate would not be feasible within smaller sites, as long term storage requires large areas of land. Therefore, on sites below 0.25ha it is advised that a maximum discharge limit of 2l/s is sought through the incorporation of flow-control devices.

5.354 The Discharge Rates Assessment also recommended that discharge requirements should be based on site specific conditions and monitoring (if available). By undertaking site-specific studies, a detailed analysis of what SuDS could be implemented into the site could also be achieved.

5.355 Finally, it was also recommended noted that the Council should could consider a higher discharge rate than 4 l/s/ha to apply for some brownfield sites borough wide if the site is brownfield. This study has outlined that the majority of the allocated sites in this plan would be capable of accommodating drainage infrastructure that would be able to discharge to half-capacity within 24 hours, based on a discharge rate of 5 l/s/ha.

5.356 In light of the recommendations of this report, the SPD is to be updated a more focused approach will be taken to reflect recent changes in local and national policies with respect to the requirements for discharge runoff rates throughout the borough and recent government changes on SuDS. These changes will seek to continue the reduction in flood risk through development across the borough, targeting larger sites where multifaceted benefits can be obtained by the introduction of appropriate SuDS and discharge rate reduction. The discharge rates will also be simplified to be more aligned with current guidance / established best practice wherever possible to ensure a robust reasoning behind the policy document. Moreover, discharge rates will be more site specific and should Drainage should seek to mimic the current drainage regime for a site, whilst also reducing the peak discharges and volumes from the critical storms, paying keen attention to drainage destination. The ultimate aim of the policy is to improve flood risk management in the Borough through future development.

5.357 The existing Sustainable Drainage SPD (2010) rates remain in place until such time that an updated Sustainable Drainage SPD is released, unless alternative discharge rates are agreed by the Council in consultation with KCC as Lead Local Flood Authority.

5.358 The updated Sustainable Drainage SPD is anticipated to recommend the following discharge rates based upon the Discharge Rates Assessment:

- Greenfield Discharge rates for undeveloped sites should discharge at a maximum of 51/s/ha, or 10% below current greenfield rates for the existing 1:100 storm event, whichever is lower. There must be no increase in discharge rate from less severe rainfall events, with evidence submitted to demonstrate this principle.
- Previously Developed Discharge rates for previously developed sites must meet at a minimum a reduction of 10% of existing runoff rates where this existing discharge rate can be established or 10.26I/s/ha where this cannot be established; but must endeavour to achieve 5 I/s/ha or seek to achieve 50% reduction from existing runoff rates for the site (where this can be established).

5.359 The above proposals set out the continuation of discharge rates outlined below will enable continued success in reducing runoff rates within the Borough through development.

5.360 Within the Ashford Borough, the requirement for the inclusion of SuDS within major development has been extended beyond that set out within the NPPF, and also includes minor developments. Permitted developments are also encouraged to integrate SuDS into schemes.

5.361 Developers will normally be expected to make provision for SuDS on-site where it is practical to do so. As an In the unlikely case of an exception, where SuDS cannot be achieved on developments in the Ashford urban area, developers will be required to make suitable in-lieu financial contributions through Section 106 Agreements. Consideration should also be given to 'strategic SuDS' where a limited number of attenuation and treatment areas are needed downstream in areas of significant planned

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		development.
		5.362 The Council expects SuDS to form an integral part of the development design process. This is because successful SuDS re- techniques that need to be designed in a sequential order. Whilst primarily used to attenuate runoff, early consideration of SuDS p benefits which will deliver more sustainable developments. Whilst it is acknowledged that some sites can be more challenging that For the reasons set out above, the Council advocates the use of masterplanning in SuDS. Useful guidance on how to successfully process has been development by KCC in "Water.People.Place." Kent County Council as Lead Local Flood Authority and statutor and Planning Policy Statement which should be referred to in the consideration of planning applications.
		Amend policy wording as follows:
		All development should include appropriate sustainable drainage systems (SuDS) for the disposal of surface water, in or adverse impact on water quality, and to mimic the drainage from the pre-developed site.
		On greenfield sites, development should discharge at a maximum of 4I/s/ha, or 10% below current greenfield rates for the lower. There must be no increase in discharge rate from less severe rainfall events, with evidence submitted to demonstr
		On Previously Developed Land, development must endeavour to achieve 4 I/s/ha runoff or seek to achieve 50% reduction where existing discharge rates can be established.
		On smaller sites (less than 0.25ha), development should achieve a maximum discharge of 2l/s.
		Any SuDS scheme must demonstrate regard to should be compliant with the adopted Sustainable Drainage SPD and any
		SuDS features should always be the preferred option and provided on site wherever practicable. In the Ashford urban are strategic forms of SuDS may be appropriate. In such circumstances, developers will need to contribute towards the cost Agreements.
MM91	Policy ENV10 – Renewable and	Amend paragraph 5.379 and 5.380 as follows:
	Low Carbon Energy	5.379 Following concerns by local communities into the insufficient weight given to the environment with regard to landscape, her farms, the government issued a statement (6 June 2013) updated national guidance, making it clear that local planning authorities development site is in an area identified as suitable for wind energy development in a Local or Neighbourhood Plan; and following the planning impacts identified by affected local communities have been fully addressed and therefore the proposal has their back plan and thus on-shore wind energy is not anticipated to be acceptable unless an area is identified in a Neighbourhood Plan. experience the adverse impact from wind farms, including cumulative landscape and visual impact are addressed satisfactorily.
		5.380 The government intends to amend legislation so that LPAs will handle all planning applications for onshore wind energy developed a Renewable Energy Position Statement (Updated June 2011) in which it states that due to the high sensitivity of the Ke commercial wind turbine developments will be unacceptable. The statement also considers it extremely unlikely that any location of AONB where field-scale solar PV arrays, such as solar farms, does not have a significant adverse effect on the landscape. Nation focus large scale solar farms on previously developed land and non-agricultural land and as a last resort, low grade agricultural land potential sites within the Borough.
		Amend Policy ENV10 as follows:
		Policy ENV10 - Renewable and Low Carbon Energy

require a range of discharge or infiltration provides the opportunity to design-in other nan others, SuDS can be applied to any site. Ily integrate SuDS through the masterplanning ory consultee has also produced a Drainage

order to avoid any increase in flood risk or

he existing 1:100 storm event, whichever is strate this principle.

on of existing peak runoff rates for the site

ny subsequent revisions.

rea if this cannot be achieved, then more sts of provision via Section 106

eritage and local amenity in relation to wind es should only grant planning permission if the ng consultation, it can be demonstrated that cking. No such areas are identified in this local pecting local plans to include policies to

evelopment. Kent Downs AONB JAC has Kent Downs AONB it considers that large scale can be found in or within the setting of the onal policy guidance also highlights the need to land. This greatly limits the availability of

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		Planning permission applications for proposals to generate energy from renewable and low carbon sources will be perm
		a) The development, either individually or cumulatively does not result in significant adverse impacts on the landsca (including their setting), having special regard to nationally recognised designations and their setting, such as AO
		Buildings;         b) The scale and design of renewable energy provision is compatible with the character and appearance of the area, recognised designations and their setting, such as AONBs, Conservation Areas and Listed Buildings;         c) The development does not generate an unacceptable level of traffic or loss of amenity to nearby residents (visual i flicker, odour);
		<ul> <li>d) Provision is made for the decommissioning of the infrastructure once operation has ceased, including the restorate</li> <li>e) Evidence is provided to demonstrate effective engagement with the local community and local authority.</li> </ul>
		A Sustainability Assessment statement should be submitted alongside any planning application illustrating the social, environment against this how the proposal complies with the criteria above criterion and any mitigation measures necessary, and be informed to Assessment.
MM92	Policy ENV13 –	Amend policy wording as follows:
	Conservation and enhancement of Heritage assets	Proposals which <del>protect, conserve</del> <u>preserve</u> and <u>or</u> enhance the heritage assets of the Borough, sustaining and enhanci they make to local character and distinctiveness, will be supported. Proposals that make sensitive use of heritage assets these bring redundant or under-used buildings and areas into appropriate and viable use consistent with their conservat
		Development will not be permitted where it will cause loss or substantial harm to the significance of heritage assets or the demonstrated that substantial public benefits will be delivered that outweigh the harm or loss.
		Where a development proposal will lead to less than substantial harm to the significance of a designated heritage asset, is likely to be impacted, harm will be weighed against the public benefits of the proposal, including securing the optimum
		All applications which will with potential to affect a heritage asset or its setting should be supported by a description of tarchaeological significance with an appropriate level of detail relating to the asset and the likely impact of the proposals
MM93	Policy ENV14 –	Amend supporting text as follows:
	Conservation Areas	5.403 The variety of building styles dating from different periods frequently adds character and interest to Conservation Areas. Innet that it is of the highest quality and is sensitive to the context of the site and its setting within the Conservation Area. Therefore, development of Areas should have regard to the layout and grain of buildings, streets and spaces and should reflect and wherever periods through the retention of building lines, and attention to boundary treatments, open spaces and footpaths.
		Amend the policy to read as follows:-
		Policy ENV14 - Conservation Areas
		Development or redevelopment within Conservation Areas will be permitted provided such proposals preserve or enhan area and its setting.
		Proposals should fulfil each of the following:
		a) the scale and detailed design of all new development and alterations should respect the historical and architectural ch including roofscapes, of the area, the relationship between buildings, the spaces between them and with their setting;

#### rmitted provided that:

# cape, natural assets or historic assets ONBs, Conservation Areas and Listed

h, having special regard to nationally

al impact, noise, disturbance, shadow

ration of the site to its previous use;

ental and economic benefits of the proposal d by a Landscape and Visual Impact

cing their significance and the contribution ets through regeneration, particularly where vation, will be encouraged.

their settings unless it can be

et, or where a non-designated heritage asset um viable use of the heritage asset.

of the asset's historic, architectural or Is on its significance.

Innovative design can be appropriate, provided development proposals coming forward within <u>er possible</u>, enhance local distinctiveness

ance the character and appearance of the

character, proportion and massing,

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics.	Changes to text are expressed either in the	conventional form of strikethrough for deletions an	d underlining for additions of text. Policy wording
1 1	5 1	5	

		b) the materials proposed should be appropriate to the locality and in sympathy with complement the those of existing b
		c) buildings and streets of townscape character, trees, open spaces, walls, fences or any other features should be retained character and appearance of the area;
		d) the development should not generate levels of traffic, parking or other environmental problems which would <del>damage <u>r</u> character<u>, <del>or</del> appearance <u>or significance</u> of the area; and</u></del>
		e) the use should be appropriate to and compatible with the character, appearance and historic function of the area.
		f) the development would not prejudice important views into or out of the conservation area.
		Proposals for inappropriate demolition, alteration or extension of buildings in Conservation Areas or which could prejudi Conservation Area, will be resisted where such proposals would be detrimental to their character or setting.
MM94	ENV15 –	Add paragraph to supporting text as follows after Paragraph 5.404:
	Archaeology	"Significance" is defined in the NPPF as the value of a heritage asset to this and future generations because of its heritage interes heritage assets in Ashford Borough can be found in the adopted Ashford Heritage Strategy (2017). However, on a site-by-site bas archaeological potential or where unexpected finds have occurred should include an analysis of archaeological significance, and v ensure that any development does not damage or destroy any potential archaeological remains, ensuring important remains are p preserved.
		Amend Policy wording to read as follows:
		The archaeological and historic integrity of Scheduled Monuments and other important archaeological sites, together with where possible enhanced. Development which would adversely affect such designated heritage assets will <u>be assessed</u> permitted.
		Planning applications, on sites where there is, or is the known potential for, an archaeological heritage asset, should incl assessment of the asset.
		In addition, where <u>the assessment outlined in Policy ENV13 reveals that</u> important or potentially significant archaeologic will be required to arrange for field evaluations to be carried out in advance of the determination of planning applications
		Where the case for development affecting a heritage asset site of archaeological interest is accepted, the any archaeolog as the preferred approach. Where this is not possible or justified, appropriate provision for preservation by record may b their significance. Any archaeological recording should be by an approved archaeological body and take place in accord of work to be submitted to and approved by the Borough Council in advance of development commencing.
MM95	COM1 – Meeting community's	Amend paragraph 5.424 as follows:
	needs	5.424 Broadly, this approach will continue, with the Council consulting the local education authority to determine where an educati Council will seek contributions through S106, where it would accord with the CIL regulations and national guidance. In most circum contributions from the larger schemes, in light of the S106 pooling restrictions. CIL receipts are may also likely to be required in the

g is shown in bold.

### buildings;

ined where they contribute positively to the

e result in substantial harm to the

idice important views into or out of a

est. More information on the significance of asis, archaeological investigation in areas of d would include recommendations designed to e properly recorded and, as relevant.

# with their settings, will be protected and a in line with Policy ENV13-not be

clude an appropriate desk based

ical heritage assets may exist, developers ns.

ogical remains should be preserved in situ be an acceptable alternative <u>dependent on</u> rdance with a specification and programme

ation contribution should be sought. <u>The</u> umstances the Borough Council will only seek the future.

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	1	
		Insert additional paragraph following 5.428:
		The Council's current approach is to require developer contributions through S106 on behalf of the local health authority for new of continue. In order to meet the needs for new healthcare facilities resulting from development set out in this Plan, the Council will s would accord with the CIL regulations and national guidance. CIL receipts may also be required in the future.
		Amend Policy COM1 as follows:
		Infrastructure and facilities required to meet the needs generated by new development, including sports, arts, community space, education and health provision, open space and play areas shall be provided as the community is established.
		Infrastructure or facilities designed to meet localised needs should normally be provided on-site. Other needs will be dele stakeholders and service providers to ensure that the provision is supplied in a way that meets their requirements and se
		Development monies will be secured via S106 where provision relates to a localised need or as identified through the site Otherwise, CIL receipts will be used to deliver strategic provision. Provision shall be secured through S106 and/or CIL as have regard to any relevant supplementary planning documents.
		Where the need for developments to contribute to, or provide, particular infrastructure or facilities is dependent on their so other attribute or impact exceeding a specified threshold and any site is brought forward as two or more separate scheme relevant threshold, the Council will seek from each scheme a proportionate contribution of the level of provision so as to would apply if the site came forward as a whole. If a site comes forward as two or more separate scheme threshold, the Council will seek an appropriate level of contribution on each part to match in total the provision that would whole.
		In the Borough as a whole, the loss of existing community infrastructure will be resisted unless sufficient evidence has a are no longer required or are obsolete and that suitable replacement provision is being provided or is located nearby.
MM96	COM2 – Recreation,	Amend title and supporting text as follows:
	Sport, Play and Open Spaces	-Sport, Recreation and Play_Recreation, Sport, Play and Open Spaces
	Open Spaces	5.431 Recreation, sport, open space and play areas can enrich the quality of our lives and contribute towards healthy living. The E such space and this provision will be added to when current planning applications are implemented, most notably Chilmington Gre and leisure areas.
		For the avoidance of doubt this policy covers the following: - indoor sports/community facilities, - outdoor sports pitches, - children's play areas, - public open space/ green space areas, - informal open space, - natural open space, - strategic parks.
		Policy COM2 also relates to allotments and cemetery provision although the specific policy framework for these are set out in policy below).
		5.432 The following total quanta of recreational, play, sport and open space are required to meet the needs of the new developme

#### or improved healthcare facilities, and this will seek contributions through S106 where it

# ity (including youth) and voluntary sector

elivered in liaison with the relevant supports sustainability.

ite allocations in this Local Plan. as set out in policies IMP1 and IMP2, and

ir size, floorspace, traffic generation or any emes of which one or more falls below the to match in total the requirement that e or more falls below any appropriate ould have been required on the site as a

# been submitted to demonstrate that they

Borough currently enjoys a wide range of Green which will deliver significant recreational

olicy COM3 and COM4 respectively (see

nent proposed in this Local Plan that do not recently approved Indoor Sports Facilities and

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The figures do not take into account the role which count have limited public access at key times.	uld be played by provision at scl	hools. This provision should be treated as
Delete table 4 and replace with:		
Table 4: Total targets for recreation, sport, play a	nd open space	
	22.0 hz	
<u>Informal Space*</u> Children's Play*	<u>33.6 ha</u>	
Strategic Parks*	<u>8.4 ha</u> 5.0 ha	
Allotments*	3.4 ha	
Sports Halls (1 badminton hall or equivalent)**	<u> </u>	
3G Artificial Pitch**	<u>+</u> 1	
Football Pitches**	<u>7 adult, 3 junior</u>	
Hockey 2G pitch**	1 adult	
Rugby**	2 senior pitches	
Cricket square and outfield**	<u> </u>	
*figures derived from Public Green Spaces and Water Environment SPD		
**figures derived from Indoor Sports Facilities and Playing Pitch Strategy	4	
<ul> <li>somewhat countered as CIL receipts can be used to d need for all new developments in the Borough. In additional the targets set out in table 4 above, such as funding graphic policy below.</li> <li>5.434 In order to determine the quantum and type of p For the provision of public open space, natural greens</li> </ul>	tion, alternative funding to that s rants from Sports England. The rovision required for each qualif	supplied from development will also be so refore the identification of a target figure i fying proposal, applicants will be expected
with the standards set out in the Public Green Spaces		n due course, the Council will update the
contributions SPD that will have its viability implication	<u>s assessed.</u>	
For the provision of indoor sports facilities and outdoor pitches needed as a starting point.	<u>r sports pitches, proposals shall</u>	utilise the Sports England Calculator to a
This initial assessment shall then be supplemented by Strategy. This may necessitate that the base requirem the Council's preferred delivery strategy, as expressed identified by the initial assessment.	ents, identified through the Cald	culator, need to be refined and/or altered
A number of specific projects have already been identi expressed in the Infrastructure Delivery Schedule that remit to assist in the delivery of these projects. The wo	supports the Local Plan and wi	Il be updated annually. In addition, a work
The Council's expectation is that all qualifying proposa and/or off-site financial contributions secured via Section in many seases the application of this policy will result in		

In many cases the application of this policy will result in the delivery of new facilities. However, where appropriate, developer contributions may also be used to enhance

<u>Playing Pitch Strategy emerging Ashford Borough Playing Pitch Strategy, alongside the standards set out in the current Public Green Spaces and Water Environment SPD.</u> The figures do not take into account the role which could be played by provision at schools. This provision should be treated as supplementary as in most cases it tends to

> lopment coming forward will be required to deliver roposals coming forward in the town centre, and a r developments may also contribute via this is ture. This type of provision effectively meets a sought by the Council as a means of achieving is considered to be a robust starting point for the

ted to have regard to the following:

and cemeteries, proposals shall be consistent uese standards as part of a development

ascertain the level and type of facilities and

s Indoor Sports Facilities and Playing Pitch d to reflect local circumstances and complement uld be of an equivalent scale or value to that

to meet the targets in Table 4. These projects are orking group will be established shortly with the a variety of sports and Sports England.

red through a combination of on-site measures

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existing facilities in order to improve their qualitative characteristics so as to encourage more use and generate greater capacity.
5.434 In order to determine the quantum and type of provision required for each qualifying proposal, applicants will be expected to relevant standards in the Green Spaces and Water Environment SPD. Aside from informal space – which will normally be delivered landscaping/ SUDs strategy, with incidental space around buildings - discussions with the Council shall take place as to what exact monies to be collected, using the projects identified within the supporting Infrastructure Delivery Plan schedule as the starting point identify additional off-site requirements that need to be considered as well. Where appropriate, these will be added to the Infrastructure
Paras 5.435 – 5.447 remain unchanged
Policy COM2 Policy COM2 - Recreation, Sport, Play and Open Spaces deleted and replaced with:
As a borough-wide target, the Council shall seek to deliver the overall quantum of new recreation, sport, play and open sp this Local Plan, by 2030.
To assist in achieving these targets, qualifying development proposals shall meet the need it generates, through the delive the enhancement of existing facilities that improves their quality, availability and/or accessibility. New provision will be demonstrate measures and/or through off-site financial contributions, secured via Section 106 Agreements.
Proposals on qualifying sites will be expected to have regard to the following:
For the provision of public open space, natural greenspace, informal greenspace, children's play, strategic parks, allotme consistent with the standards established in the Public Green Spaces and Water Environment SPD.
For the provision of indoor sports facilities and outdoor playing pitches, proposals will be expected to use the Sports England type of provision needed. A more detailed assessment will then be required in order to take account of the outcomes and Playing Pitch Strategy so that provision can be appropriately altered or refined to take account of local circumstance Council's preferred delivery strategy.
In Ashford, the provision of children's play, strategic parks and sports facilities will normally be targeted towards the spo Local Plan and as shown on the Ashford Urban Area diagram. Proposals which undermine the ability of a hub to play a ro be supported.
In the rural area, provision should normally be delivered in a way that helps maintain, enhance and potentially expand exi the development is proposed, or at the nearest settlement that has existing similar facilities.
Unless otherwise stated in site-specific policies, on-site provision shall normally be limited to informal/natural green space been identified to meet a local need generated by the development itself. This provision shall be phased in a way that sup
Exceptions to the approach outlined above could be justified, should the following circumstances arise in that: a) there is suitable public open/ green space provision nearby and this provision can be accessed by green routes, b) there is a suitable sports facility nearby which has the capacity to be used by the public at key times and this accessed at determination of the application, c) delivering such facilities would render a scheme unviable, d) not delivering the required provision is supported by the Council or in agreement with, where relevant, the Parisl
Existing open space, sports and recreational buildings and land should not redeveloped or used for other purposes, unle - An assessment has been undertaken which clearly shows the provision is surplus to requirements, or - Any loss would be replaced by equivalent or better provision in terms of quantity and quality in a suitable location - The development is for an alternative sport and recreational provision, the needs for which clearly outweigh the location

to use the Sports England Calculator and the ed on site and form part of the wider act provision will be sought from any S106 int. The Sports England Calculator may also ucture Delivery Plan as they are identified.

# space provision, as set out in table 4 of

# livery of either new facilities or through delivered via a combination of on-site

# nents and cemeteries, proposals shall be

ngland Calculator to ascertain the level es of the Council's Indoor Sports Facilities ces and the need to complement the

ports and recreation hubs identified in this role in delivering this provision shall not

xisting facilities at the settlement where

ace, and space or facilities which have upports the local community as it grows.

s, ccess can be secured over the long term

ish Council.

less:

on, loss.

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MM97	IMP1 – Infrastructure	Additional text to be inserted following paragraph 4.353:
	provision	Clearly, it is not possible to foresee all potential needs arising from development proposals (including windfalls), and so these will relevant policies in this Plan. Where specific requirements are known at this stage, these have been identified through the site allo
		<ul> <li>Development is expected to meet the additional demand for infrastructure that it creates, and new infrastructure should be required new demand. In some circumstances, for example where more than one development site is contributing to its delivery, alternative Council, working with the relevant service providers, will allow for some flexibility in this regard, taking into account how critical the of development. Flexibility will also be considered in response to issues of viability, as set out in Policy IMP2.</li> <li>Amendments to paragraphs 5.455 and 5.456:</li> <li>5.455 The introduction of the CIL Regulations in April 2015 new limits the scope of Section 106 Agreements and their ability to act towards strategic infrastructure, although they still have a role in the provision of site specific facilities. As a consequence. The Co Infrastructure Levy Charging Schedule alongside following the adoption of this Local Plan. This has been will be tailored to take a contained within this Plan and reflects the viability position at the time of drafting. It is likely that the CIL Charging Schedule will new of ClL receipts. This has benefits for developers, residents and service providers and allows for more transparency about what with therefore continue to use S106 to secure the delivery of infrastructure, where it is justified to do so in line with the NPPF and CIL funding will arise from CIL in due course.</li> </ul>
		arising from the policies of this Plan, allowing for a maximum of five S106 Agreements to provide proportionate contributions to the funding will arise from CIL in due course. Additional paragraph to be inserted following 5.456 and deletion of paragraph 5.458: <u>The Council, in liaison with the relevant highway authority, will also utilise S278 agreements to secure infrastructure and funding for 5.458</u> . <u>5.458</u> Clearly, it is not possible to foresee all potential needs arising from development proposals (including windfalls), and so the against relevant policies in this Plan. Where specific requirements are known at this stage, these have been identified through the
		Amend Policy IMP1 as follows: The Council will continue to work with relevant service providers to identify and deliver the infrastructure that is needed
		this Plan. All-Developments shall make provision to meet the additional requirements for infrastructure arising from the developments agreements and/ or Community Infrastructure Levy contributions. where it is justified to do so in line with the NPPF and should be provided at a time that is required to support the needs generated by the development.
		Provision should be made either by delivery of the infrastructure or by financial contributions towards the cost of the delivery of the infrastructure or by financial contributions towards the cost of the delivery of the original section 106 Agreements, Section 278 agreements and / or Community Infrastructure Levy contributions.
MM98	IMP2 – Deferred Contributions	The Council will take a flexible approach where it is justified to do so for reasons of development viability in line with Pol         Amend title before paragraph 5.459:

Il need to be assessed at the time against llocation policies.

red to be delivered at the right time to meet the ive solutions will need to be considered. The he infrastructure is and the phasing and timing

act as a pool for developer contributions ouncil proposes to introduce a Community account of the general policy requirements need to be reviewed on a regular basis to

ecific infrastructure and services than the use vill be delivered and when. The Council will Regulations, in preference to assuming fic projects which meet additional demand hose projects. in preference to assuming

for highways related projects.

ese will need to be assessed at the time e site allocation policies.

d to support the development set out in

nent, either through Section 106 d CIL regulations. The infrastructure

elivery. This shall normally be secured

olicy IMP2.

Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

MM100	Appendix 5 – Housing Trajectory	Delete Housing Trajectory and replace with the following:
MM99	IMP3 – Planning Enforcement	DELETE Policy IMP3 (but retain supporting text)
	Enforcement	
		<ul> <li><u>Flexibility, Viability and Deferred Financial Contributions</u></li> <li><u>Amend paragraphs 5.462 as follows:</u></li> <li>5.462 However, it is recognised that in some cases a shortfall in the contributions towards infrastructure requirements and afforda requirements, as set out in this plan, may be justified on viability grounds. Where an applicant believes that this is the case, site space to can-robustly demonstrate that the required developer contributions or other policy requirements cannot be met.</li> </ul>

### dable housing provision or other policy specific viability evidence must be submitted

# evant service providers to determine the most licy HOU1) that should be delivered so that

### Applications where the Financial Viability of ary Planning Documents relevant to the issue.

# y that ensures provision comes forward

ch do not fulfil this objective should not be v or deficit in infrastructure contribution is t to go ahead.

ously tested by independent advisors, paid to do so, the applicant will agree with the

ee a deferred contributions approach, to

### pportunity exists to do so, the applicant ces.

Explanation of the modification is provided in italia	cs. Changes to text are expressed either	in the conventional form of strikethrough for d	leletions and underlining for additions of text. Policy wording
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		2030 - Housing Trajectory ONS - SEPTEMBER 2018)	Elwick Road Phase 2 Victoria Way East Town Centre Allocations	Commercial Quarter (S1) Gasworks Lane (S10) CHILMINGTON GREEN	URBAN SITE S Extant Commitments Finberry (LP 2000)	Repton Park (LP 2000) Godinton Way (TC8) Blackwall Road (U5) Abbow Way (11)	Abbey Way (U1) Conningbrook Phase 1 (U22) K College, Jemmett Road (U6b and S12) Land at Butt Field Road Sincleton (1111)	Willesborough Lees (U14 and S17) Urban Site Allocations	2) d Kincenoth	u, Milysilou	Former Newtown Works (S6) Former Klondyke (S7)*** Lower Queens Road (114 and S8)	Kennard Way - Henwood (S9) Leacon Road (U7 and S11)	Park Farm South East, Bridgefield (S14) Finberry North West (S15) Waterbrook (S16)	Conningbrook Residential Phase 2 (S19) Eureka Park (S20)	Land South of Brockmans Lane, Bridgefield (S45) Chart Road (S46) RURAL STLFS	Extant Commitments	I ENI I A - I entergen Southern Extension Friase A ROLV1- Rolvenden Football Ground, Rolvenden WYE2 - Land at Luckley Field, Wye	Tenterden, Tilden Gill - Major Windfall* Rural Site Allocations	Aldington - Land north of Church View (S51) Aldington - Land South of Goldwell Court (S52) Appledore - The Street (S26)	CS) peod (S)	Charing - Land South of Arthur Baker Playing Field - CHAR1 Charing - Land Adjacent to Poppyfields (S55)	Egerton - Land on New Road (S30) Hamstreet - Land north of St. Mary's Close (S31)	Hamstreet - Land at Parker Farm, HAWZ (S32) Hamstreet - Warehorne Road (S57) High Halden - Land at Hope House (S33)***	Mersham - Land at Old Rectory Close (S59) Mersham - Land adjacent to Village Hall (S35) Shadowhiret - I and rear of Kings Head PH (S36)	Smarden - Land adjacent to Village Hall (S37) Smeeth - Land South of Church Road (S38)	Tenterden Southern Extension Phase B - TENT1B (S24) Tenterden (St. Michaels/High Halden) - Pope House Farm (S60)		We look and the second read of t	Pluckley Neighbourhood Plan area Rolvenden Neighbourhood Plan area	Windfalls - Small sites (Under 10 dwellings) - und started** Windfalls - Small sites (Under 10 dwellings) - under construct	Windfalls - Major sites (10 dwellings or above) - not started** Windfalls - Major sites (10 dwellings or above) - under constr	In from past d TOTAL IVE TOTAL counted in m ajor
101	Appendix 6 - Monitoring indicators	Amend Ap			Monito			rs on icato			nd Su Targe		nable		el as		ows:															
			•		olicy						. ai ge					-																

#### ing is shown in bold.

Main Modifications to the Ashford Local Plan 2030 Explanation of the modification is provided in italics. Changes to text are expressed either in the conventional form of strikethrough for deletions and <u>underlining</u> for additions of text. Policy wording is shown in bold.

<u>AONBs</u>	ENV3b Landscape Character and Design in the AONBs	<u>% of major</u> <u>planning</u> <u>applications in</u> <u>the AONBs</u> <u>approved</u> <u>contrary to</u> <u>Policy ENV3b</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>ABC, AONB</u> <u>Units</u>	
Sustainable Travel	TRA4 – Promoting the Local Bus Network TRA5 – Planning for Pedestrians TRA6 – Provision for cycling SP1 (e) – Strategic Objectives	Enhancements to <del>bus networks</del> <u>sustainable</u> <u>transport</u> <u>methods</u> provided from new development Enhancements to cycle and pedestrian routes and cycle parking provision <u>from</u> <u>new</u> <u>development</u>	No Target Improvement of existing non-car routes. Gains of pedestrian and cycle paths <u>No loss of</u> <u>PRoW</u> provision	HIA – ABC <u>S106</u> monitoring KCC Highways <u>&amp;</u> <u>Transportation</u> <u>PROW and</u> <u>Access Service</u>	